

ENGINEERING MATERIALS SESSIONAL

Dr. Md. Shafiqul ISLAM

Professor, CE, RUET



Experiment No.

11

ASTM

C 190

TITLE

Determination of Compressive Strength of hydraulic cement mortars

INTRODUCTION

This test covers determination of Compressive Strength of hydraulic cement mortars using 2" [50 mm] cube specimens

SIGNIFICANCE

- ❖ Means of determining the Compressive Strength of hydraulic cement and other mortars
- ❖ This method is referenced by other methods and specifications

APPARATUS

- ❖ Weights and weighing device
- ❖ Glass graduates
- ❖ Specimen mold [2" cube; shall have not more than 3 cube compartments]
- ❖ Mixer, bowl and paddle
- ❖ Flow table, flow mold • • • •

APPARATUS

- ❖ Tamper
- ❖ Trowel
- ❖ Moist Cabinet
- ❖ Testing machine



Testing Machine



Mortar Mixer



Cube Mould



PROCEDURE

1. Preparation of Specimen mould

- a) Apply oils and greases using cloths or other means
- b) Wipe the mould faces and base plate to remove any excess release agent and to achieve an even coating on the interior surfaces
- c) Seal the surfaces where the halves of the mould join by applying a coating
- d) After placing the mould on its base plate carefully remove with a dry cloth any excess oil or grease from the surface and base plate to which a sealant is used



PROCEDURE

2. Composition of mortar

- a) The standard proportion shall be 1 part of cement to 2.75 parts of sand by weight
- b) Use w/c ratio as 0.485

PROCEDURE

3. Preparation of mortar

- a) Mechanically mix in accordance with practice C 305



PROCEDURE

4. Molding the Specimen

- a) Place a layer of mortar of 1" in all cubes. Tamp the mortar in cube 32 times
- b) Tamping pressure is to ensure the uniform filling of the mould
- c) Fill the next layer and tamp as before
- d) After tamping, the tops of all cubes should extend slightly above
- e) Cut and smooth the top surface by trowel
- f) Keep all the cubes in moist closet or moist room for 20 to 72 hours



PROCEDURE

5. Loading

- a) Remove from the moulds
- b) Keep these for curing
- c) Wipe the surfaces
- d) Place the sample in the testing machine below the centre of the upper bearing block
- e) Take load reading at failure



CALCULATION

Weight of cement = 500 gm

w/c ratio = 0.485

Weight of water = ?????

Cement : Sand = 1 : 2.75

Weight of Sand = ?????

Standard Sand		
Sieve No.	Percent Retained	Weight (gm)
30	2	????
40	26	????
50	45	????
100	27	????

Table 11.1: Stress Calculation

Curing [days]	Sample No.	Load [N]	Area [mm ²]	Stress [MPa]	Average Stress [MPa]
3	1	????	????	????	Stress = 0.9*Ave. to 1.1*Ave. Then Average or Not Averaged
3	2	????	????	????	
3	3	????	????	????	
7	1	????	????	????	Stress = 0.9*Ave. to 1.1*Ave. Then Average or Not Averaged
7	2	????	????	????	
7	3	????	????	????	



RESULT

Compressive strength of cement mortar at 3 days = ???? Mpa
Compressive strength of cement mortar at 7 days = ???? Mpa

DISCUSSION

- ❖ Before loading, check the surfaces for curvature, if it has, grind the face
- ❖ Start molding the specimens within a total of not more than 2 min. 30 sec. after completion of original mixing of mortar batch

