



Re-identify করলে Noun

Describe করলে Adjective



Subject Complement

- He = a farmer (Noun)
- He = happy (Adjective).



Adjective as Complement

- Honey tastes sweet.
- He feels tired.

এ দুটো বাক্যে Happy & Bodyguard এর ফাংশন



কী?

- He has made me = happy. → কী
- We appointed him = bodyguard. → কী



Object Complement

- He has made me=**happy** (Adjective)
- We appointed him=**bodyguard** (Noun).



Complement & Linking Verb



■ He is a farmer.

■ He is happy.



Linking Verb

- A linking verb is used to re-identify or to describe its **subject**. A linking verb is called a linking verb because it links the subject to a **subject complement**.



✓✓
Practice makes Algebra = easy. → AVJ

↓
Subject

↓
Object

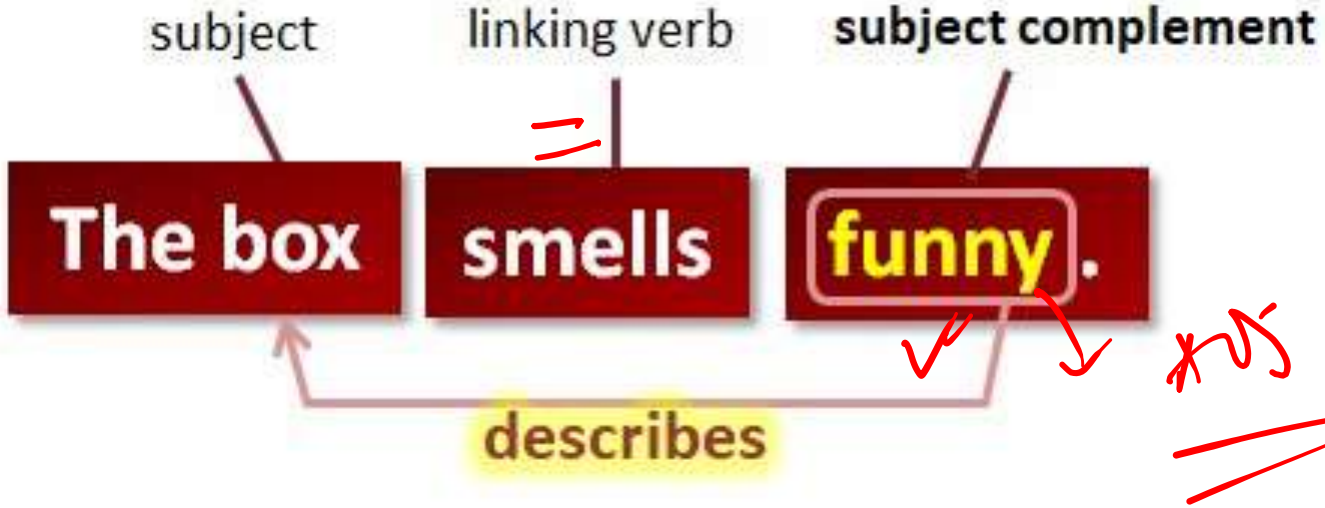
↓
Complement

↓
~~Link verb~~

Object
Complement



Subject Complement





Sub + Linking Verb +

Noun/Adjective



• He seems drunk.

• Here, the subject complement describes. **It is an adjective.**





Bad or Badly?

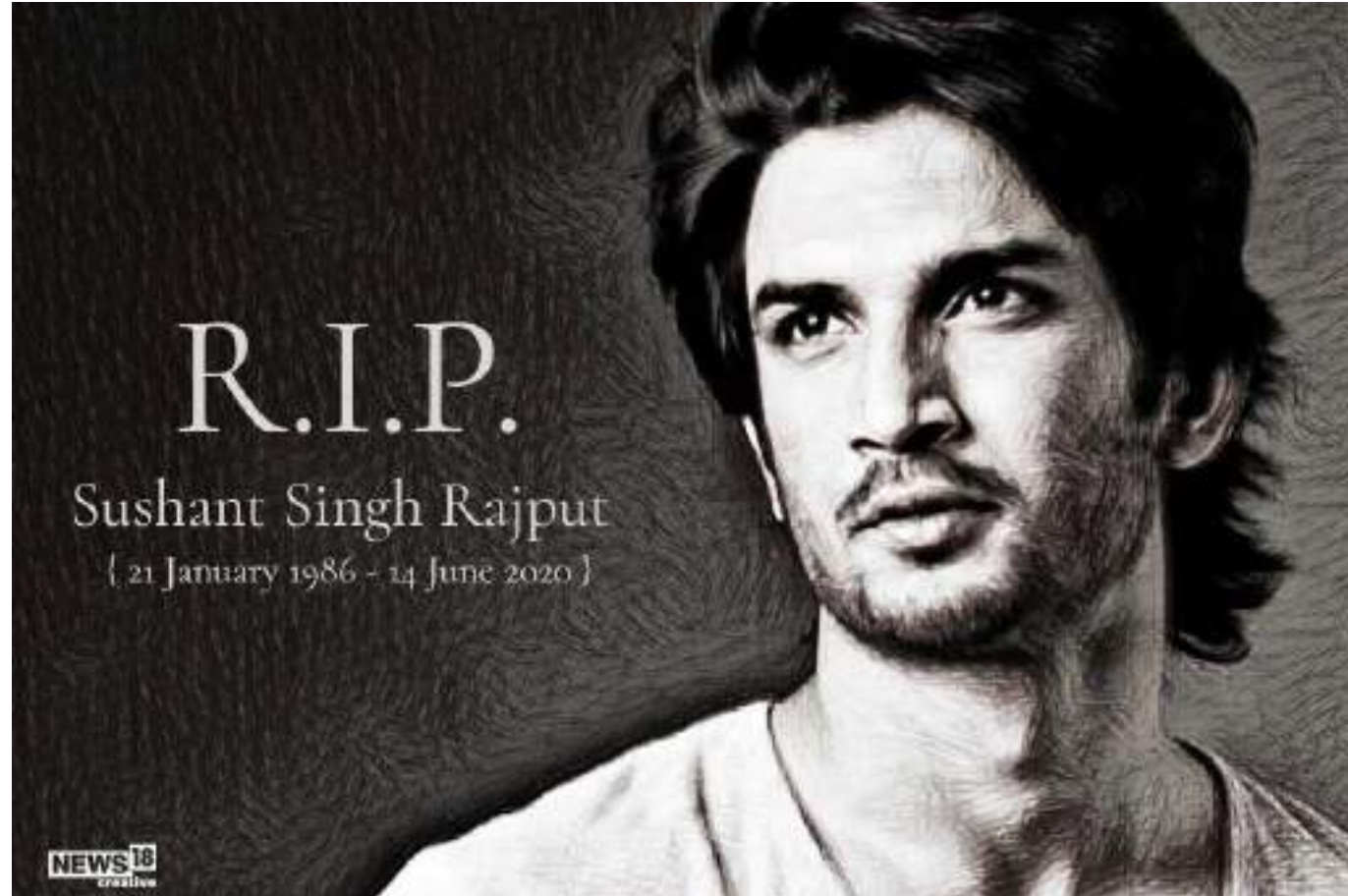
Hasan smells bad / badly.



Hasan smells badly.



Police found Sushant-dead.



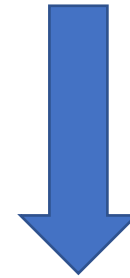


Gerund & Participle



Dancing এর Function কী?

