

# ৪৭তম BCS প্রিলি

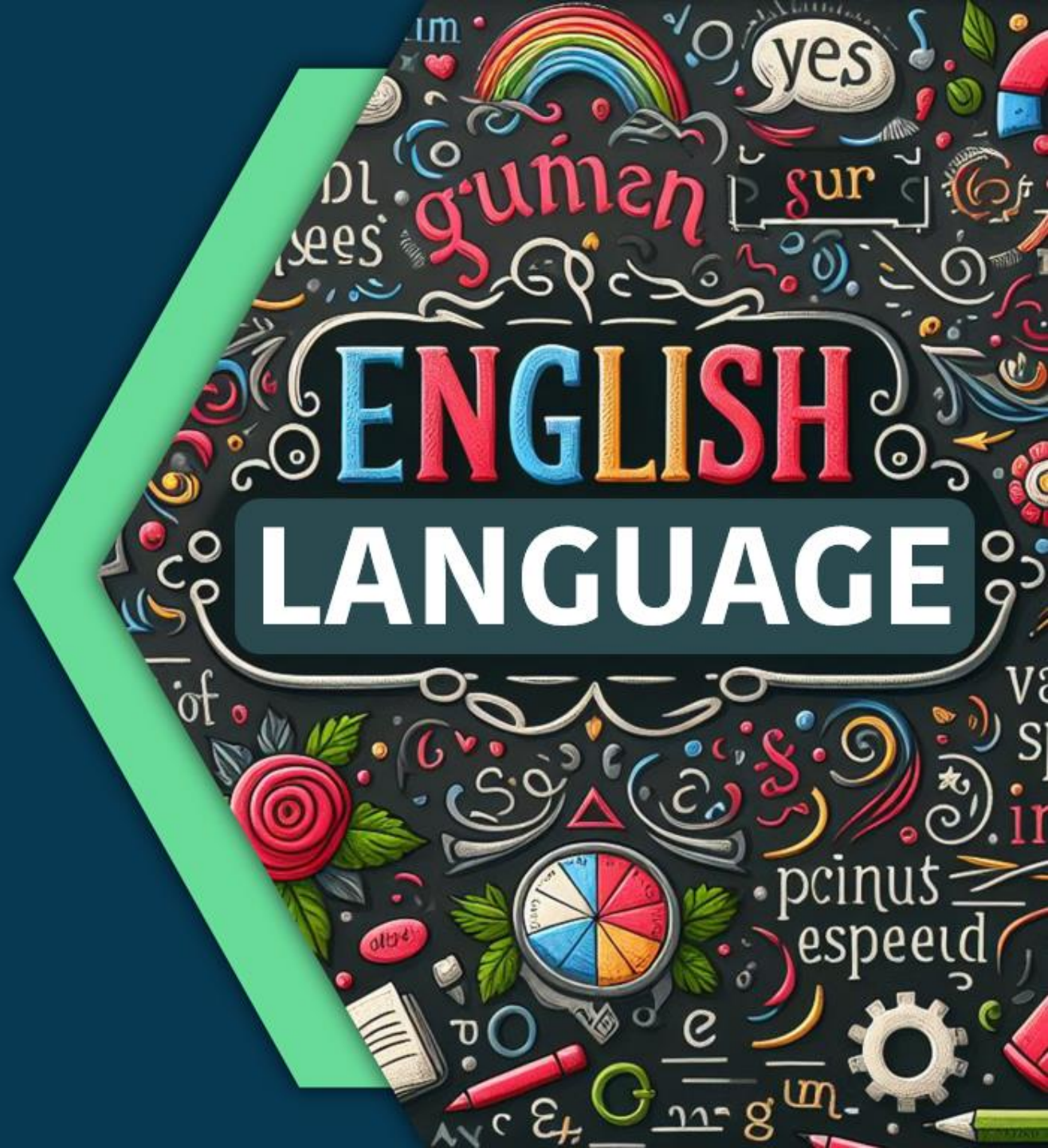
## Progressive Batch

### English Language

Lecture: 06

Topic:

- ✓ Subject-Verb Agreement
- ✓ Right forms of verbs
- ✓ Tense
- ✓ Attachment: App. Preposition (G-M)



# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** Singular subject এর সাথে Singular Verb এবং Plural subject এর সাথে Plural Verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।  
কোনো noun দেখতে plural হলেও তা যদি একটি নাম হয় তবে verb টি singular হবে।

The Amazon is the biggest forest.  
The Sunderbans is a mangrove forest -  
sin

**Rule:** And দ্বারা যুক্ত দুই বা দুইয়ের অধিক Noun বা Pronoun এর পরে Plural verb বসে।

Sima & Rima are two sisters.  
Cars & bikes are my favorite way of investment.

7.29/10/2020 what is sub-verb agreement?  
 subject & verb no to do / understanding  
 deed  
sin plural sen plural  
love ing / plural

④ love the USA.  
 1P SN S.V

He loves the USA.  
 3P SN S.V

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** And দ্বারা যুক্ত দুই বা দুইয়ের অধিক Singular noun যদি একই ব্যক্তি বা বস্তুকে নির্দেশ করে সে ক্ষেত্রে Verb এর Singular number হয়।

1) the principal and founder of the college is sick.

