

Tense

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Tense (Noun)

- any of the forms of a verb which show the time at which an action happened
- ‘কাল’
- Verb বা ক্রিয়ার কাজ যে সময়ে সম্পন্ন হয়, সেই সময়কেই Tense বা কাল বলে।

Tense কয় প্রকার?

• ১৬ প্রকার

Tense আসলে একটাই!



present



Past

Present

Future



Tense কে প্রধানত তিন ভাগে ভাগ করা হয় ।

- Present Tense
- Past Tense
- Future Tense

Tense	Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
Present Simple	I have a car.	I don't have a car.	Do I have a car?
Present Continuous	You are playing football now.	You are not playing football now.	Are you playing football now?
Present Perfect	They have been there.	They haven't been there.	Have they been there?
Present Perfect Continuous	I have been living here.	I haven't been living here.	Have they been living here?
Past Simple	I lived in London.	I didn't live in London.	Did I live in London?
Past Continuous	I was playing.	I wasn't playing.	Was I playing?
Past perfect	He had worked.	He had not worked.	Had he worked?
Past Perfect Continuous	I had been watching.	I had not been watching.	Had I been watching?
Future Simple	I will come.	I will not come.	Will I come in?
Future Continuous	I will be playing basketball.	I won't be playing basketball.	Will I be playing basketball?
Future Perfect	He will have finished.	He will not have finished.	Will he have finished?
Future Perfect Continuous	We will have been starting.	We will not have been starting.	Will we have been starting?

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কেন একটা Tense কে ৪ ভাগে ভাগ করা হয়?

কারণ verb এর expression ৪ ভাবেই করা যায়।

- আমি স্কুলে যাই
- আমি স্কুলে যাচ্ছি
- আমি স্কুলে গিয়েছি
- আমি দুই বছর যাবৎ স্কুলে যাচ্ছি



•আমি স্কুলে যাচ্ছি

•আমি দুই বছর যাবৎ স্কুলে যাচ্ছি

✓	Present	Past	Future
Indefinite	Sub + verb এর Present form	Sub + verb এর Past form	Sub + shall/will + verb এর Base form
Continuous/ Progressive	Sub + am/is/are + (verb + ing)	Sub + was/were + (verb + ing)	Sub + shall be/will be +(verb + ing)
Perfect	Sub + have/has + V3	Sub + had + V3	Sub + shall have/will have + V3
Perfect Continuous	Sub + have/has/been + verb এর সাথে ing	Sub + had been + verb এর সাথে ing	Sub + shall have been/will have been + verb এর সাথে ing

Present Indefinite

simple

• Indefinite মানে অনির্দিষ্ট অর্থাৎ নির্দিষ্ট সময় উল্লেখ থাকবে না।

✓ I eat rice.

• He goes to school.

• Sub + verb এর Present form

Use of Present Indefinite



1. To express present actions or events or facts

- She looks very beautiful.
- They read books.

✓ 2. to express a habitual action

- I get up everyday at 6 a. m.
- He drinks tea every morning.

3. to express general truth or eternal truth

• The earth moves round the sun.

• Fortune favours the brave.

4. in Imperative sentences.

✓ • Draw a straight line.

✓ • Don't run in the sun.

5. in Exclamatory sentences

- Here comes the bus!

- There goes the bell!

6. To indicate a future event that is a part of a present plan or arrangement or schedule

- The train leaves at 9 p.m.
- Our semester begins next week.
- The exam starts next Monday.

The train
will leave
at 9 p.m.

7. To use quotations

- Keats said, “A thing of beauty is a joy for ever”

8. Historical Truth

- Shahjahan builds the Taj mahal.
- Akber ascends the throne when he is only twelve years old.

9. To use verbs of perception or stative verbs like see, hear, smell, taste, look, seem, feel etc.

- I see you are a fool.
- I hear the buzzing sound.
- You can't feel her sentiment.