Ashraf loves dancing.

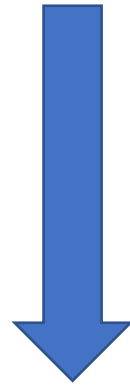


Object

Noun



Verb+ing



Noun

Gerund



- Swimming is good for health.
- Smoking is bad for health.

Using Gerunds



1

As the Subject of a Verb

gerund

verb

✓ **Running** is a good way to explore.

2

As the Object of a Verb

verb

gerund

He likes **running**.

3

As the Object of a Preposition

preposition

gerund

I am thinking of **running**.

4

As a Subject Complement

gerund

My new hobby is **running**.

renames the subject



- A gerund is a form of verb, ending in 'ing', that acts as a noun in a sentence
- Gerund can be used as Subject, Object, Subject complement,
Object of a preposition, Part of a compound noun



■ A) Subject

✓ Telling the truth is a good habit.

✓ Smoking causes lung cancer.

■ B) Object

✓ He does not like working on Sundays

✓ I enjoyed sleeping in the open air

✓ He enjoys reading books.

(Surrender to God)



■ C) Object of a Preposition

✓ She is good at singing

✓ You should think before speaking

singing

■ D) Subject Complement

✓ His favourite hobby ⁼ is cooking Chinese food

✓ What I like most in the world is dancing



- E) Part of a compound noun

✓ 1) I swim every day in the swimming pool.

✓ 2) I bought some new running shoes.



- **Note** - Gerund এর পূর্বে noun বা pronoun বসলে তার possessive form বসে

■ I hope you will excuse ~~my~~ (not me) leaving early

■ Everything depends on Urmila's passing the exam

of my book

সি

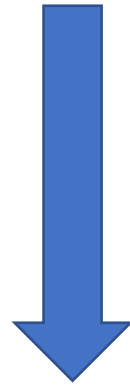


Identify finite verb first.

- I saw Fatema **smoking**.



Verb+ing

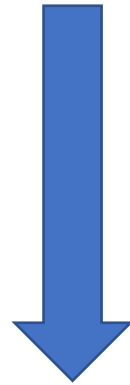


Adj.

Participle



Verb+ing



Adj.

**Present
Participle**



- Participles can either function as adjectives or follow a finite verb to help with tense.



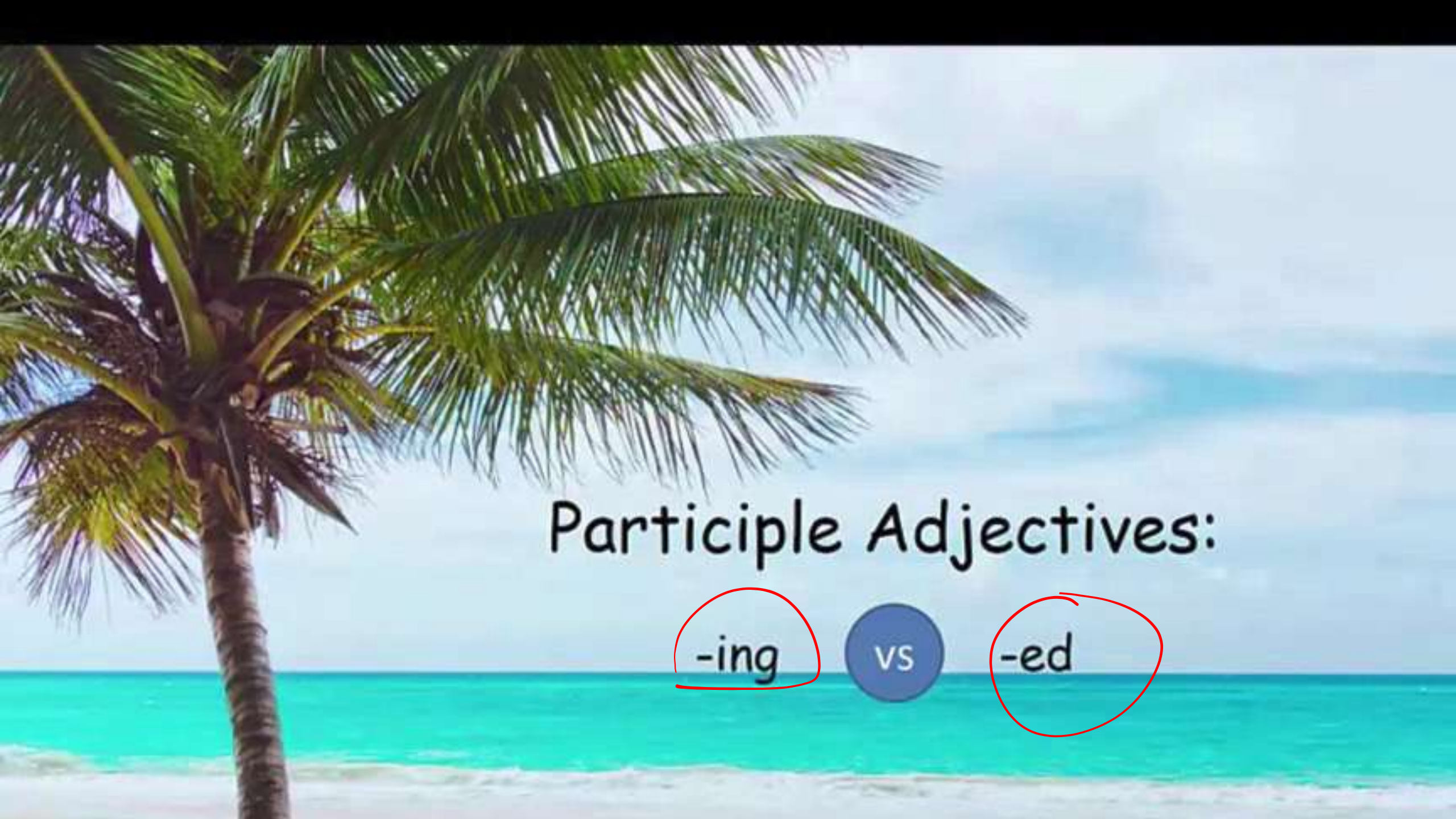
Participle

- Verb+ing = Adj → Present Participle
- Verb এর V₃ Form → Past Participle (Adj)
- Having + Verb এর V₃ → Perfect Participle

v+ing
tense form

Go - went -

Adj
gone
V₃



Participle Adjectives:

-ing

vs

-ed

Present
Participle

(-ing)

Past
Participle

(-ed)



verbs



Present
Participle
(-ing)

Past
Participle
(-ed)

verbs
adjectives



Feelings

Present
Participle
(-ing)