2) The principal and the founders of the college are sick.

**Rule:** And দ্বারা যুক্ত দুই বা দুইয়ের অধিক Subject যদি পৃথক পৃথক ব্যক্তি বা বস্তুকে বোঝায়, সেক্ষেত্রে Verb-এর Plural number হয় এবং প্রত্যেকটি Subject-এর পূর্বে the বসে।

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** কিছু Singular noun সব সময়ই and দ্বারা যুক্ত হয়ে জোড়ায় জোড়ায় ব্যবহৃত হয়। এ রকম Noun-কে Parcel subject বলে। এরূপ Parcel subject এর সাথে Singular verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।

pen and papers is a must for attending my class -  
parcel subject

slow and steady wins the race -  
bread and butter, time & time -

**Rule:** And দ্বারা যুক্ত একাধিক Singular subject- এর পূর্বে যদি determiner হিসাবে each, every বা no ব্যবহৃত হয়, সেক্ষেত্রে তাদের পরবর্তী verb এর singular number হয়।

Every protagonist and every antagonist  
is a creation of situation.

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

✓ **Rule:** With, together with, along with, accompany by, in addition to, as well as, rather than, no less than, more than, like, unlike, but, except, besides, including, excluding ইত্যাদি দ্বারা দুই বা ততোধিক Subject যুক্ত হলে প্রথম Subject-এর Person ও Number অনুসারে Verb-এর Number নির্ধারিত হয়।

Active Sub  
subject am ~~active~~  
I along with my friends am ~~passive~~

visiting the zoo.

He as well as I is guilty

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** Both, many, some, few ইত্যাদি Indefinite Pronoun গুলোর সঙ্গে Plural Verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।

Many of us are pacifist and simply avoid  
Few of them are biliblophite - extremist.

**Rule:** Any, anybody, one, anyone, no-one, none, nothing, nobody, somebody, someone, something, everybody, everyone, everything ইত্যাদি Indefinite pronoun-গুলো Subject হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হলে তাদের পরবর্তী Verb সব সময় Singular হবে।

Nobody Adopted a double standard.

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** Either ..... or/Neither ..... nor, Not only ..... but also, or দ্বারা যুক্ত দুটি Subject-এর ক্ষেত্রে দ্বিতীয় Subject-এর number ও person অনুসারে Verb নির্ধারিত হয়।

*Either my parents or I am going to the wedding ceremony.  
Not only muslim but also christian believes in monotheism.*

**Rule:** One of, each of, either of, neither of, quality of, every one of -এর পরে সাধারণত Plural noun বা Pronoun এর সাথে singular verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।

*One of the best directors of our time is christopher Nolan.*

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

The Army — singular  
The police — plural

N. V.S

**Rule:** Many-র পরে 'a' বা 'an' ব্যবহৃত হলে Noun এবং Verb হবে Singular আর many-র পূর্বে 'a' ব্যবহৃত হলে Noun ও Verb হবে Plural.

Many a student

wastes

higher time in pronunciation

A great many books were lost yesterday.

**Rule:** 'A number of' এর পরে Plural noun এবং Plural verb ব্যবহৃত হয়। পক্ষান্তরে, the number of -এর পরে Plural noun এবং Singular verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।

A numbers of students are absent.  
plu

The numbers of students is absent.  
sin

definite

সংস্কৃত ৩০০ category

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** ওজন, দূরত্ব, পরিমাণ বা পরিমাপের সাথে সম্পৃক্ত, এমন word সমূহ Sentence এর Subject হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হলে, সে ক্ষেত্রে Subject, Plural number হওয়া সত্ত্বেও Verb এর Singular number হবে। কারণ এধরনের Subject দ্বারা একটি নিশ্চিত মাত্রা বা পরিমাণ প্রকাশ পায়, সংখ্যা নয়।

*Fifty kilometers is not passable by me*

*partial*

*numerator*

**Rule:** একাংশ যেমন:  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{5}$  এর ক্ষেত্রে Noun এবং Verb উভয়ের Singular number হয়। কিন্তু একাংশ ব্যতীত

*Denominator*

অপর সকল ভগ্নাংশ  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5}$  এর ক্ষেত্রে Noun এবং Verb উভয়েরই Plural number হয়।

*One third of his answers is correct*

*Two thirds of his answers are incorrect*

*Two thirds of his answer is correct*

## 3 Ft Rules

1. numerator for? with 1 25 60 noun singular  
plural 25 200 verb singular.

