

ENGLISH (MCQ): LECTURE-04

Teacher's Work : Verb (Infinitive, Gerund, Participle, Causative, Modal, Subjunctive)

Pin pointing Error (1-11)

- The Zoning improvement plan, better known as zip codes, enable postal clerks to speed the routing of an ever increasing volume of mail.
a. a. b. b. c. c. d. d.
- Because entertaining is such a competitive business, a group of singers or musicians needing a manager to help market the music.
a. a. b. b. c. c. d. d.
- The list containing names of miscreants have been submitted to the committee for action.
a. a. b. b. c. c. d. d.
- Michael Jackson, with members of his band, travel to key cities to give concerts and make public appearance.
a. a. b. b. c. c. d. d.
- Since the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation started guaranteeing bank accounts of \$ 1,00,000 or less, there are no reason for small investors to fear losing their savings.
a. a. b. b. c. c. d. d.
- Tina had better to change her study habits if she hopes to be admitted in a good university.
a. a. b. b. c. c. d. d.
- He must study hard for his exams because his results were very good. no error.
A B C D
- As Ranjon has cut a sorry figure in the examination, he should have studied more. no error.
A B C D
- Saddam Hussein systematically violated every UN resolution with the demand that he destroy his chemical and biological weapons. no error.
A B C D E
- Most of the candidates insist that there should be a running conversation with the public about election process.
A B C D
- My father suggests my younger brother that he must wear a sweater during winter. no error.
A B C D
- What is the appropriate translation of 'আমি তোমাকে খাওয়াই'?
a) I have eaten you. b) I eat you.
c) I feed you. d) I fed you.
- Swimming is a good exercise. Here 'swimming' is a/an-
a) noun b) gerund
c) verb d) adverb
- 'I will not let you go.' In this sentence 'go' is a/an-
a) infinitive b) gerund
c) participle d) verbal noun
- Opening the file, the detective took out a newspaper cutting. Here 'opening' is a/an-
a) Gerund b) Noun
c) Present Participle d) Adjective
- My mother _____ by a well-known photographer.
(a) had taken her photo (b) had her photo taken
(c) her photo was taken (d) took her photo
- Career Map _____ this job.
(a) helped me get (b) helped me to get
(c) helped me getting (d) helped who get
- Does he enjoy _____?
(a) to play tennis (b) to playing tennis
(c) playing tennis (d) himself to play tennis
- It is important that the admission office _____ your registration.
(a) will confirm (b) confirms
(c) confirm (d) should confirm
- The government requires that these forms should be submitted before the end of the financial year.
(a) that these forms should be submitted
(b) that these forms be submitted
(c) for these forms to be submitted
(d) these forms submission
(e) these forms should be submitted
- Pick appropriate word and complete the sentence _____ at the top of my voice, I tried to warn everybody. [BB Officer (Cash) held on 21.07.2023]
a) Having Shouted b) Being shouted
c) Since I shouted d) Shouting