Past
Participle
(-ed)

exciting amusing boring soothing	excited amused bored soothed
---	---------------------------------------

external cause

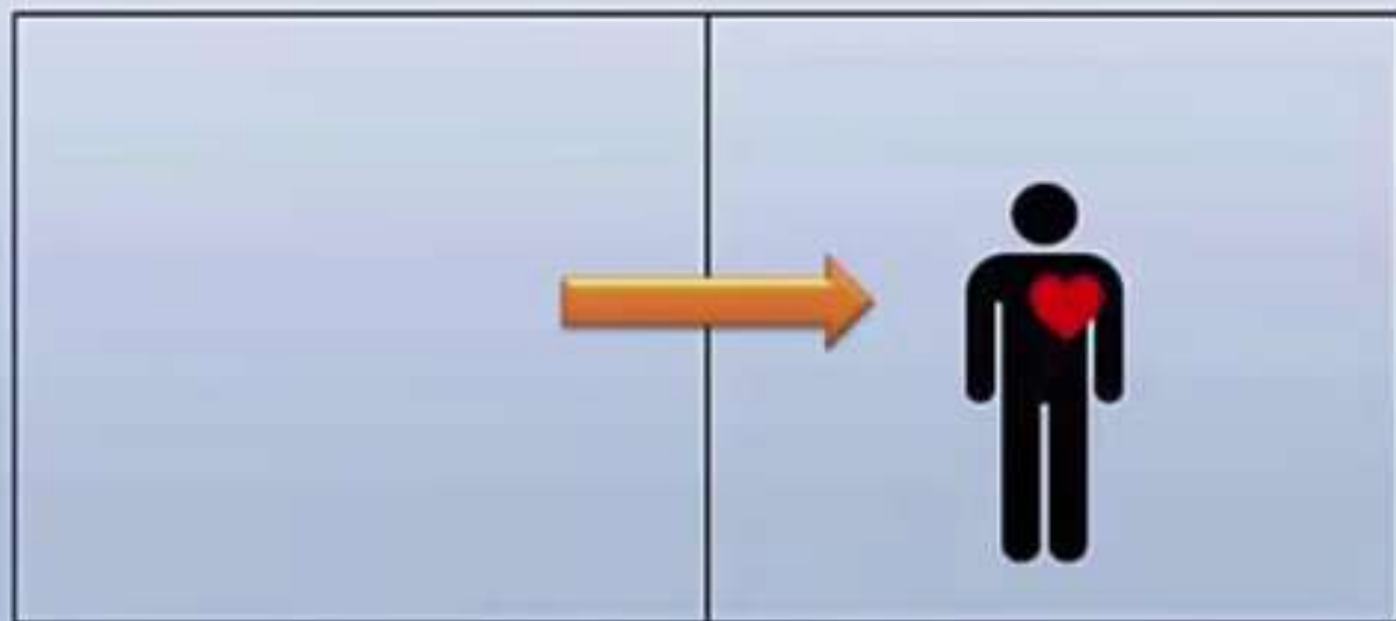
state



Present
Participle
(-ing)

Past
Participle
(-ed)

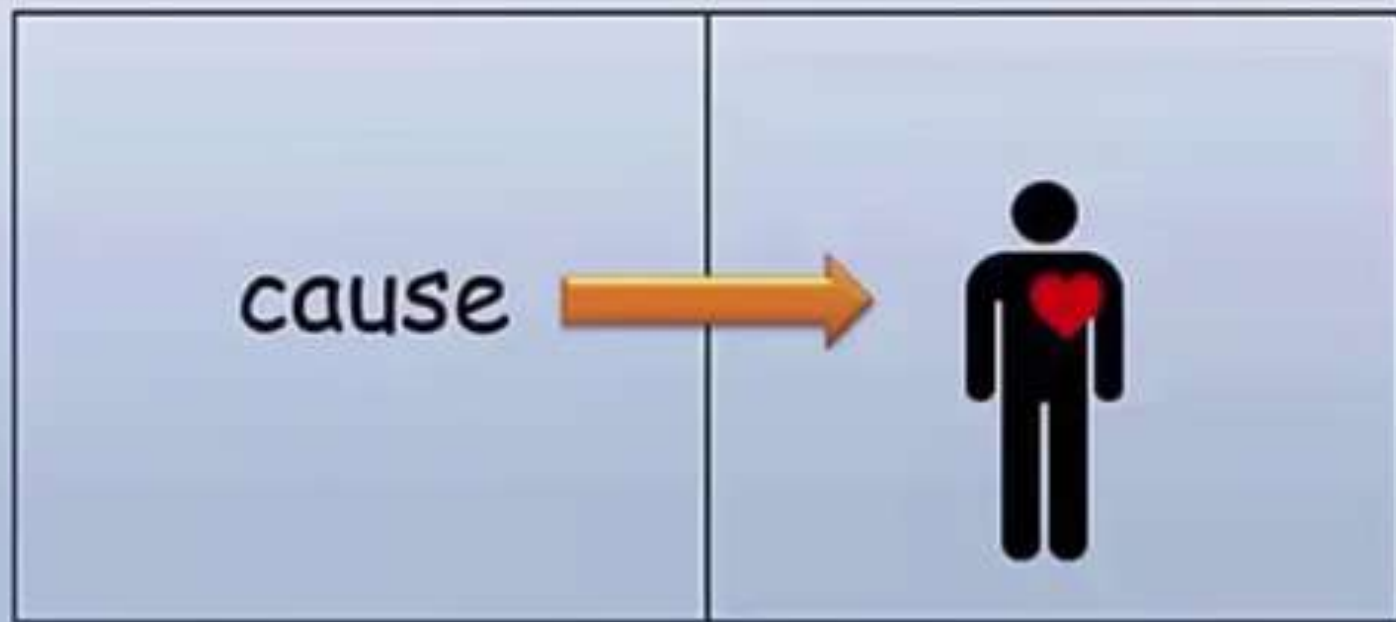
Feelings



Present
Participle
(-ing)

Past
Participle
(-ed)

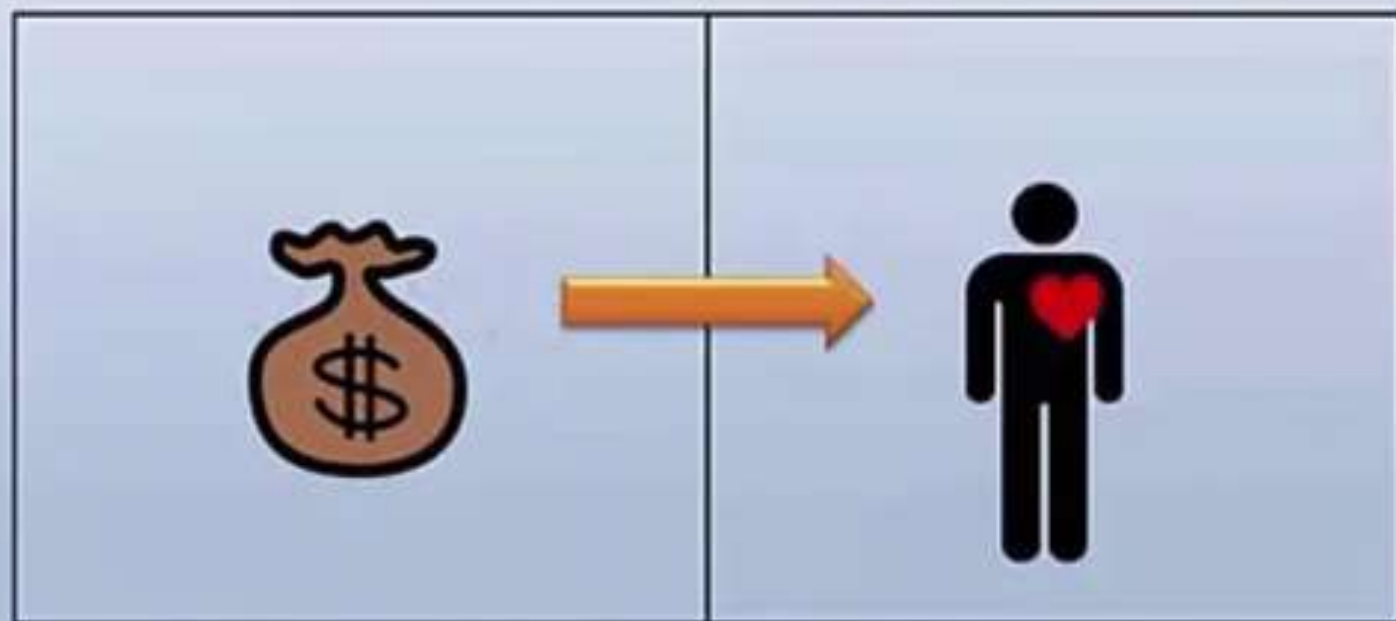
Feelings



Present
Participle
(-ing)