2. with numerator 1 100 100 25  
60 noun & cision 100 0  
verb for 200,

with noun sin 25 60  
verb singular. with  
plural 25 60 verb plural

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** Aristocracy, cattle, nobility, poultry, people, peasantry, folk, gentry ইত্যাদি Noun গুলো দেখতে Singular, কিন্তু মূলত এরা Plural এবং এদের পরে Plural verb বসে।

*The cattle are grazing in the field.*

**Rule:** Mathematics, physics, news, gallows, politics ইত্যাদি Noun গুলো দেখতে Plural হলেও এরা মূলত Singular এবং এদের পরে Singular verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।

*physics was my advantage in HSC exam.*

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** কোন Noun - এর পূর্বে যদি নির্দিষ্ট সংখ্যাচক Adjectives যেমন- dozen, pair, hundred, thousand ইত্যাদি থাকে তাহলে, তাদের পরবর্তী Verb - এর Singular number হয়।

A thousand of taka is a big

A pair of jeans is bought by him

Two pairs of jeans are

**Rule:** Subject এর পরে Apposition ব্যবহৃত হলে সেক্ষেত্রে Apposition নয়, Subject অনুযায়ী Verb ব্যবহৃত হয়।

I, Khalid, am a student of philosophy.

was yesterday  
two hours ago.

Bangabandhu, a leader of Bangladesh,  
was revered by Fidel Castro.

# SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

**Rule:** Infinitive, gerund, phrase বা clause যদি কোন Sentence এর Subject হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হয়, সেক্ষেত্রে তাদের পরে ব্যবহৃত Verb টি সাধারণত Singular number হয়।

*Educating all people is an  
expensive task.  
to believe his story is my  
biggest mistake*

# POLL QUESTION-01

➔ Educating all people \_\_\_ a mammoth task.

(a) are

(b) be

(c) have

(d) is



# BCS PREVIOUS YEARS' QUESTIONS

➤ Choose the correct sentence:

[37<sup>th</sup> BCS]

(a) All of it depend on you

(b) All of it are depending on you

(c) All of it depends on you

(d) All of it are depended on you

➤ Slow and steady \_\_\_ the race. (Fill in the gap)

[36<sup>th</sup> BCS]

(a) win

(b) wins

(c) has won

(d) won

➤ 'Subject-Verb Agreement' refers to-

[36<sup>th</sup> BCS]

(a) person only

(b) number, person and gender

(c) number and person

(d) number only

# RIGHT FORMS OF VERBS

8 min  
7:40 AM

**Rule:** কোন সময়ের উল্লেখ থাকে না এমন Sentence-এ যদি always, everyday, often, sometimes, occasionally, regularly, generally, daily, usually, normally, Frequently, every morning/day/week/month/year ইত্যাদি শব্দগুলো থাকে, তবে Sentence-টি Present indefinite Tense হয়। Present indefinite tense এ subject টি third person singular number এ থাকলে verb এর সাথে s বা es যুক্ত হয়।

I always want to  
become a police officer.

**Rule:** Now, right now (এই মুহূর্তে), at present, at this time/moment, today, this season, this year, still, day by day, gradually, rapidly, year after year ইত্যাদি উল্লেখ থাকলে এবং বর্তমানে কোনো কাজ চলছে বুঝালে Verb টির present continuous tense হয়।

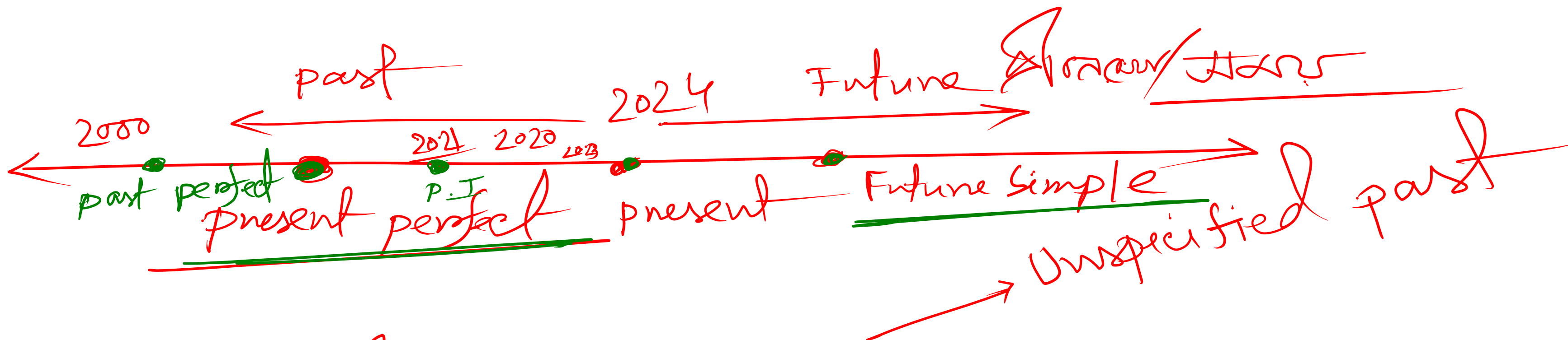
He is visiting his parents right now.

