

Ch-5

pump

DSW

$$P = \frac{HQ}{3960}$$

$$P = \frac{QP}{1715}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{P}{E}$$

H = total lift

Q = volm. of water

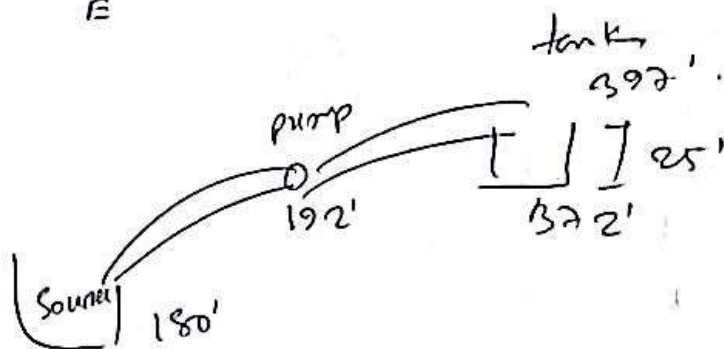
to be pumped  
gpm

E = efficiency of pump.

Problem-1

(p-207)

Q = 6750 gpm.



elevation of water surface in tank =  $372 + 25 = 397'$

Discharge lift =  $397 - 192 = 205'$

Suction lift =  $192 - 180 = 12'$

Total head H =  $205 + 12 + 1.5 * 1.5 = 220 \text{ ft.}$   
↳ minor head.

$$P = \frac{HQ}{3960} = \frac{220 \times 6750}{3960} = 375 \text{ (WHP)}$$

↳ water Horse Power.

$$P_1 = \frac{P}{E} = \frac{375}{0.67} = 560 \text{ (BHP)}$$

↳ Break horse power.

Problem-2

$$Q = 450\,000 \text{ gph.}$$

$$= \frac{450\,000}{60} = 7500 \text{ gpm.}$$

$$Q = \frac{7500}{6.24} = \frac{1202}{60} = 20 \text{ cfs.}$$

(UK Conversion)

$$\text{Static head} = 60'$$

$$\text{Total length} = 800'$$

$$V = 12 \text{ fps.}$$

$$f = 0.0075$$

$$E = 70\%$$

$$Q = AV = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 V$$

$$\Rightarrow 20 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times D^2 \times 12 \Rightarrow D = 1.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total head loss } H &= 60 + \frac{V^2}{2g} + 4f \cdot \frac{L}{D} \cdot \frac{V^2}{2g} \\ &= 60 + \frac{12^2}{2 \times 32} + 0.0075 \times 4 \times \frac{12^2}{2 \times 32} \\ &= 98.25 \text{ ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$P = \frac{HQ}{3960} = \frac{98.25 \times 7500}{3960} = 186 \text{ (WHP)}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{P}{E} = \frac{186}{0.7} = 266 \text{ (BHP)}$$

Problem-3

$$Q = 425 \text{ mgd} = \frac{425 \times 10^6}{6.24 \times 24 \times 60 \times 60}$$

UK                      day                      min                      Sec.

$$= 788 \text{ cfs}$$

$$h_f = 300 \text{ ft.}$$

$$= 4 \times 0.0075 \times \frac{30 \times 1.61 \times 10^3 \times 3.28}{D} \times \frac{v}{2g}$$

wh.  $Q = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 v$

$$\Rightarrow 788 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times D^2 \times v \Rightarrow v = \frac{1.007 \times 10^6}{D^2}$$

$v \rightarrow \text{①}$

$$300 = 4 \times 0.0075 \times \frac{30 \times 1.61 \times 10^3 \times 3.28}{D^5} \times \frac{1.007 \times 10^6}{D^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow D = 12'$$

Problem-4

$$Q = 5 \text{ mgd} = \frac{5 \times 10^6}{24 \times 60} = 3472 \text{ gpm.}$$
$$= \frac{3472}{6.24 \times 60} = 9.274 \text{ cfs}$$