Action

stative
smell

verb - Move, jump, read, eat

verb -
look, taste, seem, feel;

I see a bird in the garden.

I am seeing
the doctor

tomorrow.

→ You

look

lined today.

I am

looking

at the painting.

This coffee

tastes

bitter

temporary
action.

I am

tasting

the

soup.

temporary
action.

10. In clauses of time and condition

- I shall wait till you finish your lunch.
 - If it rains, we shall get wet
-

Signal words of Present Indefinite

OUR	GARDEN
<p>O = <u>Often</u></p> <p>U = <u>Usually</u></p> <p>R = <u>Regularly</u></p>	<p>G = <u>Generally</u></p> <p>A = <u>Always</u></p> <p>R = <u>Regularly</u></p> <p>D = <u>Daily</u></p> <p>E = <u>Everyday</u></p> <p>N = <u>Normally</u></p> <p>S = <u>Sometimes</u></p>

Present Continuous/Progressive

- যখন বলা হয়, তখন ঘটে
- I am taking a class.
- You are doing a class.
- Sub + am/is/are + (verb + ing)

Use of Present

Continuous/Progressive

1. For an ongoing action.


- She is studying now.
- The teacher is conducting a class.

2. For a very near future action (Personal arrangement)

• I am coming tomorrow.

• She is going to open a bank account next month.

Signal Words of Present Continuous

- Now
 - right now
 - at present
 - at this moment
 - at this very moment
- 

Present Perfect Continuous/Progressive

- একটা ঘটনা বা কাজ আগে থেকে শুরু হয়ে, যখন বলা হয় তখনও ঘটছে
- Continuous tense এ duration উল্লেখ থাকেনা, Perfect Continuous এ Duration উল্লেখ থাকে।
- I have been taking a class for two hours. → period
- You have been doing a class since 6 AM →
- Sub + have/has/been + verb এর সাথে ing

1 week
Sunday
Monday

Since/For/During

1981
2007

1990 1971

100 years
1942

• Since: Point of time

• For: Period

• For-এর পরে সংখ্যা + সময় ব্যবহৃত হয়

• কিন্তু since -এর পরে শুধু সময় উল্লেখ থাকে, সংখ্যা থাকে না।

• During: সুনির্দিষ্ট ঘটনা/Event



- It has been raining for two hours.
- We have been working here since Monday.
- He has been traveling extensively during the
summer break.

*We have been studying
during winter vacation.*

election time

Our group has been vandalising
during election time

Present Perfect

- **Past action** is connected to **now.**

~~My~~ I have slept.

I have been awoken.



- I have finished my homework. → I can relax now
- She has broken her phone. → she is unable to contact me

Present Perfect

A ~~snake~~ snake
has bitten
her.

• কোনো ঘটনা ইতিমধ্যেই ঘটে গিয়েছে (Past) কিন্তু এখনো বর্তমানের
সাথে কানেক্টেড

• I have done the work.

• He has studied for hours.

• Sub + have/has + V3

Use of Present Perfect

1. To indicate completed action in the immediate past

- He has just gone out.
- The clock has struck ten.

2. To express past actions whose time is not definite.

(experience)

- Mr. Roy has been to Japan. ✓
- I have never known him to be angry.
- Have you ever been to Delhi?

3. To denote an action beginning at some time past and continuing up to the present moment.

• I have known him for a long time.

✓ We have lived here for ten years.

have been living here
studying math

I have been studying
for 2 years.
→ I have

As ~~study~~ studied
math for 2 years.

4. An action that happened more than once in the past

- After this performance I have seen Hamlet five
times.
- I have seen this movie three times.

Signal words for Present Perfect

- Just

- Already

- Lately

- Recently

- Yet

- so far

- Since/for

- till now / just now

- Up to now

Yet/Already

• Already - Affirmative বাক্যে বসে (have/has এর পরে
বসে)

• Yet - Negative বাক্যে বসে। (বাক্যের শেষে বসে)

• I have already finished my work.