# RIGHT FORMS OF VERBS

**Rule:** কোন Sentence -যদি recently (সম্প্রতি), just, ever, lately, just now (এইমাত্র), already (ইতোমধ্যে), never (কখনো নয়), yet (এখনও) ইত্যাদি থাকে, তবে সেটি Present Perfect Tense হবে। এক্ষেত্রে Subject অনুযায়ী have বা has বসবে এবং Verb-এর Past participle Form হবে।

*I have not shown my color yet.*

**Rule:** অতীত নির্দেশক শব্দ বা Phrase যেমন: (yesterday, ago, long since, last night, last year, last day, in the past, once) থাকলে Verb এর past form হয়।



I have done my MBA.

I did my MBA in 2021 - <sup>past</sup> Ind

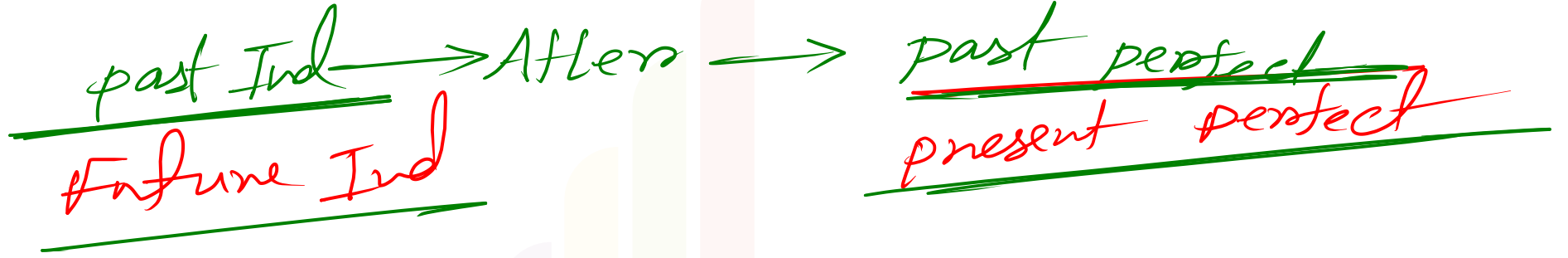
I had done my MBA) before

I joined Bangladesh Civil Service

past Indefinite

# RIGHT FORMS OF VERBS

**Rule:** <sup>past perfect Ind</sup> Before-এর পূর্বে Past Perfect Tense এবং <sup>past Ind</sup> পরে Past Indefinite Tense এবং <sup>past perfect Ind</sup> After-এর পরে past Perfect Tense এবং <sup>past Ind</sup> পূর্বে past Indefinite Tense হয়। এক্ষেত্রে মনে রাখতে হবে যে, before অর্থ 'পূর্ব' অতএব, before-এর পূর্বে Past Perfect Tense হবে। After-অর্থ 'পরে' অতএব, After-এর পরে Past Perfect Tense হবে।



**Rule:** When বা After যুক্ত দুটি Clause যুক্ত হলে, When বা After যুক্ত Clause টি Present perfect tense হলে অপর Clause টি Future simple tense হবে।

I shall go to school  
when I have learnt my  
lesson.

# RIGHT FORMS OF VERBS

**Rule:** That দ্বারা দুইটি Clause যুক্ত হলে that-এর পূর্ববর্তী Clause টি Past simple tense হলে, পরবর্তী Clause টি Past perfect tense হবে।

They said that they had  
visited my village the previous day.

**Rule:** While -এর পরে Subject থাকলে Verb-টির Past Continuous tense হয়। অর্থাৎ Subject এর পরে was/were এবং Verb এর সাথে ing যোগ হয়। এখানে উল্লেখ্য যে, অপর Clause এর Verb-টির Past indefinite tense হবে।

while eating, the person arrived.  
while I was eating, the phone was ringing.

# RIGHT FORMS OF VERBS

**Rule:** No sooner had ..... than, scarcely had ..... when, hardly had ..... when/ before ইত্যাদি দ্বারা দুটি Clause যুক্ত হলে, প্রথম Clause টির Verb- Past perfect tense এবং দ্বিতীয় Clause টির Verb- Past simple tense হয়।

No sooner had we left the station  
than the train started.

**Rule:** It is time, It is high time, It is right time, It is proper time, It is about time ইত্যাদির পরে যদি Subject থাকে তাহলে Verb-এর Past form হয়। কিন্তু Subject না থাকলে to + V<sub>1</sub> হবে।

It is high time we became serious about  
It is right time to visit Meghalaya <sup>career</sup>.

# RIGHT FORMS OF VERBS

**Rule:** Had better, had rather, would better, would rather ইত্যাদির পর Verb-টির Base form হয়।

*you had better consult a doctor.*

**Rule:** ভবিষ্যৎ বুঝাতে Until (till) এর পরে সাধারণত present indefinite tense হয়। উল্লেখ্য, until এর পরে negative clause বসে না।

*Let's wait until the rain stops.*

## POLL QUESTION-02

➔ It is time <sup>for</sup> for \_\_\_\_\_ his bad habits.

