



Re-identify করলে Noun
Describe করলে Adjective

Subject Complement



- He = a farmer (Noun)
- He = happy (Adjective).

Adjective as Complement



- ✓
▪ Honey tastes sweet.
- ✓
▪ He feels tired.

এ দুটো বাক্যে Happy & Bodyguard এর ফাংশন



- He has made ^{কী?} me happy → কী?
- We appointed him bodyguard. → N

Object Complement



- He has made me=**happy (Adjective)**
- We appointed him=**bodyguard (Noun)**.



Complement & Linking Verb



- He **is** a farmer.
- He **is** happy.

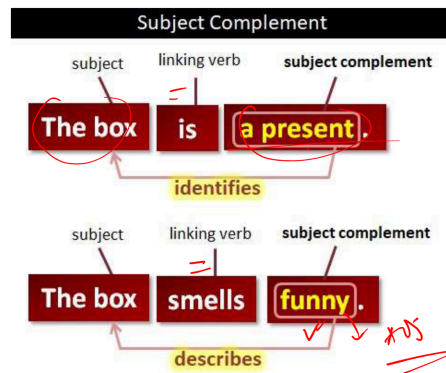
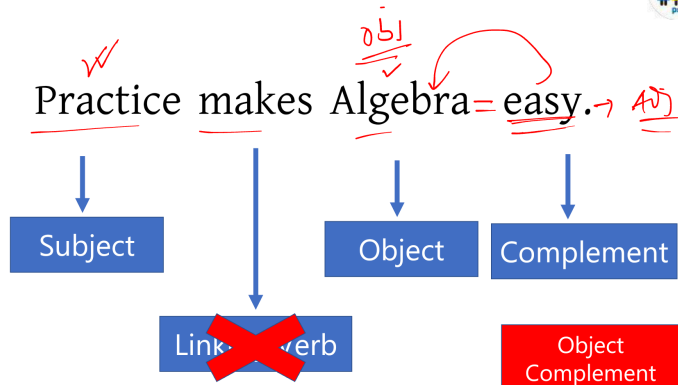
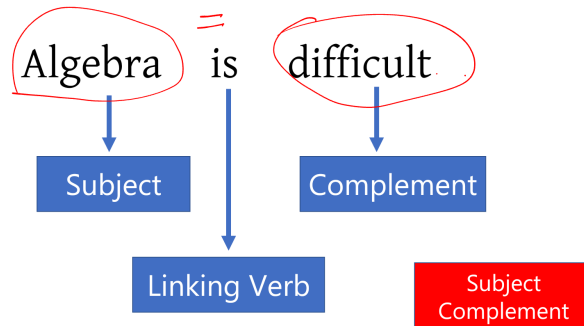


He is a farmer.
↓ ↓ ↓
Sub **Linking
Verb** Complement

Linking Verb



- A linking verb is used to re-identify or to describe its **subject**. A linking verb is called a linking verb because it links the subject to a **subject complement**.





Sub + Linking Verb +
Noun/Adjective



- He seems drunk.
- Here, the subject complement describes. **It is an adjective.**



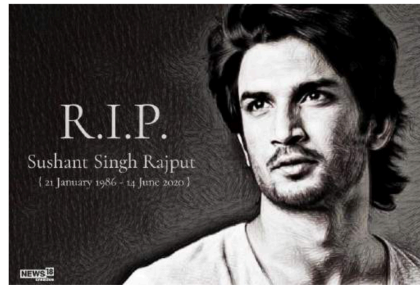
Bad or Badly?

Hasan smells bad/badly.

Hasan smells badly.



Police found Sushant dead.



Gerund & Participle

Dancing এর Function কী?



Ashraf loves **dancing**.



Object

Noun



Verb+ing



Noun

Gerund



- Swimming is good for health.
- Smoking is bad for health.