• I have not finished my work yet.

has not

✓ • He has yet to make a decision about his career.

✓ • She has yet to submit her assignment. ✓

↙

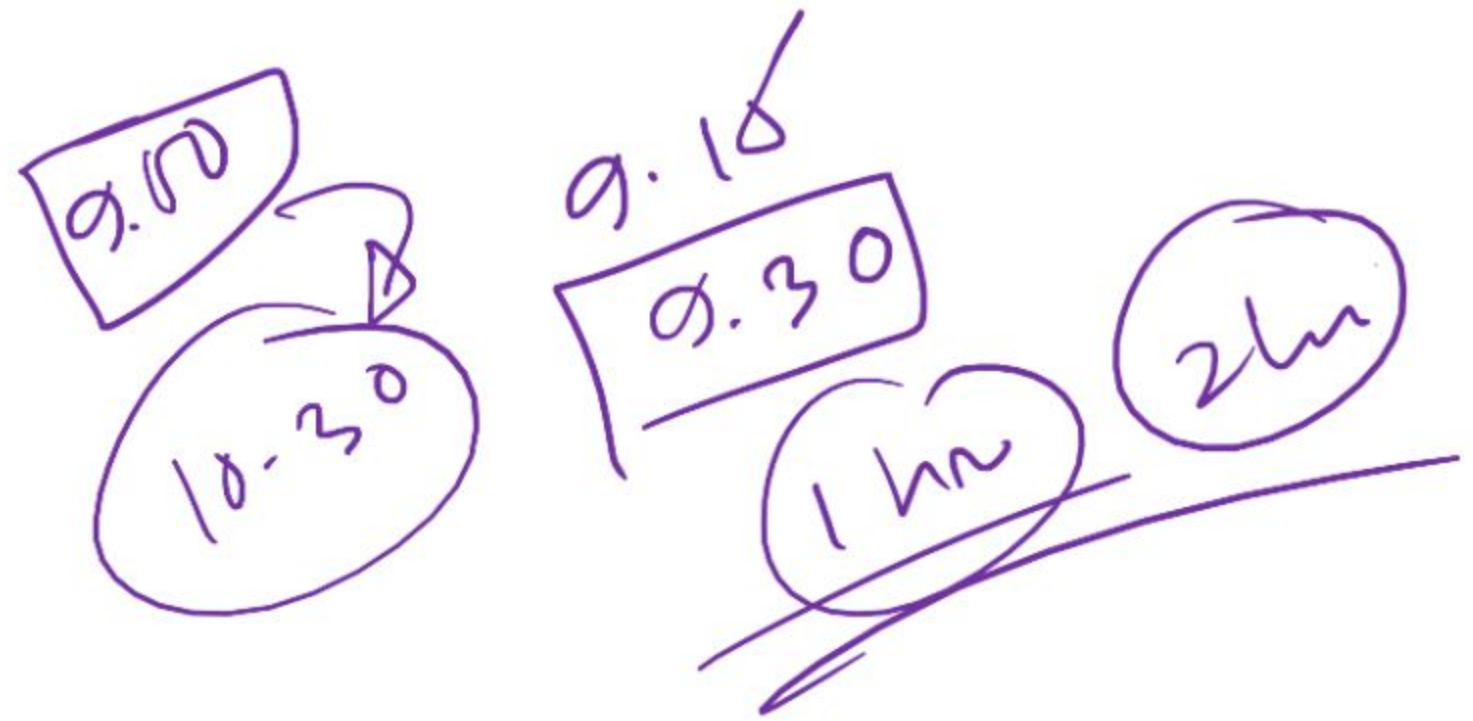
has

not

↘

We often ___ a victim of circumstances.