(a) changes

(b) changed

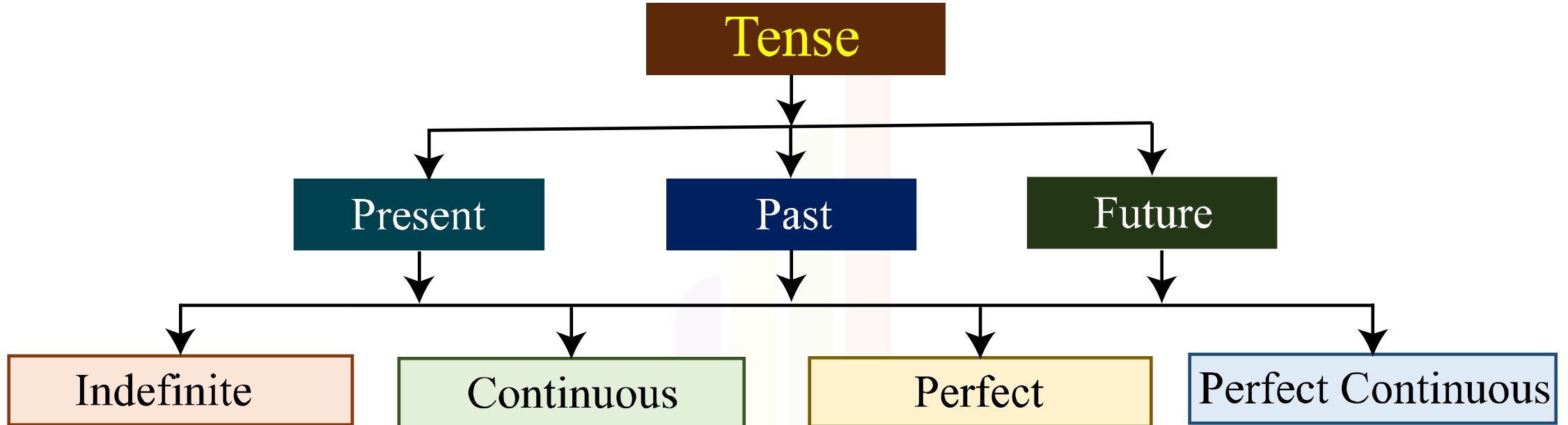
(c) changing

(d) change



# TENSE

- ❖ ক্রিয়া সম্পন্ন হওয়ার সময় বা কালকে Tense বলে



# TENSE

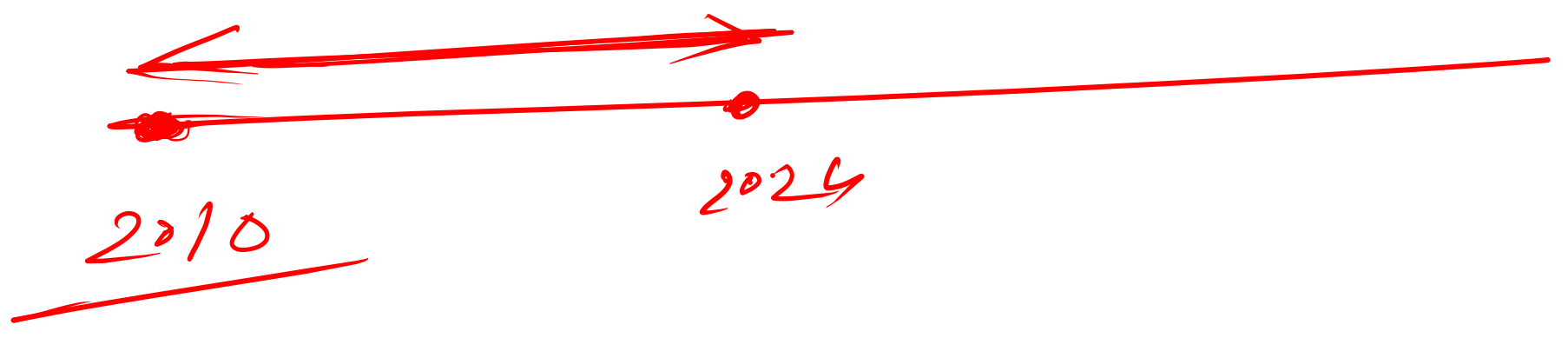
Present Tense		
Name of Tense	Indicators	Examples
<u>Simple</u> Indefinite	Sentence-গুলোতে সাধারণত <u>always, naturally, sometimes, every time, frequently, regularly, often, generally, daily, every day, every week, occasionally, usually, whenever, normally</u> ইত্যাদি থাকে।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ We often fall a victim of circumstances.</li><li>✓ The virtuous are always happy.</li></ul>
Continuous	Sentence গুলোতে ( <u>today, now, right now, this morning, at present, this (month/year/ week), at this moment, at this very moment</u> ) উল্লেখ থাকে।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Do not make a noise while your father is sleeping.</li><li>✓ The baby is crying because it is hungry now.</li></ul>