Use of Semi-Modal Verbs

- i. **Dare, Need** : সাহস করা অর্থে Dare এবং প্রয়োজন অর্থে Need ব্যবহার করা হয়।
Dare, Need, Used to এরা মূল Verb হিসেবে এবং Auxiliary Verb হিসেবেও কাজ করে। এরা যখন বাক্যে মূল Verb-এর কাজ করে, তখন এদের পরবর্তী Verb টি Infinitive (to+V₁) হয়। কিন্তু এরা Auxiliary বা Modal Auxiliary হিসেবে ব্যবহার হলে পরবর্তী Verb-এর পূর্বে to উহ্য থাকে অর্থাৎ- Bare Infinitive হয়। যেমন-
How dare you phone him!
(এই বাক্যে dare একটি Modal Auxiliary হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হয়েছে বলেই পরবর্তী Verb-এর পূর্বে To ছাড়াই Infinitive অর্থাৎ Bare Infinitive হয়েছে।)
He dares to phone him.
(এই বাক্যে dare একটি Main Verb হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হয়েছে বলেই পরবর্তী Verb-এর পূর্বে To যুক্ত হয়ে Infinitive হয়েছে।)
He needs to go there. (need = main verb)
He need not go there. (need = auxiliary verb)
He used to go there. (used to = auxiliary verb)
- ii. **Be to** : কোনো কিছু করতে হচ্ছে এমন বুঝাতে be to + verb এর base form (V₁) ব্যবহার হয়। যেমন-
এই গ্রীষ্মেই আমাদের কৃষকদের খোলা আকাশের নিচে দাঁড়িয়ে কাজ করতে হচ্ছে।
In this summer, our farmers are to work standing in the field under the open sky.
তাকে প্রত্যহ কাজে যেতে হচ্ছিল।
He was to go for work everyday.
- iii. **Have to** : কোনো কিছু করতে হয় বা হয়েছিল এমন বুঝাতে Present Tense-এ have to, has to এবং Past Tense-এ had to ব্যবহার হয়। যেমন-
তাকে প্রচুর পরিমাণে কাজ করতে হয়।
He has to do a lot of work.
আমাকে এই বইটি লেখার জন্য প্রচুর পরিমাণে কাজ করতে হয়েছিল।
I had to do a lot of work to write this book.
- iv. **Be going to** : খুব নিকটতম ভবিষ্যৎ বুঝাতে বা শিগগিরই কোনো কিছু করা হচ্ছে এমন বুঝাতে be going to ব্যবহার হয়। যেমন-
আমরা ব্যাংক লিখিত পরীক্ষার প্রস্তুতির জন্য একটি ইংরেজি বই প্রকাশ করতে যাচ্ছি।
We are going to publish an English book for the preparation of Bank written examination.
- v. **Be about to** : কোনো কিছু অনুমান অর্থে বা শেষ হওয়ার পথে বুঝাতে be about to ব্যবহার হয়। এক্ষেত্রে ক্রিয়া দুইবার উচ্চারিত হয়। যেমন-
সে মরি মরি করছে।
He is about to die.
সে মরি মরি করেও মরে নাই।
He was about to die.
[Note : দুটি Clause-এর মধ্যে একই Verb ব্যবহার হলে দ্বিতীয় Verb-এর পুনরাবৃত্তি দূর করার জন্য তার পরিবর্তে do, does, did ব্যবহার হয়। তখন do, does, did কে বলা হয় Pro-verb. যেমন-
May I come in, sir? Yes, you do. (এখানে do একটি Pro-verb)]

- vi. **Be supposed to** : কোনো কিছু করার সম্ভাবনা আছে বা ছিলো বুঝাতে Be supposed to ব্যবহার করা হয়। যেমন-
আমার একটি নতুন গাড়ি কেনার কথা আছে।
I am supposed to buy a new car.
শিহাবের গত মাসে তার নানি বাড়িতে যাওয়ার কথা ছিলো।
Shihab was supposed to go to his grandmother's house in last month.
- vii. **Would rather** : ২টি কাজের মধ্যে কোনো একটিকে অধিক বেশি গুরুত্ব দিতে Would rather ব্যবহার করা হয়। যেমন-
আমি আজ রাতে বাড়ির বাইরে যাওয়ার চেয়ে বরং বাড়িতেই অবস্থান করব।
I would rather stay at home than go out tonight.
সে না খেয়ে থাকবে তবুও ভিক্ষা করবে না।
He would rather starve on than beg.
- viii. **Had better** : কোনো কাজ করা উচিত ছিল কিন্তু করা হয়নি/হয় না/হবে না- এমন বুঝাতে Had better ব্যবহার করা হয়। করা হয়।
যেমন-
যেমন- আমার বরং সেখানে যাওয়াই ভালো হবে।
I had better go there.
তুমি বরং আজ রাতে তাড়াতাড়ি ঘুমাও।
You had better sleep early tonight.

Students' Work on Verb & Subjunctive

Find out the Grammatically Correct Sentence (1-10)