Static head = 60'

$$L = 120 + 400 = 520'$$

pumping hours = 16 hr/day.

$$\therefore Q = \frac{5 \times 10^6}{16 \times 60} = 5208 \text{ gpm} = 13.9 \text{ cfs.}$$

$$Q = AV = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 V$$

$$\rightarrow 13.9 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times D^2 \times 6$$

$$\rightarrow D = 1.72' \approx 1.75'$$

for  $\phi$   $D = 1.75'$

$$13.9 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 1.75^2 \times V$$

$$\rightarrow V = 5.78 \text{ fps.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{total head} &= 60 + \frac{5.78^2}{2 \times 32.2} + 4 \times 0.0075 \times \frac{520}{1.75} \times \frac{5.78^2}{2 \times 32.2} \\ &= 65.14 \text{ ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$P = \frac{QH}{3960} = \frac{65.14 \times 5208}{3960} = 86 \text{ (WHP)}$$

$$P_i = \frac{P}{E} = \frac{86}{0.75} = 115 \text{ (BHP)}$$

problem-5  $Q = 40 \text{ gpm} = \frac{40 \times 85000}{10 \times 60}$

$$= 5666.67 \text{ gpm}$$

$$= \frac{5666.67}{6.24 \times 80}$$

$$= 15.14 \text{ cfs.}$$

$$Q = AV$$

$$\rightarrow 15.14 = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 \times 8 \quad \left[ \boxed{V = 8 \text{ FPS}} \right]$$

$$\rightarrow D = 1.55' \approx 1.75'$$

for 1.75'

$$15.14 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 1.75^2 \times v$$

$$\Rightarrow D = 6.29 \text{ fps}$$

$$\text{Total head loss} = \cancel{f} \cdot (193 - 102.5) +$$

$$\frac{6.29^2}{2 \times 32.2} + 4 \times 0.01 \times \frac{3500}{1.75} \times \frac{6.29^2}{2 \times 32.2}$$
$$= 140.26 \text{ ft.}$$

$$P = \frac{140.26 \times 5666.67}{3960} = 201 \text{ WHP.}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{201}{0.65} = 309 \text{ BHP}$$

Ans

$$\underline{14-15} \rightarrow 2 \text{ (c)}$$

$$13-14 \rightarrow$$

$$12-13 \rightarrow 1 \text{ (d)}$$

$$3 \text{ (b)}$$

$$11-12 \rightarrow 2 \text{ (b)}$$

$$10-11 \rightarrow$$

$$9-10 \rightarrow 6 \text{ (c)}$$

$$8-9 \rightarrow 2 \text{ (c)}$$

$$7-8 \rightarrow 2 \text{ (b)}$$

7-10

60

$$Q = \frac{45 \times 90000 \times 3.78 \times 10^{-3}}{12 \times 60 \times 60} = 0.355 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}.$$

$$Q = 0.355 = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 \cdot V = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 \times 2.5$$

$$\Rightarrow D = 0.425 \text{ m} \approx 0.5 \text{ m}$$

for  $D = 0.5 \text{ m}$ .

$$Q = 0.355 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.5^2 \times V$$

$$\Rightarrow V = 1.8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$H = (58.5 + 30) + 4 \times 0.011 \times \frac{1100}{0.5} \times \frac{1.8^2}{2 \times 9.81}$$

$$= 44.5 \text{ m}.$$

$$P = \frac{QWH}{75} = \frac{0.355 \times 1000 \times 44.5}{75}$$

$$= 211 \text{ ~~WH~~ WH P.}$$

$$P' = \frac{211}{0.9 \times 0.75} = 313 \text{ HP.}$$

2008-9

$$Q = 40\,00\,000 \text{ lpd.}$$

$$= \frac{40\,00\,000 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3}{6 \times 3600 \times 2} = 0.0925 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\text{Suction head} = 25 - 30 = -5 \text{ m.}$$