# TENSE

Name of Tense	Indicators	Examples
Perfect	Sentence-গুলোতে সাধারণত <u>Just, just now</u> , already, recently, yet, till now, never, ever, up to (now/present), lately, so far থাকে।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Just now he has had his dinner.</li><li>✓ He has already gone out.</li></ul>
Perfect Continuous	কোনো কাজ পূর্ব হতে আরম্ভ হয়ে বর্তমান সময় পর্যন্ত চলে আসছে বুঝালে, Sentence এর মধ্যে নির্দিষ্ট সময়, যাবৎ(ধরে), হতে, থেকে অর্থে <u>for</u> বা <u>since</u> থাকলে Present Perfect Continuous Tense হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ He has been ill since Friday last.</li><li>✓ Julia has been ill for three months.</li></ul>

I have been living in Dhaka for 14 yrs.

I n n n n n n since 2010



# TENSE

Past Tense		
Name of Tense	Indicators	Examples
Indefinite	সাধারণত অতীতকালে সংঘটিত কোনো কাজ বা ঘটনা প্রকাশ করতে Past Indefinite Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়। অতীত নির্দেশক শব্দ বা Phrase(যেমন- <u>yesterday</u> , <u>once</u> , <u>the day before yesterday</u> , <u>long since</u> , <u>last night</u> , <u>long ago</u> , <u>last (week/ month/ summer/year)</u> ইত্যাদি থাকলে Past Indefinite Tense হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ She came home yesterday.</li><li>✓ They swam across the river last year.</li></ul>
Continuous	অতীতকালে কিছু সময় ধরে যে কাজ চলছিল তা বোঝায়। <u>That day</u> , <u>at that moment</u> , <u>then</u> , <u>at that time</u> ইত্যাদি থাকলে Past Continuous Tense হয়। <u>While/when/as</u> দিয়ে গঠিত দুটি অতীতকালের ঘটনায় <u>while/when/as</u> যুক্ত অংশটি Past Continuous Tense হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ As the sun was shining, I decided to go out.</li><li>✓ The light went out while I was reading.</li></ul>

# TENSE

Name of Tense	Indicators	Examples
Perfect	অতীত কালে দুটি কাজের যে কাজটি পূর্বে হয় তা Past Perfect Tense, অপেক্ষাকৃত পরের কাজটি Past Indefinite Tense হয়। অর্থাৎ After এর পরে Past Perfect এবং Before এর পূর্বে Past Perfect বসে।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ He had written the book before he retired.</li><li>✓ She told me his name after he had left.</li></ul>
Perfect Continuous	অতীত কালে দুটি কাজের মধ্যে একটি কাজ শেষ হবার পূর্বে অপর কাজটি <u>কিছুকাল যাবৎ নির্দিষ্ট সময় ধরে চলছিল</u> বুঝালে <u>Past Perfect Continuous Tense</u> হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ He had <u>been writing</u> a <u>book</u> for the last five years.</li><li>✓ Had you <u>been watching</u> TV for two hours at that time?</li></ul>

# TENSE

He had been living in Dhaka since 2010.  
Future Tense

Name of Tense	Indicators	Examples
Indefinite	কোনো verb এর কাজ ভবিষ্যৎকালে সংঘটিত হবে এরূপ বোঝালে <u>Future Indefinite Tense</u> হয়। <u>Next, tomorrow, next(week/year), coming</u> থাকলে Future Indefinite Tense হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ I will do it tomorrow.</li><li>✓ The pattern of exam will change next year.</li></ul>
Continuous	কোনো কাজ ভবিষ্যতে চলতে থাকবে এইরূপ বুঝালে <u>Future Continuous Tense</u> হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ I <u>shall be reading</u> a book.</li><li>✓ The birds will be singing in the evening.</li></ul>

# TENSE

*By 2027. I will have joined BCS.*

Name of Tense	Indicators	Examples
<u>Perfect</u>	ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কার্য সম্পন্ন হয়ে থাকবে এরূপ অনুমান বুঝালে Future Perfect Tense হয়। By that time, by the end, by (year/month/time), next(year/month/time), by then থাকলে Future Perfect Tense হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ By 2010, I will have worked for this farm for 15 years.</li><li>✓ By the time she arrives, we will have finished our homework.</li></ul>
<u>Perfect Continuous</u>	ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কাজ হবার পূর্বে আর একটি কাজ হয়ে থাকবে এরূপ বুঝালে Future Perfect Continuous হয়।	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ I shall have been working for some time before <u>you come</u>.</li><li>✓ Will you have been reading books before the exam starts?</li></ul>

## POLL QUESTION-03

➔ She told me his name after he \_\_\_\_\_.