1. **Select the correct sentence.** (DBBL AO-09)
a. The Chairperson and accompanied by his subordinates have attended the meeting.
b. The Chairperson, accompanied by his subordinates have attended the meeting.
c. The Chairperson has, accompanied by his subordinates have attended the meeting.
d. The Chairperson, accompanied by his subordinates have attended the meeting.
e. None of these.
2. **Select the correct sentence.** [Agrani Bank, Officer-2010]
a) Rina as well as Mina has come.
b) Rina as well as Mina have come.
c) Rina and Mina is coming.
d) Rina and Mina were arrived.
e) Rina as well as Mina have arrived.
3. **Select the correct sentence.** [Agrani Bank Ltd., SO-2011]
a. Your exercise of pouring hot water is not welcome.
b. Your exercise of powering cold water is not welcome.
c. Your exercise of pulling string is not welcome.
d. Your exercise of pulling the wool is not welcome.
e. Your exercise of saddling a pad is not welcome.
4. **Select the correct sentence.** [Agrani Bank Ltd., Officer-2011]
a. It is high top time that you should settle the matter.
b. It is high time that you have settle the matter.
c. It is top time that you should settle the matter.
d. It is high time that you should settle the matter.
e. It is top time for to settle the matter.

5. "A list of books about repairing and selling cars are in the file on the table"- which correction should be made to this sentence? [Jamuna Bank, MTO-2013]
- Replace of with to.
 - insert them after repairing.
 - insert a comma after selling.
 - change are to is.
 - insert a comma after file.
6. Select the correct sentence. [Sonal Bank, SO-2010]
- You but I am guilty for the accident.
 - You and not I are guilty for the accident.
 - You and not I am guilty for the accident.
 - You but I are guilty for the accident.
7. Find the correct sentence [Sonal Bank Officer-2008]
- Bad students do not listen with what their teacher says.
 - Bad students do not listen to what their teacher say.
 - Bad students do not about what their teacher say.
 - Bad students do not listen to what their teacher says.
 - Bad students do not listen at what their teacher says.
8. Find the correct sentence. [Standard Bank TO-13]
- It is neither here nor there.
 - It is not true and nor valid.
 - It is nor here and definitely not there.
 - It is neither true or valid.
9. Which one is plural? [BB, Officer-2001]
- Each
 - Someone
 - Anyone
 - None of these
10. Neither Mr. Rahman nor his friend are invited to speak at the seminar. [BB, AD-08]
- is invited to speak at the seminar.
 - are invited to speak at the seminar.
 - are to speak at the seminar.
 - are speaking at the seminar.
 - will be speak at the seminar.
- Find the Correct Option to Fill the blanks in the following Questions (11-29)**
11. The tense of a verb is related to _____. [BB Officer-01]
- Time
 - place
 - person
 - degree
12. Groups of tissues, each with its own function, _____ in the human body.
- It makes up the organs
 - make up the organs
 - they make up the organs
 - makes up the organs
13. A number of students _____ joined together to form a club for hockey fans. [DBBL, TO-10]
- Has
 - have
 - is
 - are
14. Thor Hyderthal, accompanied by the crew of the Kon Tiki, _____ in order to prove his theories of cultural diffusion.
- have sailed specially chartered courses
 - sailing specifically chartered courses
 - has sailed specifically chartered courses
 - they sail specifically chartered courses
15. The list of examination marks _____ missing from Tani's drawers only a while ago. [BB, AD- 10]
- is found
 - was found
 - are found
 - were found

16. Each of the radiolotopes produced artificially _____ its own distinct structure.
- have
 - has
 - having
 - have had
17. In a suspension bridge _____ that carry one or more flexible cables firmly attached at each end.
- there is two towers on it
 - there are two towers
 - two towers there are
 - towers there are two
18. Time and tide _____ for none. [BB, AD- 06]
- waits
 - wait
 - waiting
 - waited
19. A good team _____ of both recruiting and coaching as well as performing.
- is a result
 - it is a result
 - resulting
 - result it
20. The leader of the two countries _____ an agreement to avoid future conflicts. [IFIC MT-13]
- Has recently reach
 - recently reach
 - have reached recently
 - have recently reached
21. Not all textbooks that have been written on the _____ subject. [IFIC, MT-13]
- With
 - To
 - Be
 - Are
22. At least one of the students _____ full marks ever time. [Pubali Bank, SO-13]
- Get
 - are getting
 - gets
 - have got
23. Clones, _____, are genetically homogenous.
- plant growing from a single specimen
 - that a plant grown from a single specimen
 - plants grown from a single specimen
 - from a single specimen, plants
24. Scientists _____ a new planet. [Jamuna Bank, PO 14]
- Had just discovered
 - just discovered
 - have just discover
 - have just discovered
25. Words that join noun or pronoun objects to other words in the sentence called _____. [BB, Officer-01]
- Conjunction
 - Adverb
 - Preposition
 - Adjectives
26. Mrs. Lubna has returned _____.
- the wallet to its original owner
 - to its original owner the wallet
 - the wallet to its originally owner
 - a wallet back to its original owner
27. The professor gave _____.
- to the class a tough assignment
 - a tough assignment for the class
 - the class a tough assignment
 - an assignment tough to the class
28. We gave _____ a meal.
- for the visitors
 - at the visitors
 - the visitors
 - to the visitors
29. Rahat gave _____ a book.
- at the friend
 - to the friend
 - his friend
 - for the friend