Using Gerunds

- 1 As the Subject of a Verb

gerund
verb

Running is a good way to explore.
- 2 As the Object of a Verb

verb gerund

He likes running.
- 3 As the Object of a Preposition

preposition gerund

I am thinking of running.
- 4 As a Subject Complement

gerund

My new hobby is running.

renames the subject



- A gerund is a form of verb, ending in 'ing', that acts as a noun in a sentence
- Gerund can be used as Subject, Object, Subject complement, Object of a preposition, Part of a compound noun



▪ A) Subject

✓ Telling the truth is a good habit.

✓ Smoking causes lung cancer.

▪ B) Object

✓ He does not like working on Sundays

✓ I enjoyed sleeping in the open air

✓ He enjoys reading books.



▪ C) Object of a Preposition

✓ She is good at singing

✓ You should think before speaking

▪ D) Subject Complement

✓ His favourite hobby is cooking Chinese food

✓ What I like most in the world is dancing



▪ E) Part of a compound noun

✓ 1) I swim every day in the swimming pool.

✓ 2) I bought some new running shoes.



▪ Note - Gerund এর পূর্বে noun বা pronoun বসলে তার possessive form বসে

▪ I hope you will excuse ~~me~~ my (not me) leaving early

▪ Everything depends on Urmila's passing the exam

my book

সি

Identify finite verb first.



- I saw Fatema **smoking**.



Verb+ing



Adj.

Participle



Verb+ing



Adj.

**Present
Participle**



- Participles can either function as adjectives or follow a finite verb to help with tense.

Participle

- Verb+ing = Adj → Present Participle
- Verb এর V₃ Form → Past Participle (Adj)
- Having + Verb এর V₃ → Perfect Participle

v+ing
tense form

W
W- went -
Adj
Jure
vs

Participle Adjectives:

-ing vs -ed

Present Participle (-ing)	Past Participle (-ed)
verbs	

Present Participle (-ing)	Past Participle (-ed)
verbs adjectives	

Feelings

Present Participle (-ing)

Past Participle (-ed)

exciting amusing boring soothing	excited amused bored soothed
---	---------------------------------------

external cause

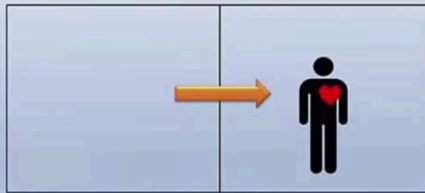
get



Feelings

Present Participle (-ing)

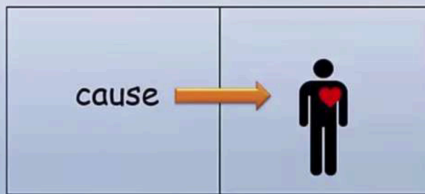
Past Participle (-ed)



Feelings

Present Participle (-ing)

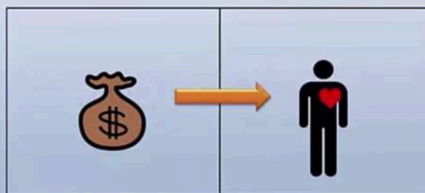
Past Participle (-ed)

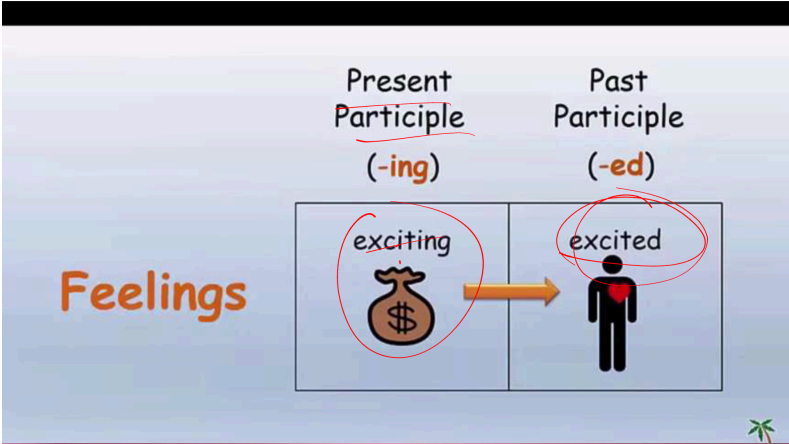



Feelings

Present Participle (-ing)