- ① • Fallen
- ② • Felt
- ③ • Did fall
- ④ • fall ✓



They _____ their reports **yet.**

① • Didn't

② • Have written

③ • Haven't written ✓

④ • wrote

My uncle _____ in this same house since 2010.

① • Lived

② • Has been lived

③ • Has lived ✓

④ • None

passive

~~Lived~~

- Let's Recap

Past Indefinite

- অতীতে কোনো কাজ শেষ হয়ে গিয়েছিল।
- I went to school.
- We completed the task
- Sub + verb এর Past form

Use of Past Indefinite

1. An action completed in the past

- He left school last year.
- I received the letter few days ago.

2. To express the past habits.

- He used to study many hours every day.
- I would always bathe in the river. ✓

Signal words for Past Indefinite

- Yesterday
- last + time (night, year, week, month)
- Ago
- for a while
- it is time
- it is high time
- wish, long since, once

Sequence-1

• অতীতের দুইটি ঘটনা, দুটিই একই সময়ে ঘটেছিল। ✓

• I finished the class

• You called me. ↗

• You called me when I finished the class. ✓

• I finished the class when you called me.

- I finished the class when you called me.

Past Continuous/Progressive

- used to denote an action going on at some time in the past.
- I was taking a class.
- You were doing a class.
- Sub + was/were + (verb + ing)

Use of Past

Continuous/Progressive

Sequence-2

অতীতকালে একটি ঘটনা ঘটলো একই সময়ে অন্য একটি ঘটনা চলমান

থাকলে, চলমান ঘটনাটি Past Continuous হয়

• I was playing

• You called me.

• When you called me, I was playing.

• You called me when I was playing.

Sequence-3

• অতীতের দুইটি ঘটনা, দুটিই একসাথে চলমান ছিল।

• I was playing.

• You were calling me.

• I was playing while you were calling me.

while → Post cont
when → Past Tense
Post cont

Past Perfect

- অতীতকালে দুইটি কাজ হয়েছিল। তার মধ্যে যেটি আগে হয়েছে সেটি Past Perfect, যেটি পরে হয়েছে সেটি Past Indefinite.

① • The PM fled.

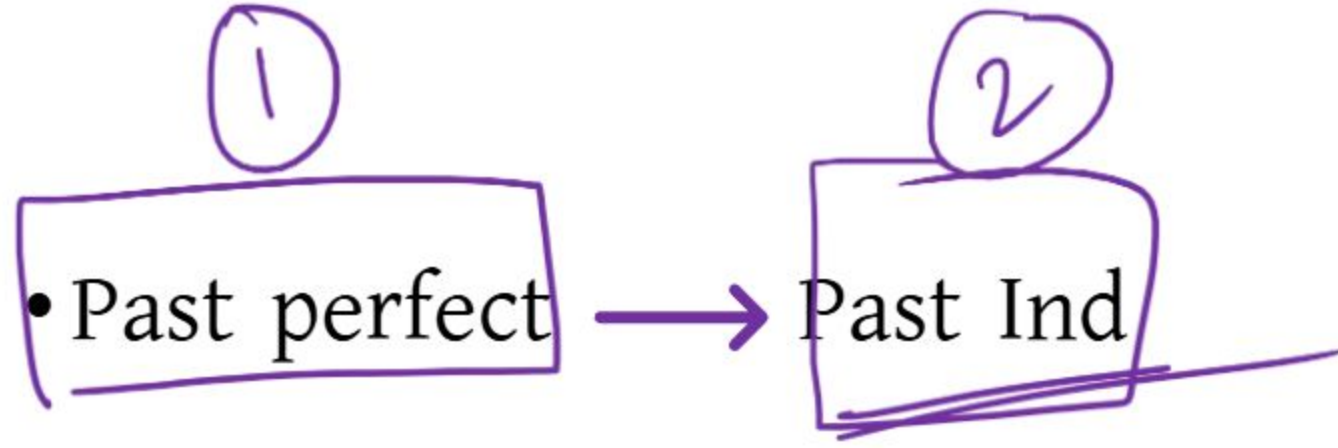
② • The mob entered the Gono Bhaban.