$$\text{Delivery head} = 70 - 25 = 45 \text{ m.}$$

$$\text{Total elevation head} = -5 + 45 = 40 \text{ m}$$

$$\# \quad Q = AV$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.0925 = \frac{\pi}{4} D^2 \times 1.8$$

$$\Rightarrow D = 0.81 \text{ m.}$$

$$H = 40 + \frac{4 \times 0.009 \times \frac{1200}{0.81} \times \frac{1.8^2}{2 \times 9.81}}{\left[ 48 \cdot \frac{L}{D} \cdot \frac{V^2}{2g} \right]} = 48.97 \text{ m.}$$

$$P = \frac{QWH}{75} = \frac{0.0925 \times 1000 \times 48.97}{75} = 604 \text{ WHP.}$$

$$P' = \frac{604}{0.68} = 888 \text{ BHP.}$$

14-15

70

Air example - 4

13-14

12-13

40

30?

11-12

20

$$Q = \frac{.100 \times 40000 \cdot \times 10^3 \times 1.5}{16 \times 60 \times 60}$$

$$= 0.1042 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ km}$$

level difference = 20 m.

$$E = 70\%$$

$$f = 0.01$$

$$v = 0.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q = AV$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.1042 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times D^2 \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow D = 0.257 \text{ m} \approx 0.3 \text{ m}$$

for 0.3 m pipe

$$0.1042 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.3^2 \times v$$

$$\Rightarrow v = 1.47 \text{ m/s}$$

$$H = 20 + 4f \cdot \frac{L}{D} \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

$$= 20 + 4 \times 0.01 \times \frac{1000}{0.3} \times \frac{1.47^2}{2 \times 9.8}$$

$$\approx 34.7 \text{ m.}$$

$$P = \frac{QWH}{\eta} = \frac{0.1042 \times 1000 \times 34.7}{\eta}$$

$$\approx 48.2 \text{ WHP.}$$

$$P' = \frac{P}{\epsilon} = \frac{48.2}{0.7} \approx 68.87 \text{ BHP}$$

⊙  
eto kom ken.  
vto  
vto  
might be did  
some mistake

## Economical tank design!

→ see example

$$P_{air} - P_{air} 400$$

$$\underline{\underline{13-14}} \quad 8 \text{ (c)}$$

$$11-12 \quad 8 \text{ (d)}$$

$$9-10 \quad 1 \text{ (d)}$$

$$8-9 \quad 3 \text{ (d)}$$

$$\underline{\underline{7-10}} \quad 1 \text{ (d)}$$

$$V = (\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h) \cdot t$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$C = \pi r^2 \times 300 + 2\pi r h \times 400$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 300\pi r^2 + 800\pi r \cdot \frac{V}{\pi r^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = 300\pi r^2 + 800 \frac{V}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dC}{dr} = 600\pi r - \frac{800V}{r^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r^3 = \frac{800V}{600\pi}$$

$$V = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ gallons} = 7.57 \times 10^5 \text{ liters}$$

$1 \text{ gal} = 3.78 \text{ lit}$
$1 \text{ L} = 0.04 \text{ gal}$

$$= 7.57 \times 10^5 \times 10^{-3} \times 3.28^3$$

$$= 26.7 \times 10^3 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$V = \frac{2 \times 10^5}{7.48} \text{ ft}^3 = 26.7 \times 10^3 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\therefore r^3 = \frac{800 \times 26.7 \times 10^3}{600\pi}$$

$$= 22.5'$$

$$V = 26.7 \times 10^3 = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 16.8'$$

8-9

3①

$$V = 40 \text{ gal} = \frac{40 \times 2.09 \times 10^5}{24} \times L$$

from 3① math.

$$= 7.09 \times 10^6 \text{ gallon.}$$

$$= \frac{2.09 \times 10^6}{7.48} = 2.79 \times 10^5 \text{ ft}^3.$$

rest same.

$$r = 48.1'$$

$$h = 38.4'$$

Always off  
So, no problem.  
area not me  
😊