Past
Participle
(-ed)

Feelings



Present
Participle
(-ing)

Past
Participle
(-ed)

exciting



excited



Feelings



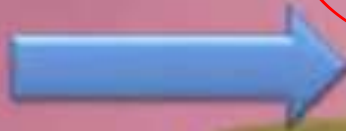
It is amusing.

They are amused.

Adj

V+ing

Adj



They are laughing.

They are amused.

Pr

Adj

✓

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.



They are amused.

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.

very

They are amused.

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.



They are amused.

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.



They are amused.

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.

~~very~~



They are amused.

very

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.

~~very~~

v-

They are amused.

very

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective

~~Very~~

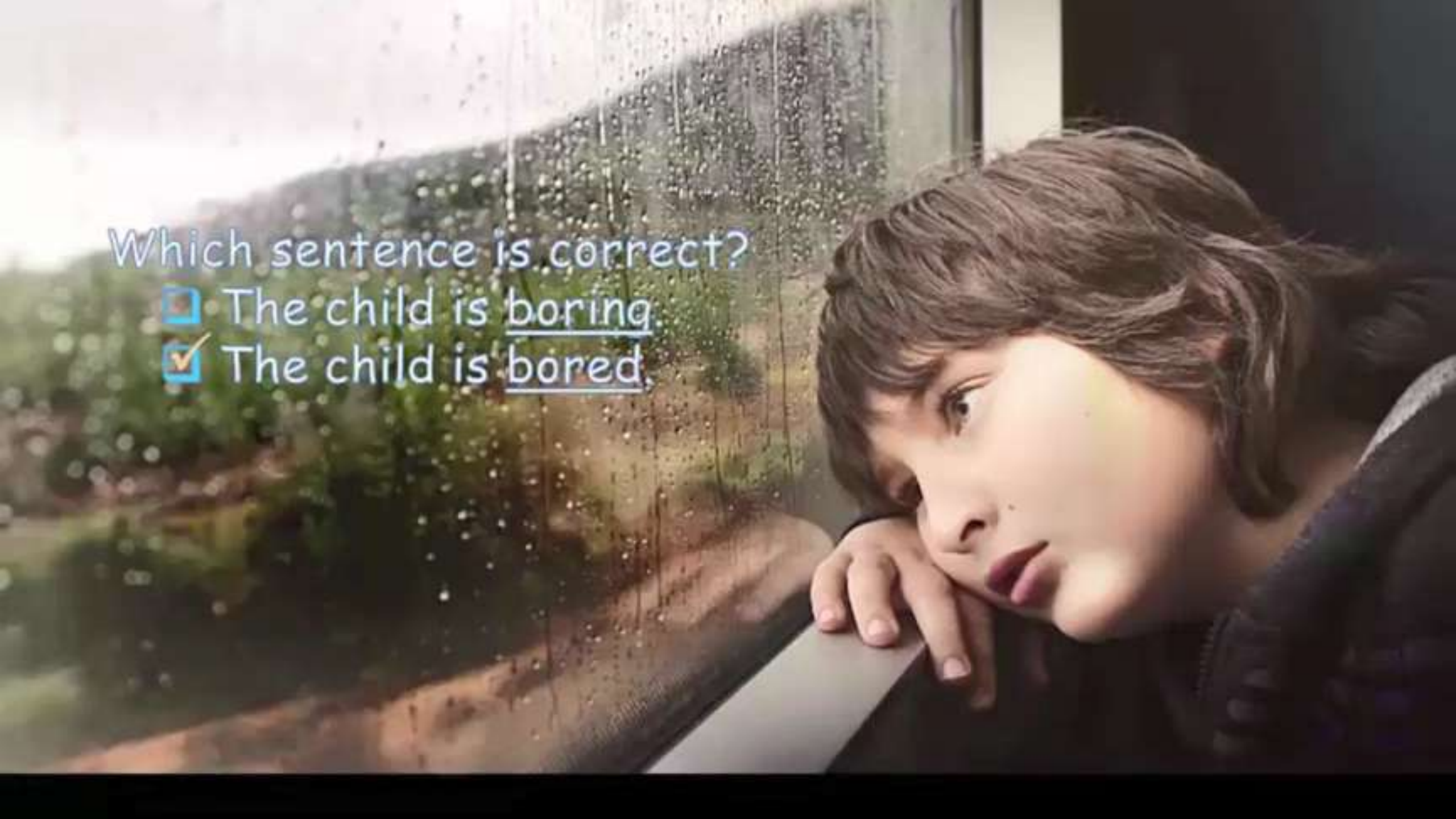


A young girl with brown hair is looking out a window. The window is covered in raindrops, and the view outside is a blurry, green landscape. The girl has a thoughtful or bored expression.

Which sentence is correct?


The child is boring.