✓ • The PM had fled before the mob entered the Gono Bhaban.

কৃত্রিম
↓
past perfect

কৃত্রিম
↓
past ind.

• Sub + had + V3



• অতীতের দুইটি কাজ একটি আগে অন্যটি পরে।

• I left Dhaka. ①

• You called me. ②

• I had left Dhaka before you called me.

• You called me after I had left Dhaka.

Before/after

- sentence-এ before-এর পূর্বে এবং after-এর পরে Past Perfect Tense হয় এবং বাকি অংশটি Past Indefinite tense হয়।

• I had reached the station before the train left. ✓

• I reached the station after the train had left.

Structure

Past perfect + Before + Past indefinite

✓ Past indefinite + After + past perfect.

- She had left the room before I arrived.
- She went out to play after she had finished her
homework.

Past Perfect Continuous

- অতীতকালের দুইটি ঘটনা, একটি আগে অন্যটি পরে। আগেরটি চলমান ছিল ছিল, পরেরটি চলমান নয়। তাহলে আগেরটি হবে Past Perfect Continuous.

✓ The patient had been crying for two hours.

- Sub + had been + verb এর সাথে ing

*before
the doctor
came.*

Structure

Past perfect Continuous + Before + Past indefinite

Past indefinite + After + past perfect Continuous

- Rahim had been looking for a new room before he finally succeeded.
- The rain started after we had been playing for an hour.

- Let's Recap

Future Indefinite

- ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কাজ হবে।
- They shall call me.
- I will take the class.
- Sub + shall/will + verb এর Base form

Future Continuous

- ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কাজ চলতে থাকবে।
- They shall be playing cricket.
- I will be taking class.
- Sub + shall be/will be +(verb + ing)

Future Perfect

- ভবিষ্যতে দুইটি কাজ হবে। তার মধ্যে যেটি আগে হবে সেটি

Future Perfect, যেটি পরে হবে সেটি Future

Indefinite/Present Indefinite হয়।

• I will have reached ~~to~~ the station before the train
leaves/will leave. ✓

• Sub + shall have/will have + V3

Before/after

- sentence-এ before-এর পূর্বে এবং after-এর পরে Future Perfect Tense হয় এবং বাকি অংশটি Future/Present Indefinite tense হয়।
- I will have reached the station before the train leaves/will leave.
- I reach/will reach the station after the train will have left.

ভবিষ্যতের কোনো সময়ের মধ্যে কোনো কাজ সম্পাদিত হবে বোঝালে

Future Perfect tense হয়।

- By 2300, the scientists will have invented a panacea.
- I shall have finished the work by 5 PM.

- By the time she will get airport, her phone will have already died.
- By the time she gets to the airport, her phone will have already died.


Future Perfect Continuous

- ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কাজ কোনো সময় হতে অনবরত চলতে থাকবে বোঝাতে।
- I shall have been studying in this university for five
years.
- Sub + shall have been/will have been + verb এর সাথে
ing


Future Perfect Continuous

- ভবিষ্যতের দুইটি ঘটনা, একটি আগে অন্যটি পরে। আগেরটি চলমান থাকবে, পরেরটি চলমান থাকবে না। তাহলে আগেরটি হবে Future Perfect Continuous.
- I shall have been doing the work before my father comes/will come.


- Choose the correct sentence.

- While I was cooking, the phone rang. 
- While I was cooking, the phone rung.
- When I was cooking, the phone rung.
- The phone has rung, while I was cooking.

Did you buy any food when you ___ to the market?

- were going
- gone
- go
- went 

Choose the correct sentence from the following options:

- I have been working here since five years. 
- I am working here for five years.
- I have been working here for five years.
- I worked here since five years.

Thank You