62. Identify the sentence where the verb is used intransitively.
 a) He spoke the truth.
 b) I feel a severe pain in my head.
 c) Ring the bell.
 d) The ship sank rapidly.
63. He is called a genius. Here the verb is-
 a) transitive b) intransitive
 c) linking d) non-finite
64. The structure of the following sentence is: They made Karim the captain.
 a) subject + verb + object
 b) subject + verb + object + complement
 c) subject + verb + object + object
 d) subject + verb + complement + adverb
65. Subject + Transitive verb + Indirect object + Direct object.
 a) He gave me a book
 b) He gave a book to me
 c) He gave a good book
 d) He gave a book which was good
66. What is the correct sentence for the structure S+LV+ Adjective complement?
 a) She is an innocent lady
 b) She looks like an innocent lady
 c) She looks innocent
 d) She is looking an innocent
67. A verb that acts as noun is called:
 a) Participle b) Gerund c) Adverb d) Noun
68. How gerund is formed?
 a) Verb + ing b) Preposition + ing
 c) Noun + ing d) Adjective + ing
69. Gerund is similar to-
 a) noun b) adjective
 c) verb d) adverb
70. Gerund is related to-
 a) pronoun b) verb
 c) adjective d) adverb
71. A 'Gerund' does the work of-
 a) a verb and a noun
 b) a verb and an adjective
 c) a verb and an adverb
 d) a verb and conjunction
72. Working in the morning is good for health. Here 'working' is a/an-
 a) pronoun b) adjective
 c) gerund d) present participle
73. Reading is an excellent habit. Here the underlined word is a----.
 a) Verbal noun b) Participle
 c) Verb d) Gerund
74. Swimming is a good exercise. Here 'swimming' is a/an-
 a) noun b) gerund c) verb d) adverb
75. The base form of a verb is called-
 a) an infinitive b) weak verb
 c) strong verb d) transitive verb
76. 'I will not let you go.' In this sentence 'go' is a/an-
 a) infinitive b) gerund
 c) participle d) verbal noun
77. We want to take legal action against the hoodlum. Here in this sentence 'to' is a/an-
 a) Adverb b) Infinitive marker
 c) Preposition d) Conjunction
78. A simple infinitive does the work of a/an-
 a) Adjective b) Adverb c) Noun d) Verb
79. I loved to play chess when I was at college. Here 'to play' is a/an-
 a) Participle b) Noun c) Gerund d) Infinitive
80. To err is human. What is the underlined part called?
 a) Gerund b) Verbal noun
 c) Infinitive d) Participle
81. Present participle performs the works of-
 a) noun & adjective b) verb & adjective
 c) verb & adverb d) verb & noun
82. In the sentence 'A barking dog seldom bites' the word 'barking' does the function of-
 a) Noun and verb b) Noun and adjective
 c) Verb and adjective d) Verb and conjunction
83. A rolling stone gathers no moss. What 'rolling' is a-
 a) verbal adjective b) gerund
 c) verbal noun d) perfect participle
84. Education is the most pressing need of time. Here the word 'pressing' is-
 a) verbal adjective b) gerund
 c) pronoun d) none of the options
85. Do not get into the running train. The underlined word is-
 a) Adjective b) Verb c) Adverb d) Conjunction
86. The nightingale is a singing bird. In this sentence 'singing' is a/an-
 a) Verbal noun b) Gerund c) Adverb d) Participle
87. A swimming snake bit him in the leg. Here 'swimming' is a-
 a) verbal noun b) gerund c) infinitive d) participle
88. The rain came pouring down in torrent.
 a) Present participle b) Perfect participle
 c) Past participle d) None
89. 'She went away dancing.' Here 'dancing' is-
 a) an adjective b) a gerund
 c) an infinitive d) a present participle
90. I have doubts about this happening at all-
 a) Gerund b) Participle
 c) Present participle d) Adverb
91. Suddenly finding himself alone, he became frightened.
 a) Gerund b) Past Participle
 c) Present Participle d) Adverb
92. Riding a horse he went to a distant place. Here riding is-
 a) a gerund b) verbal noun
 c) gerundial infinitive d) present participle