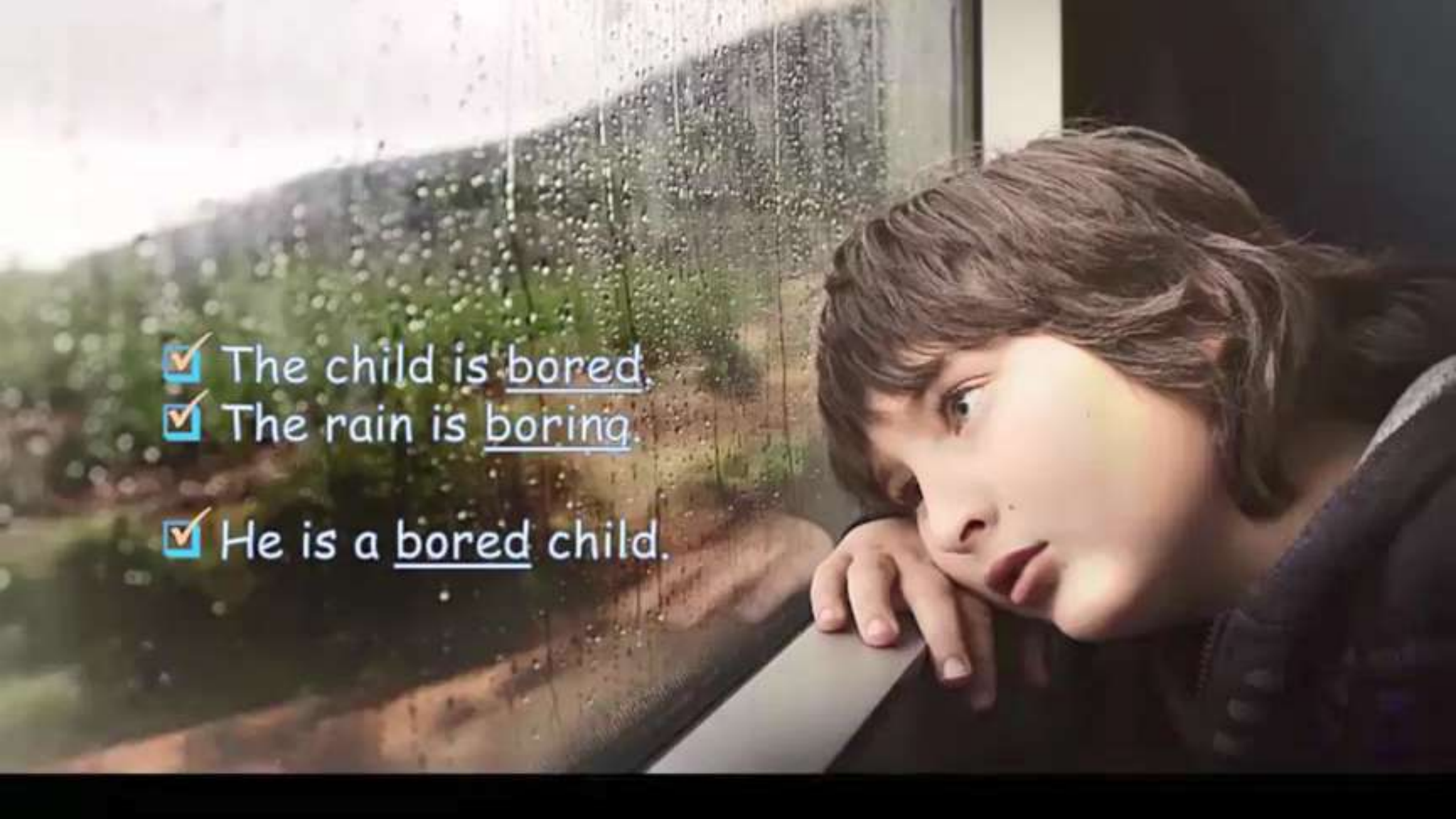
The child is bored.

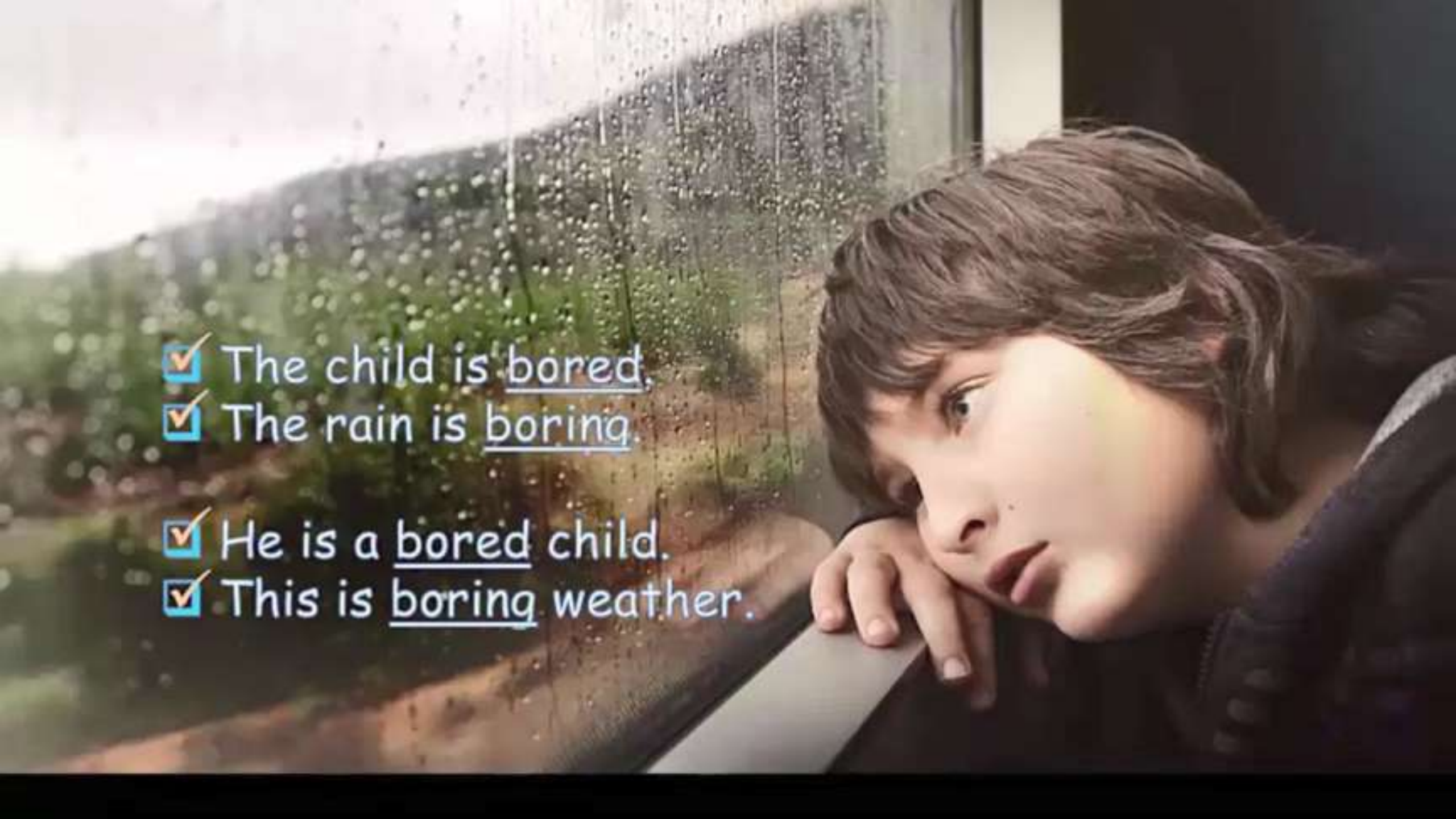
A young girl with brown hair is looking out a window. The window is covered in raindrops, and the view outside is a blurred landscape. The girl has a thoughtful or bored expression.