Past Participle (-ed)



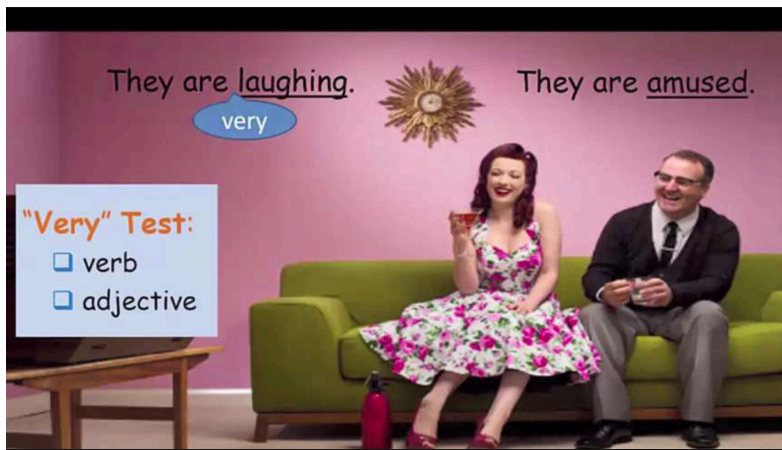


They are laughing.  They are amused.

very

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.  They are amused.

~~very~~

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.  They are amused.

very

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing.  They are amused.

~~very~~ very

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective



They are laughing. They are amused.

very very

"Very" Test:

- verb
- adjective

Very

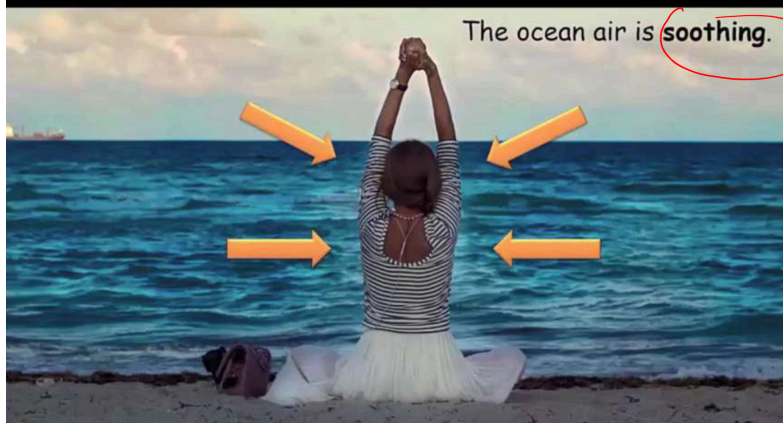
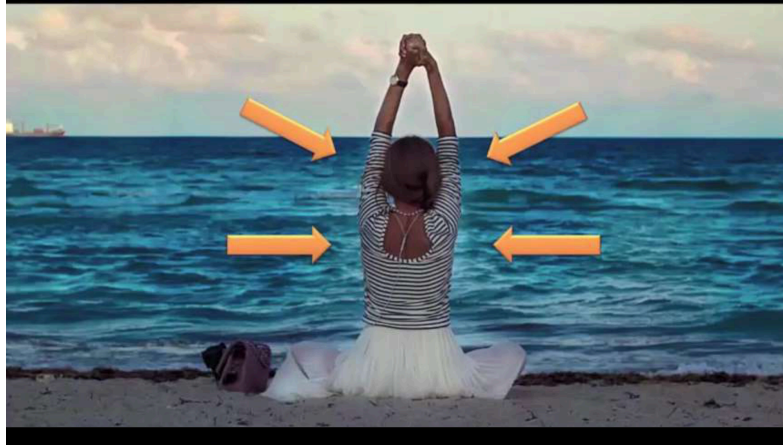
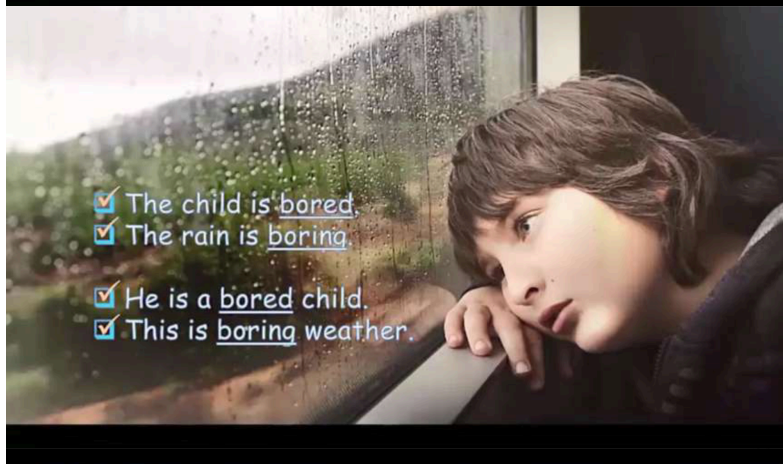
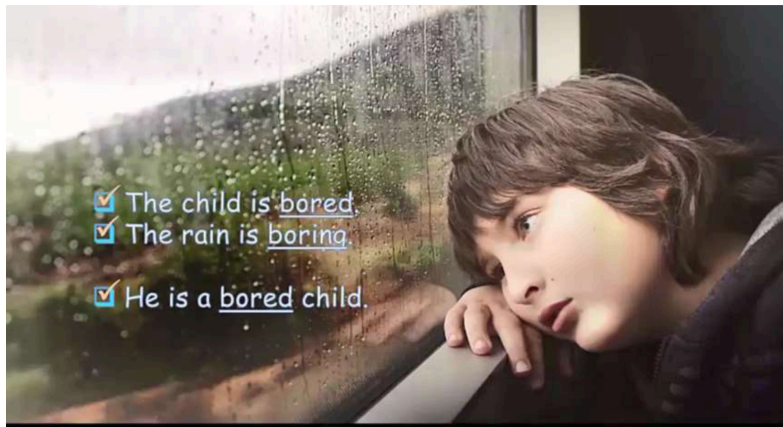
Which sentence is correct?

