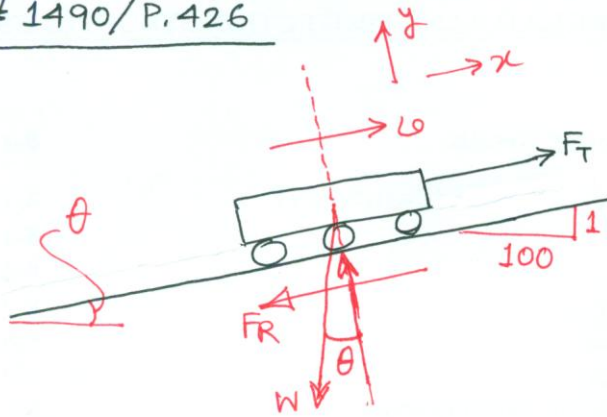


1490/P.426



$$F_T = 50,000 \text{ lb}$$

$$W = 2000 \text{ Ton} = 2000 \times 2000 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_R = 15 \text{ lb/Ton} \\ = 15 \times 2000 \text{ lb}$$

$$v_0 = 60 \text{ mph} = \frac{60 \times 1760 \times 3}{60 \times 60} \text{ fps} \\ = 88 \text{ fps}$$

(a) for $s = 2$ mile, $v_{\text{top}} = ?$

max^m hp of drawbar = ?

hp of drawbar at top = ?

(b) for $s = 4$ mile, $v_{\text{top}} = ?$

Solⁿ
(a) Considering $\Sigma F_x = ma_x$

$$\Rightarrow F_T - F_R - W \sin \theta = \frac{W}{g} \cdot a$$

$$\Rightarrow 50000 - 15 \times 2000 - 2000 \times 2000 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{100^2 + 1^2}}$$

$$= \frac{2000 \times 2000}{32.2} \times a$$

$$\therefore a = -0.161 \text{ fps}^2, \text{ -ve sign indicates retardation}$$

$$v_{\text{top}}^2 = v_0^2 + 2as = 88^2 + 2 \times (-0.161) \times (2 \times 1760 \times 3)$$

$$\therefore v_{\text{top}} = 65.9 \text{ fps} = \frac{65.90 \times 60 \times 60}{1760 \times 3} \text{ mph} = \boxed{44.93 \text{ mph}}$$

Max^m power is delivered when the velocity is maximum.

$$\therefore \text{Max}^m \text{ hp} = \frac{F_T \cdot v_0}{550} = \frac{50000 \times 88}{550} = \boxed{8000} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{P.411/Eq}^n \text{ for hp} \\ 1 \text{ hp} = 550 \frac{\text{ft} \cdot \text{lb}}{\text{sec}} \end{array} \right]$$

hp. when the train is at the top

$$= \frac{F_T \cdot v_{\text{top}}}{550} = \frac{50000 \times 65.9}{550} = \boxed{5991}$$

(b) for $s = 4$ mile

$$v_{\text{top}}^2 = v_0^2 + 2as = 88^2 + 2 \times (-0.161) \times (4 \times 1760 \times 3)$$

$$\therefore v_{\text{top}} = 30.71 \text{ fps} = \frac{30.71 \times 60 \times 60}{1760 \times 3} \text{ mph} = \boxed{20.94 \text{ mph}}$$