93. Opening the file, the detective took out a newspaper cutting. Here 'opening' is a/an-
 a) Gerund b) Noun
 c) Present Participle d) Adjective
94. Which of the following is a strong verb?
 a) Run b) Walk
 c) Make d) Jog
95. The baby sleeps. The underlined word is a ---verb.
 a) neuter b) transitive
 c) passive d) regular
96. Which one is a weak verb?
 a) Chide b) Creep
 c) Cleave d) Cling
97. Awake-এর Past Participle কোনটি?
 a) Awaken b) Awoken
 c) Awaked d) Awakei
98. The past participle of 'bleed' is-
 a) bled b) bleded
 c) bleded d) bledned

Answer Sheet

1) c	2) a	3) d	4) d	5) d	6) b
7) d	8) a	9) d	10) a	11) a	12) b
13) b	14) c	15) b	16) b	17) b	18) b
19) a	20) c	21) d	22) c	23) c	24) d
25) a	26) a	27) c	28) c	29) c	30) d
31) d	32) b	33) a	34) c	35) c	36) d
37) c	38) b	39) d	40) c	41) b	42) a
43) b	44) d	45) d	46) a	47) a	48) a
49) c	50) d	51) c	52) d	53) b	54) d
55) c	56) b	57) a	58) c	59) c	60) d
61) c	62) d	63) c	64) b	65) a	66) c
67) b	68) a	69) a	70) b	71) a	72) c
73) d	74) b	75) a	76) a	77) b	78) c
79) d	80) c	81) b	82) c	83) a	84) a
85) a	86) d	87) d	88) a	89) d	90) c
91) c	92) d	93) c	94) a	95) d	96) b
97) b	98) a				

ENGLISH (MCQ): LECTURE-05

Teacher's Work: Tense, Sequence of Tense, Right Form of Verb & Conditional Sentence

Teacher's Work	Tense, Sequence of Tense & Conditional Sentence
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01. Choose the correct replacement of the underlined portion of the sentence 'The child does whatever his father was done'. [২০২০ সাল ভিত্তিক সমন্বিত ব্যাক ও আর্থিক প্রতিষ্ঠান, অফিসার (ক্যাশ), পরীক্ষা-২০২৩]
 a) had done b) did
 c) has done d) does
02. When water—, it — into ice. [Bangladesh Krishi Bank, Officer-2017]
 a) will freeze, turns b) freezes, turns
 c) would freeze, turned d) froze, turns
03. Choose the correct one:
 (a) I have been lived here since seven years.
 (b) I am living here for seven years.
 (c) I have been living here since seven years.
 (d) I have lived here for seven years.
 (e) I have been living here for seven years.
04. He bought a new car because his old one _____ down.
 (a) broke b) had broken
 (c) has broken d) was broken
05. The bus _____ arrives late during bad weather. [Pubali Bank JO-13]
 a) every week b) later
 c) yesterday d) always

06. The chairman told me that he — visit my office.
 (a) would b) had
 (c) will d) will have
07. By the time I had reached the bottom of the mountain, I _____ extremely tired.
 (a) feel b) have felt
 (c) was feeling d) felt
08. The orator had been left the auditorium before the audience stood up.
 (a) had been left b) was left
 (c) had left d) No improvement
09. Which of the following is a correct sentence?
 a) She denied that she had been written the letter.
 b) She denied that she had written the letter.
 (c) She denied that she wrote the letter.
 (d) She denied that she has written the letter.
10. It has been a week _____.
 (a) since I received your letter
 (b) since I have received your letter
 (c) since I had received your letter
 (d) I receive your letter
11. Choose the correct sentence.
 (a) No sooner had the program start then it started to rain.
 (b) No sooner had the program start than it started to rain.
 (c) No sooner had the program started then it started to rain.
 (d) No sooner had the program started than it started to rain.