- The child is boring.
- The child is bored.

Which sentence is correct?

- The child is boring.
- The child is bored.

- The child is bored.
- The rain is boring.





Identify finite & non-finite

Taslima was fixing her broken heart.

Finite Non-Finite Non-Finite

Handwritten notes: "was" is circled in red with a checkmark. "fixing" is circled in red with a checkmark. "broken" is circled in red with a checkmark. To the right, "broken heart" is written in red and underlined.



▪ Taslima was **fixing** her broken heart.

↓
Finite



Present Participle **Past Participle**



• Can you fix the running tap?

• This is a present ^{Adj} participle as
an adjective. ~~V+ing~~



• Running the tap will clear the
air pocket.

• This is a gerund.



▪ The tap **was running** for an hour.

▪ This is present participle used to form past progressive tense.



Gerund or Participle?

- Dining table
- Reading table
- Swimming suit
- Walking stick

teaching boy
 I saw the girl
 swim



Gerund or Participle?

- The girl came to her mother laughing. → A1
- The girl came to her mother running. →

S → P



Present Participle

- Mehran saw a flying bird.
- I saw the boy entering the classroom.
- The man who is carrying the luggage is his brother



Gerund or Participle?

Considering the above matter, we must tackle the problem.

▪ Participle

~~We~~ considering the matter.
 We must tackle the p

Sub
 Obj
 Comp
 Prop

Gerund or Participle?



▪ **Going** to the spot, we saw a house burning.

▪ **Participle**



▪ **Hearing** the noise, we woke up.

▪ **Participle**



▪ **Closing** the door, Sabbir entered the room.

▪ **Participle**

The infinitives



▪ **to** + verb এর base form

▪ Bare infinitive এর ক্ষেত্রে **to** উহ্য থাকে।

Which is the finite verb?



You will **pay** for that.



‘Will’ is the
finite verb.



- The modal auxiliary verbs are considered finite verbs because they are the first verbs in their verb chains and are immediately followed by **bare infinitives**.