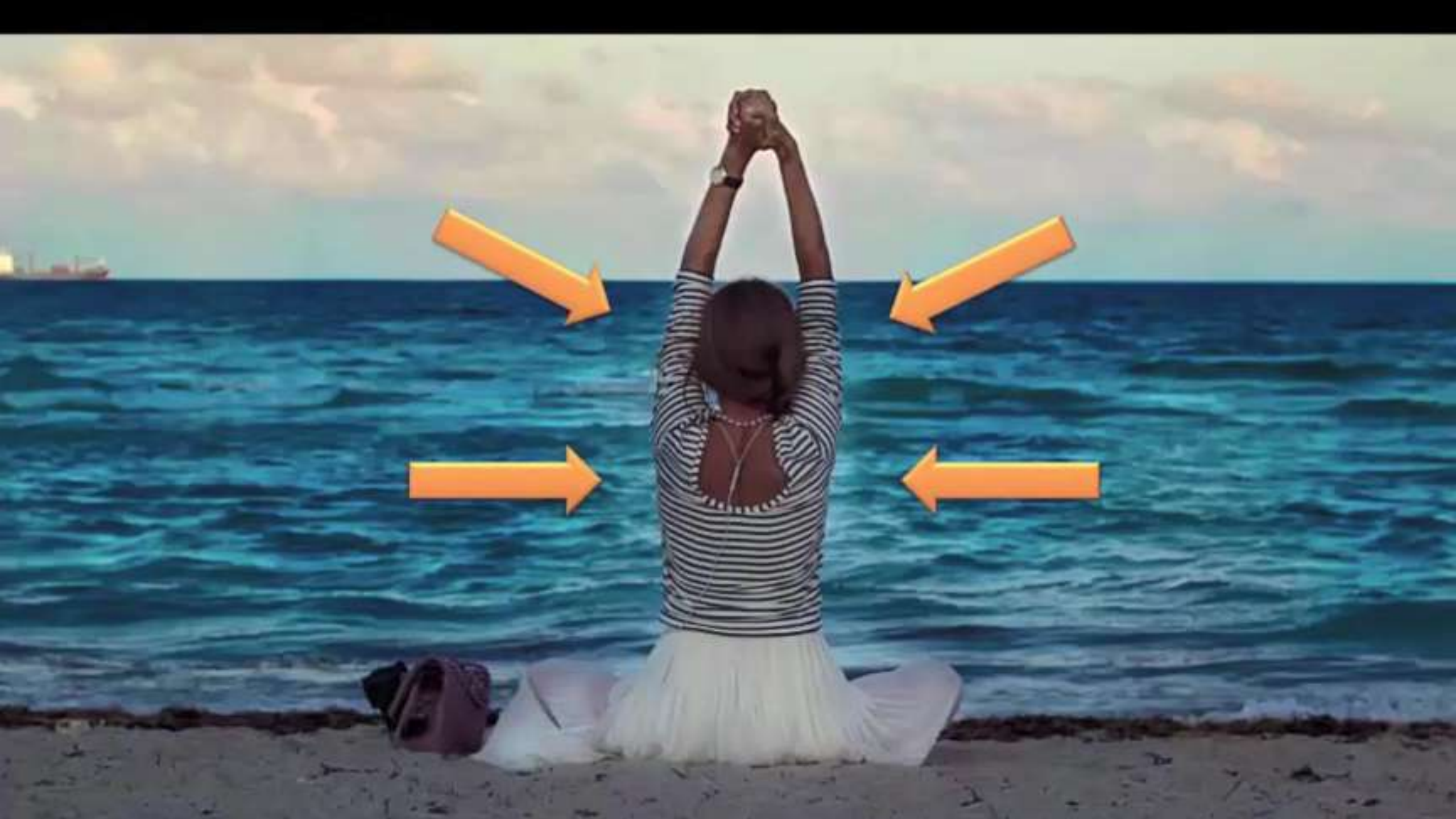
Which sentence is correct?

- The child is boring.
- The child is bored.

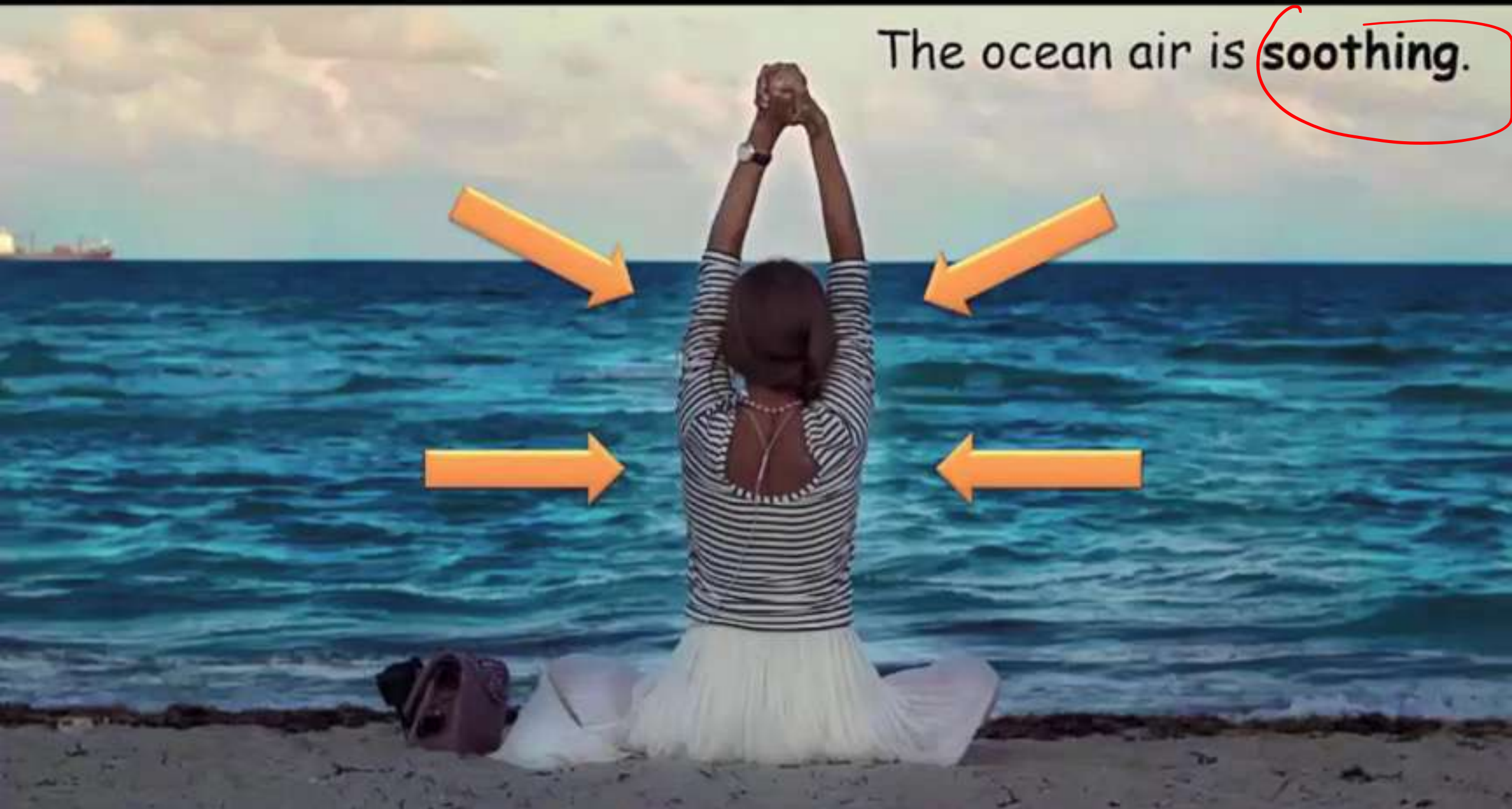
- 
- A young boy with brown hair is looking out a window. The window is covered in rain streaks, and the view outside is a blurry, green landscape. The boy has a bored or sad expression on his face, resting his chin on the window sill.
- ✓ The child is bored.
 - ✓ The rain is boring.

- 
- A young boy with brown hair is looking out a window. The window is covered in rain, and the view outside is blurry. The boy has a bored expression on his face.
- ✓ The child is bored.
 - ✓ The rain is boring.
 - ✓ He is a bored child.

- 
- A young boy with brown hair is looking out a window. The window is covered in rain, and the view outside is a blurry, green landscape. The boy has a bored expression on his face.
- ✓ The child is bored.
 - ✓ The rain is boring.
 - ✓ He is a bored child.
 - ✓ This is boring weather.