*\_\_\_\_\_ part Ind*  
*\_\_\_\_\_ part perfect.*

(a) left

(b) had left

(c) has left

(d) has been leaving



# BCS PREVIOUS YEARS' QUESTIONS

- Samin is my colleague. I \_\_\_ him for ten years. *present continuous passive* [46<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
(a) know (b) knew ✓ (c) have known (d) have been known
- Identify the correct sentence: [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
(a) She speaks English like English  
(b) She speaks the English like English  
(c) She speaks ~~the~~ English like the English  
✓ (d) ~~she~~ speaks English like the English
- This could have worked if I ---- been more far-sighted. [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
(a) have ✓ (b) ~~had~~ (c) might (d) would
- Choose the right form of verb:  
The boy (to lie) on the floor yesterday. *lie - lay* [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
(a) lies (b) lied ✓ (c) ~~lay~~ (d) layed

# BCS PREVIOUS YEARS' QUESTIONS

- Put the right word in the blank.

[45<sup>th</sup> BCS]

“He reached the --- of his literary career.”

- (a) abattoir      ~~(b) acme~~      (c) admonish      (d) abdicate

- Choose the correct sentence:

[45<sup>th</sup> BCS]

- ~~(a) He discussed the matter.~~      (b) He discussed about the mater.  
(c) He discussed on the matter.      (d) None of the above.

- Identify the right tense: ‘My father \_\_\_ before I came’.

[44<sup>th</sup> BCS]

- (a) would be leaving      (b) had been leaving  
~~(c) had left~~      (d) will leave

- Choose the right form of verb:

[43<sup>rd</sup> BCS]

It is high time we (act) on the matter.

- (a) are acting      ~~(b) acted~~      (c) have acted      (d) could act

# BCS PREVIOUS YEARS' QUESTIONS

- Complete the sentence: If I were you, I \_\_\_ take the money: [42<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
(a) shall (b) will ~~(c) would~~ (d) may
- Fill in the gap with the correct form of verb: The police \_\_\_informed yesterday: [42<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
(a) is (b) are (c) was ~~(d) were~~
- Fill in the gap with the right tense:  
When water \_\_\_ it turns into ice. *Let, make, have* [38<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
(a) will freeze ~~(b) freezes~~ (c) would freeze (d) froze
- Fill in the blank with appropriate use of tense:  
I couldn't mend the computer myself, so I \_\_\_ at a shop. [37<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
~~(a) had it mended~~ (b) had it mend (c) did it mend (d) had mended
- Fill in the blank of the following sentence with the right form of the verb. If I \_\_\_ a king! [34<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
(a) am (b) was ~~(c) were~~ (d) shall be