You will **pay** for that.

**Bare
infinitive**

Susmita should **have said** no.



- "Should" is the modal auxiliary verb and the finite verb.
- "Have" is the bare infinitive.
- "Said" is a past participle.

Should has

Active → Arrival
Noun



▪ Gerund VS Verbal Noun

V+ing → Noun →
Gerund



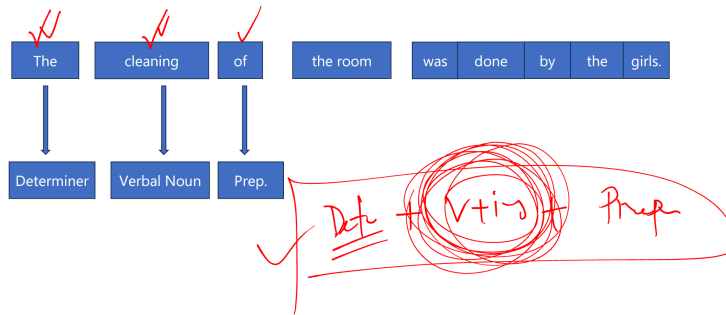
Verbal Noun আর Gerund

পার্থক্য কীভাবে করবো?

Verbal Noun/Gerund



- The hunting of tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার নিষিদ্ধ → (১)
- Hunting tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার করা নিষিদ্ধ → (৫)



Verbal Noun or Gerund?

VN

▪ The reading of history is interesting.



Verbal Noun or Gerund?

▪ The writing of good letter is difficult.



Verbal Noun

▪ Determiner + Adj + Verbal Noun + Preposition

I recognised his writing on the envelope

Verbal Noun



- A Verbal noun is a noun that is derived from a verb
- Verb থেকে উৎপত্তি হলেও এদের কোন verb-এর force থাকে না, শুধুমাত্র noun এর force থাকে
- The **hunting** of tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার নিষিদ্ধ - Verbal Noun
- **Hunting** tiger is prohibited - বাঘ শিকার করা নিষিদ্ধ - Gerund
- Gerund এর মধ্যে verb আর noun দুটোরই force থাকে তার জন্য gerund কে সাধারণভাবে Verbal Noun বলা হয়ে থাকে
- Verbal Noun বিশুদ্ধ noun (Pure noun) এর মত আচরণ করে



Verb	Verbal Noun
1) Write (লেখা)	1) Writing (লিখন)
2) Read (পড়া)	2) Reading (পাঠ)
3) Build (গঠন করা)	3) Building (ভবন বা নির্মাণ)
4) Arrive (আগমন করা)	4) Arrival (আগমন)
5) Refuse (প্রত্যাখ্যান করা)	5) Refusal (প্রত্যাখ্যান)
6) Propose (প্রস্তাব করা)	6) Proposal (প্রস্তাব)
7) Destruct (ধ্বংস করা)	7) Destruction (ধ্বংস)



Verb	Verbal Noun
8) Decide (সিদ্ধান্তে আসা)	8) Decision (সিদ্ধান্ত)
9) Close (বন্ধ করা)	9) Closure (বন্ধ)
10) Fail (ব্যর্থ হওয়া)	10) Failure (ব্যর্থ)
11) Depart (প্রস্থান করা)	11) Departure (প্রস্থান)
12) Hesitate (দ্বিধা করা)	12) Hesitation (দ্বিধা)



Verb	Verbal Noun
13) Congratulate (অভিনন্দন জানানো)	13) Congratulation (অভিনন্দন)
14) Attack (আক্রমণ করা)	14) Attack (আক্রমণ)
15) Go (যাওয়া)	15) Go (প্রচেষ্টা)
16) Return (ফিরে আসা)	16) Return (প্রত্যাবর্তন)
17) Agree (রাজি হওয়া)	17) Agreement (চুক্তি)
18) Judge (বিচার করা)	18) Judgement (বিচার)