The ocean air is **soothing.**



The ocean air is **soothing**.
You will be **soothed**.









Identify finite & non-finite

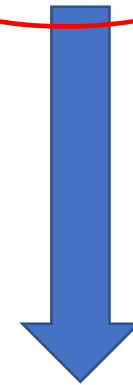
Taslima was fixing her broken heart.



Finite



Non-Finite

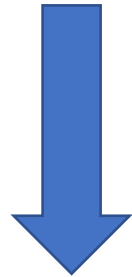


Non-Finite

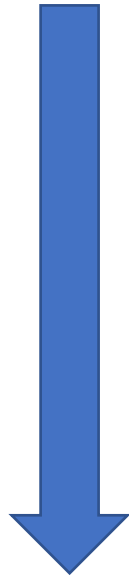
broken
heart



- Taslima was **fixing** her broken heart.



Finite



Present Participle



Past Participle



- Can you fix the running tap?
- This is a present ~~participle~~ as an adjective.



- Running the tap will clear the air pocket.
- This is a gerund.



- The tap **was running** for an hour.
- This is present participle used to form past progressive tense.



Gerund or Participle?

▪ Dining table

▪ Reading table

▪ Swimming suit

▪ Walking stick

Reading
boy
I saw the girl
sun



Gerund or Participle?

- The girl came to her mother laughing.
- The girl came to her mother running.

Adj

G P



Present Participle

- Mehran saw a flying bird.
- I saw the boy entering the classroom.
- The man who is carrying the luggage is his brother



Gerund or Participle?

■ **Considering** the above matter, we must tackle the problem.

■ **Participle**

~~We~~ Considering the matter.

We must tackle the problem.

Sub

Obj

Comp

Prep +



Gerund or Participle?

■ **Going** to the spot, we saw a house burning.

■ **Participle**



- **Hearing** the noise, we woke up.

- **Participle**



- **Closing** the door, Sabbir entered the room.
- **Participle**



The infinitives

- to + verb এর base form
- Bare infinitive এর ক্ষেত্রে to উহ্য থাকে।



Which is the finite verb?

You will **pay** for that.



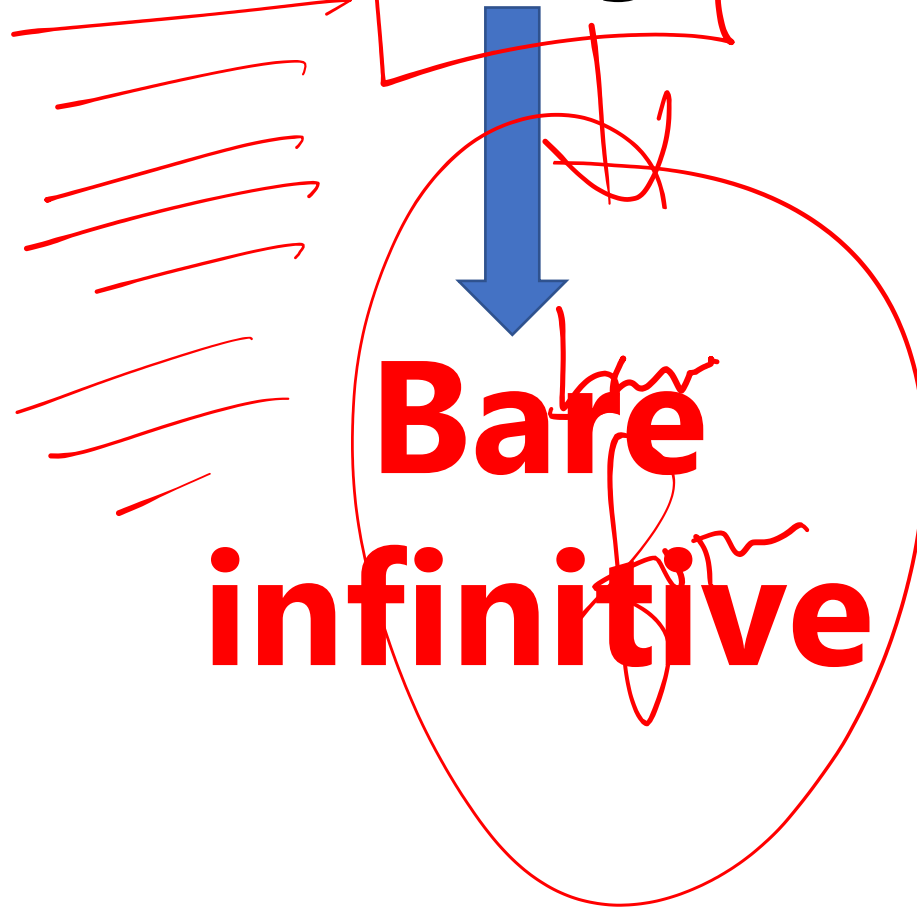
‘will’ is the
finite verb.



- The modal auxiliary verbs are considered finite verbs because they are the first verbs in their verb chains and are immediately followed by **bare infinitives**.



You will pay for that.





Susmita should **have** said no.

- "Should" is the modal auxiliary verb and the finite verb.
- "Have" is the bare infinitive.
- "Said" is a past participle.

Should has



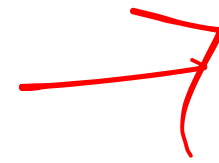
Active



Arrival
Noun

■ Gerund VS Verbal Noun

V+ing



Noun →

Gerund



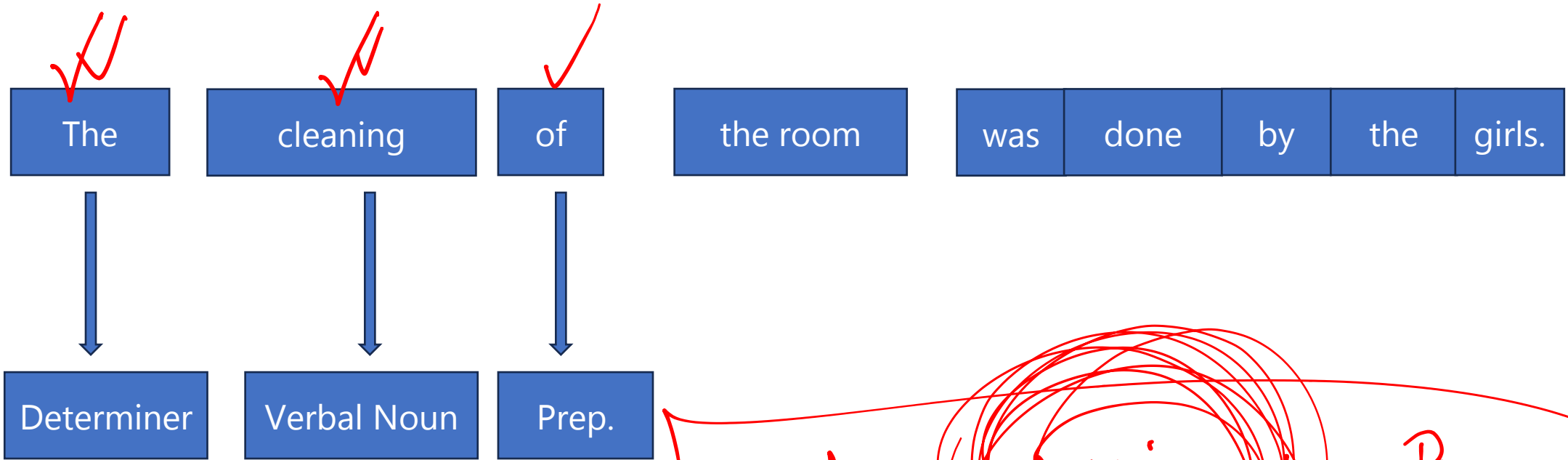
Verbal Noun আর Gerund

পার্থক্য কীভাবে করবো?