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Glimpse of	এক পলক দেখা	The crowd were waiting to have a glimpse of the leader.
Glory in	গর্ব অনুভব করা	My parents glory in my success.
Good at	দক্ষ	Emran is good at cricket.
Grateful to, for	কৃতজ্ঞ	I am grateful to him for his kind help.
Grasp at	আঁকরে ধরা	He grasped at the shadow and lost the thing.
Greedy of or after	লোভ	A saint is not greedy of or after riches.
Grieve at or for or about or over	দুঃখ করা	My parents grieved at or for or about my unsuccess.
Grumble at, about, over	অসন্তোষ প্রকাশ করা	A coward grumbles at or about his lot.
Guard from	পাহারা দেয়া	The watch guards our house from thieves.
Guard against	সতর্ক থাকা	We must guard against our mistakes.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Guess at	অনুমান করা	Wordsworth failed to guess at the reaper's song.
Guilty of	দোষী	The servant was guilty of theft.
At home	দক্ষ	I am quite at home in Algebra
Hanker after	লালায়িত	A saint does not hanker after riches.
Hatred of or for	ঘৃণা	We should not have hatred of or for anybody.
Heed to	মন দিয়ে শোনা	The sons did not pay heed to their father's advice.
Heir of	উত্তরাধিকারী ব্যক্তি	Naeem has no heir of/to his father's property.
Hesitate at	ইতস্তত করা	A brave man does not hesitate at anything.
Hinder from	বাধা দেওয়া	My father hindered me from going to cinema.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Hindrance to	বাধা	Poverty is hindrance to my success.
Hint at	আভাস দেয়া	I hinted him at the matter.
Hope of, for	আশা	A coward has no hope of success in life.
Hopeful of	আশাবাদী	Shiraj is hopeful of his success.
Hit upon	মতবল খাটানো	We hit upon a plan.
Hostile of	বিরোধী	The pak armies were hostile to the Freedom Fighters.
Hunt after or for	হন্যে হয়ে ফেরা	Don't hunt after or for wealth.
Ignorant of	অজ্ঞ	He is ignorant of the murder.
Ill with	পীড়িত	It will go ill with me if I do not abide by my father's advice.
Immersed in	নিমজ্জিত	One should not be immersed in debts.
Impatient of (something)	অধীর	The workers are impatient of delay.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Impatient with (somebody)	কারো উপর বিরক্ত হওয়া	You mustn't be impatient with your spouse.
Impose upon	ধার্য করা	The duty was imposed upon me.
Impress with	অভিভূত করা	I was impressed with his stern sense of duty.
Incentive to	উৎসাহ দায়ক	Bonus is incentive to workers.
Include in	অন্তর্ভুক্ত করা	My name was included in the list.
Inclination to, for	প্রবণতা, ঝোঁক	She has a deep inclination to or for music.
Incumbent on	কর্তব্য	It is incumbent on us to help the poor.
Indebted to	ঋণী	I am greatly indebted to my teachers.
<b>Indifferent to</b>	উদাসীন	Students should not be indifferent to their studies.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Indispensable to	একান্ত আবশ্যিক	Sincere workers are indispensable to our country:
Influence over	প্রভাব	The old man has no influence over his sons.
Influence on /upon	প্রভাব	The advice of the teacher bore influence on/upon the students.
Influenced by	প্রভাবিত	I am influenced by my father's honesty.
Inform against	কাহারও বিরুদ্ধে অভিযোগ আনা	The villagers informed the police against the murder.
Inform of	কোন বস্তু সম্বন্ধে জানানো	I informed him of his result.
Inherent in	সহজাত	Honesty is inherent in Jerry.
Innocent of	নির্দোষ	The officer is innocent of the charge.
Inquire of/about	জিজ্ঞেস করা	The police inquired of him about the murder.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
<b>Insist on</b>	জিদ করা	He insisted on my going to cinema.
Inspire with	অনুপ্রাণিত করা	The advice of the teacher inspired us with courage.
Instinct with	অনুপ্রাণিত	Nazrul's poems are instinct with patriotic feelings.
Interest in	আগ্রহ	Monira takes interest in music.
Interfere with	অনধিকার চর্চা করা	He always interferes with me in my affairs.
Intimate with	ঘনিষ্ঠ	Jerry was intimate with Jack.
Intimate to	জানানো	Please intimate to him about the result.
<b>Introduce to</b>	পরিচয় করা	I introduced my friend to my parents.
Intrude upon	অনুপ্রবেশ করা	I don't want you to intrude upon our discussion.
Invest with	ভূষিত করা	The captain was invested with new power.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
<b>Involve in</b>	লিপ্ত হওয়া	The boy is involved in the affair.
Irrelevant to	অপ্রাসঙ্গিক	His remark is irrelevant to the subject.
Irrespective of	নির্বিচারে	All are equal irrespective of caste and creed.
Jealous of	ঈর্ষাপরায়ণ	He is jealous of my prosperity.
Jeer at	ঠাট্টা করা	We should not jeer at the poor.
Jest at	তামাশা করা	One should not jest at the poor.
Join to or with	সংযোগ করা	The two families were joined with or to each other by marriage.
Judge by	বিচার করা	We should not judge anyone by appearance.
<b>Justification for</b>	সমর্থন করা	There is no justification for his saying so.
Key to	চাবিকাঠি	Industry is the key to success.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Kind to	দয়ালু	The rich should be kind to the poor.
Lack of	অভাব	He has lack of money.
Lack in	অভাব হওয়া	He lacks in courtesy.
Lame of	খোড়া	The poor man is lame of one leg.
Lament for	অনুতাপ করা	One should not lament for the past.
Laugh at	ঠাট্টা করা	We should not laugh at the poor.
Lavish of	অমিতব্যয়ী	He is lavish of money.
Level with	সমান করা	Distinction between the rich and the poor should be levelled with.
Liabile to	দায়ী	Man is liable to error.
Liabile for	দায়ী	Jerry was not liable for the breaking of the axe handle.
Likeness to	সাদৃশ্য	He recognized the girl by her likeness to her mother.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Liking for	পছন্দ	I have no liking for him.
Limit to	সীমা	You should have a limit to your demands.
Live in	বাস করা	Man lives in society.
Live on	খেয়ে জীবন ধারণ করা	The cow lives on grass.
Long for	প্রত্যাশা করা	Man longs for peace and happiness.
Lost in	নষ্ট হওয়া	The building was lost in a storm.
Look down upon	অনিষ্ট বা ক্ষতি করা	The rich shouldn't look down upon the poor.
Make out	বুঝতে পারা	I cannot make out what you say.
Make of	তৈরী করা	This ring is made of gold.
Make for	অগ্রসর হওয়া	The ship made for England.
Marry to	বিবাহিত	Nurjahan was married to Jahangir.

# APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION

App. Preposition	Meaning	Example
Marry off	বিয়ে দেওয়া	Marrying off the daughters at a very early age is a common practice in our subcontinent.
Martyr to	শহিদ	The freedom fighters were martyr to the independence of Bangladesh.
Match for	তুলনীয় / সমকক্ষ	The girl is no match for the man.
Meditate on/upon	গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করা	One should not meditate upon the past actions.
Meet with	সম্মুখীন হওয়া	The boy met with an accident.
Mindful of	মনোযোগী	The student is mindful of his studies.
Mix with	মেশা	He does not mix with other boys.
Merge with	মিলিত হওয়া	They merged with bad boys.
Mourn for	শোক করা	England mourns for the fallen.

Family  
5th November

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44/45 জন

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BCS কঠিন নয়;  
প্রস্তুতি যদি গোছানো হয়