Verb	Verbal Noun
19) Acknowledge (স্বীকার করা)	19) Acknowledgement (স্বীকার)
20) Disappear (অদৃশ্য হওয়া)	20) Disappearance (অদৃশ্য)
21) Accept (গ্রহণ করা)	21) Acceptance (গ্রহণ)

GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
Verb এর সাথে ing যুক্ত হয়ে গঠিত হয়	ing ছাড়াও অন্যান্য suffix যুক্ত হতে পারে
✓ Teaching is a noble profession.	✓ His coming to the party is not confirmed. ✓ His arrival to the party is not confirmed.
Noun ও Verb দুটোর force থাকে। ✓ Selecting adjectives carefully is essential. (সতর্কভাবে adjective নির্বাচন করা প্রয়োজনীয়)	শুধুমাত্র noun এর force থাকে। ✓ The careful selection of adjectives is essential. (Adjective এর সতর্কপূর্ণ নির্বাচন প্রয়োজনীয়)



GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
Gerund সব সময় singular form হয়। ✓ Singing is my hobby	Verbal Noun singular plural উভয় form হতে পারে। ✓ She understood the message after several readings. ✓ Our likings are regulated by our circumstances.

□ Gerund singular হওয়ায় তার verb টা singular হয়

GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
Adverb gerund কে modify করে। ✓ Indiscriminately cutting trees is harmful for environment.	Adjective Verbal Noun কে modify করে। ✓ The indiscriminate cutting of trees is responsible for environmental pollution.
Gerund object গ্রহণ করে। ✓ Reading newspaper is a good habit (সংবাদপত্র পড়া ভালো অভ্যাস)	Verbal Noun কখনো object গ্রহণ করে না। ✓ The reading of newspaper is a good habit (সংবাদপত্র পাঠ ভালো অভ্যাস)



□ Gerund intransitive verb থেকে তৈরি হলে object থাকেনা



GERUND	VERBAL NOUN
সব gerund verbal noun হতে পারে।	সব verbal noun gerund হতে পারে না।
✓ His coming to the party is not confirmed	✓ His arrival to the party is not confirmed.

□ Gerund Verbal noun এর অংশ সূত্রাং সব gerund কে verbal noun এর অন্তর্ভুক্ত করা যেতে পারে

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and Gerund.



- এটা ছিল অপূর্ব বিল্ডিং।
 - ✓ It was a lovely building.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
- তার হঠাৎ আগমন আমাদের সকলকে বিস্মিত করেছিল।
 - ✓ His sudden arrival surprised all of us.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and Gerund.



- আমরা অধীর আগ্রহে তার প্রত্যাবর্তনের অপেক্ষায় আছি
 - ✓ We are eagerly waiting for his return.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
- এই বইয়ের লেখার উপর তোমার ব্যাখ্যা আমার কাছে স্পষ্ট
 - ✓ Your explanation on the writing of this book is clear to me.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

□ এক্ষেত্রে 'writing' ও verbal হবে কেন হবে বুঝে নাও

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and Gerund.



- শান্তিতে ঘুমানো গুরুত্বপূর্ণ
 - ✓ Sleeping peacefully is important.
 - ✓ Gerund
- পশু হত্যা মহাপাপ
 - ✓ The killing of an animal is a great sin.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- তার মোনালিসার সুন্দর আঁকা প্রথম পুরস্কার জিতেছে
 - ✓ His beautiful drawing of Monalisa won the first prize.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
- তিনি ইলেকট্রিক বিল দিতে দেরি করেছিলেন
 - ✓ He delayed paying the electric bill
 - ✓ Gerund
 - Verbal noun preposition গ্রহণ করে
 - Gerund object গ্রহণ করে

Some sentences related to Verbal noun and



Gerund.

- অভিধানে নতুন শব্দটি খুঁজে পাওয়ার পর, আমি এটি লিখেছিলাম
 - ✓ After finding the new word in the dictionary, I wrote it down.
 - ✓ Gerund
- তার প্রস্থান আমাদের সকলকে দুঃখিত করেছিল
 - ✓ His departure saddened us all.
 - ✓ Verbal Noun
 - gerund intransitive verb হলে obj থাকেনা



Thank You