Verbal Noun/Gerund

- The hunting of tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার নিষিদ্ধ → (১)
- Hunting tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার করা নিষিদ্ধ → (৫)



Date + Writing + Prep



Verbal Noun or Gerund?

VN

■ The reading of history is interesting.



Verbal Noun or Gerund?

- The writing (of) good letter is difficult.



Verbal Noun

- Determiner + Adj + Verbal Noun + Preposition

I recognised his writing on the envelope



Verbal Noun

- A Verbal noun is a noun that is derived from a verb
- Verb থেকে উৎপত্তি হলেও এদের কোন verb এর force থাকে না, শুধুমাত্র noun এর force থাকে
- The **hunting** of tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার নিষিদ্ধ - Verbal Noun
- **Hunting** tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার করা নিষিদ্ধ - Gerund
- Gerund এর মধ্যে verb আর noun **দুটোরই force থাকে** তার জন্য gerund কে সাধারণভাবে Verbal Noun বলা হয়ে থাকে
- Verbal Noun বিশুদ্ধ noun **(Pure noun)** এর মত আচরণ করে



Verb	Verbal Noun
1) Write (লেখা)	1) Writing (লিখন)
2) Read (পড়া)	2) Reading (পাঠ)
3) Build (গৈঠন করা)	3) Building (ভবন বা নির্মাণ)
4) Arrive (আগমন করা)	4) Arrival (আগমন)
5) Refuse (প্রত্যাখ্যান করা)	5) Refusal (প্রত্যাখ্যান)
6) Propose (প্রস্তাব করা)	6) Proposal (প্রস্তাব)
7) Destruct (ধ্বংস করা)	7) Destruction (ধ্বংস)



Verb	Verbal Noun
8) Decide (সিদ্ধান্তে আসা)	8) Decision (সিদ্ধান্ত)
9) Close (বন্ধ করা)	9) Closure (বন্ধ)
10) Fail (ব্যর্থ হওয়া)	10) Failure (ব্যর্থ)
11) Depart (প্রস্থান করা)	11) Departure (প্রস্থান)
12) Hesitate (দ্বিধা করা)	12) Hesitation (দ্বিধা)



Verb	Verbal Noun
13) Congratulate (অভিনন্দন জানানো)	13) Congratulation (অভিনন্দন)
14) Attack (আক্রমণ করা)	14) Attack (আক্রমণ)
15) Go (যাওয়া)	15) Go (প্রচেষ্টা)
16) Return (ফিরে আসা)	16) Return (প্রত্যাবর্তন)
17) Agree (রাজি হওয়া)	17) Agreement (চুক্তি)
18) Judge (বিচার করা)	18) Judgement (বিচার)



Verb	Verbal Noun
19) Acknowledge (স্বীকার করা)	19) Acknowledgement (স্বীকার)
20) Disappear (অদৃশ্য হওয়া)	20) Disappearance (অদৃশ্য)
21) Accept (গ্রহণ করা)	21) Acceptance (গ্রহণ)



GERUND

VERBAL NOUN

Verb এর সাথে ing যুক্ত হয়ে গঠিত হয়

ing ছাড়াও অন্যান্য suffix যুক্ত হতে পারে

✓ Teaching is a noble profession.

✓ His coming to the party is not confirmed.

✓ His arrival to the party is not confirmed.

Noun ও Verb দুটোর force থাকে।

শুধুমাত্র noun এর force থাকে।

✓ ~~Selecting~~ adjectives carefully is essential.

✓ The careful selection of adjectives is essential.

(সতর্কভাবে adjective নির্বাচন করা প্রয়োজনীয়)

(Adjective এর সতর্কপূর্ণ নির্বাচন প্রয়োজনীয়)



GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
<p>Gerund সব সময় singular form হয়।</p> <p>✓ <u>Singing is my hobby</u></p>	<p>Verbal Noun singular plural উভয় form হতে পারে।</p> <p>✓ She <u>understood</u> the message after several readings.</p> <p>✓ <u>Our likings</u> (পছন্দ) are regulated by our circumstances.</p>

□ Gerund singular হওয়ায় তার verb টা singular হয়



GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
<p>Adverb gerund কে modify করে।</p> <p>✓ Indiscriminately cutting trees is harmful for environment.</p>	<p>Adjective Verbal Noun কে modify করে।</p> <p>✓ The indiscriminate cutting of trees is responsible for environmental pollution.</p>
<p>Gerund object গ্রহণ করে।</p> <p>✓ Reading newspaper is a good habit (সংবাদপত্র পড়া ভালো অভ্যাস)</p>	<p>Verbal Noun কখনো object গ্রহণ করে না।</p> <p>✓ The reading of newspaper is a good habit (সংবাদপত্র পাঠ ভালো অভ্যাস)</p>

□ Gerund intransitive verb থেকে তৈরি হলে object থাকেনা



GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
<p>সব gerund verbal noun হতে পারে।</p> <p>✓ His coming to the party is not confirmed</p>	<p>সব verbal noun gerund হতে পারে না।</p> <p>✓ His arrival to the party is not confirmed.</p>

- ❑ Gerund Verbal noun এর অংশ সুতরাং সব gerund কে verbal noun এর অন্তর্ভুক্ত করা যেতে পারে

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- এটা ছিল অপূর্ব বিল্ডিং।
 - ✓ It was a lovely building.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
- তার হঠাৎ আগমন আমাদের সকলকে বিস্মিত করেছিল।
 - ✓ His sudden arrival surprised all of us.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- আমরা অধীর আগ্রহে তার প্রত্যাবর্তনের অপেক্ষায় আছি
 - ✓ We are eagerly waiting for his return.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
- এই বইয়ের লেখার উপর তোমার ব্যাখ্যা আমার কাছে স্পষ্ট
 - ✓ Your explanation on the writing of this book is clear to me.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

□ এক্ষেত্রে 'writing' ও verbal হবে কেন হবে বুঝে নাও

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- শান্তিতে ঘুমানো গুরুত্বপূর্ণ
 - ✓ Sleeping peacefully is important.
 - ✓ Gerund

- পশু হত্যা মহাপাপ
 - ✓ The killing of an animal is a great sin.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- তার মোনালিসার সুন্দর আঁকা প্রথম পুরস্কার জিতেছে
 - ✓ His beautiful drawing of Monalisa won the first prize.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

- তিনি ইলেকট্রিক বিল দিতে দেরি করেছিলেন
 - ✓ He delayed paying the electric bill
 - ✓ Gerund
 - Verbal noun preposition গ্রহণ করে
 - Gerund object গ্রহণ করে

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- অভিধানে নতুন শব্দটি খুঁজে পাওয়ার পর, আমি এটি লিখেছিলাম
 - ✓ After finding the new word in the dictionary, I wrote it down.
 - ✓ Gerund
 - তার প্রস্থান আমাদের সকলকে দুঃখিত করেছিল
 - ✓ His departure saddened us all.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
- gerund intransitive verb হলে
obj থাকেনা



Thank You