

93. Opening the file, the detective took out a newspaper cutting. Here 'opening' is a/an-
- a) Gerund  
b) Noun  
c) Present Participle  
d) Adjective
94. Which of the following is a strong verb?
- a) Run  
b) Walk  
c) Make  
d) Jog
95. The baby sleeps. The underlined word is a ---verb.
- a) neuter  
b) transitive  
c) passive  
d) regular
96. Which one is a weak verb?
- a) Chide  
b) Creep  
c) Cleave  
d) Cling
97. Awake-এর Past Participle কোনটি?
- a) Awaken  
b) Awoken  
c) Awaked  
d) Awakei
98. The past participle of 'bleed' is-
- a) bled  
b) bleded  
c) bleded  
d) bledned

**Answer Sheet**

1) e	2) a	3) d	4) d	5) d	6) b
7) d	8) a	9) d	10) a	11) a	12) b
13) b	14) c	15) b	16) b	17) b	18) b
19) a	20) c	21) d	22) c	23) c	24) d
25) a	26) a	27) c	28) c	29) c	30) d
31) d	32) b	33) a	34) c	35) c	36) d
37) c	38) b	39) d	40) c	41) b	42) a
43) b	44) d	45) d	46) a	47) a	48) a
49) c	50) d	51) c	52) d	53) b	54) d
55) c	56) b	57) a	58) c	59) c	60) d
61) c	62) d	63) c	64) b	65) a	66) c
67) b	68) a	69) a	70) b	71) a	72) c
73) d	74) b	75) a	76) a	77) b	78) c
79) d	80) c	81) b	82) c	83) a	84) a
85) a	86) d	87) d	88) a	89) d	90) c
91) c	92) d	93) c	94) a	95) d	96) b
97) b	98) a				

**ENGLISH (MCQ): LECTURE- 05**

**Teacher's Work: Tense, Sequence of Tense, Right Form of Verb & Conditional Sentence**

**Teacher's Work**      **Tense, Sequence of Tense & Conditional Sentence**

01. Choose the correct replacement of the underlined portion of the sentence 'The child does whatever his father was done'. [২০২০ সাল ভিত্তিক সমন্বিত ব্যাংক ও আর্থিক প্রতিষ্ঠান, অফিসার (ক্যাশ), পরীক্ষা-২০২৩]
- a) had done                      b) did  
c) has done                      d) does
12. When water—, it — into ice. [Bangladesh Krishi Bank, Officer-2017]
- a) will freeze, turns              b) freezes, turns  
c) would freeze, turned          d) froze, turns
13. Choose the correct one:
- (a) I have been lived here since seven years.  
(b) I am living here for seven years.  
(c) I have been living here since seven years.  
(d) I have lived here for seven years.  
(e) I have been living here for seven years.
4. He bought a new car because his old one \_\_\_\_\_ down.
- (a) broke                              (b) had broken  
(c) has broken                      (d) was broken
15. The bus \_\_\_\_\_ arrives late during bad weather. [Pubali Bank JO-13]
- a) every week                      b) later  
c) yesterday                        d) always

06. The chairman told me that he — visit my office.
- (a) would                              (b) had  
(c) will                                  (d) will have
07. By the time I had reached the bottom of the mountain, I \_\_\_ extremely tired.
- (a) feel                                  (b) have felt  
(c) was feeling                      (d) felt
08. The orator had been left the auditorium before the audience stood up.
- (a) had been left                      (b) was left  
(c) had left                              (d) No improvement
09. Which of the following is a correct sentence?
- a) She denied that she had been written the letter.  
b) She denied that she had written the letter.  
c) She denied that she wrote the letter.  
d) She denied that she has written the letter.
10. It has been a week \_\_\_\_.
- (a) since I received your letter  
(b) since I have received your letter  
(c) since I had received your letter  
(d) I receive your letter
11. Choose the correct sentence.
- (a) No sooner had the program start then it started to rain.  
(b) No sooner had the program start than it started to rain.  
(c) No sooner had the program started then it started to rain.  
(d) No sooner had the program started than it started to rain.

12. While A gasoline prices B C people complain D that the oil companies were creating a fictitious gas shortage.
13. My uncle arrived while I \_\_\_\_\_ the dinner.  
 (a) would cook (b) had cooked  
 (c) cook (d) was cooking
14. We waited until the plane —. [Sonali, Janata, Agrani, Rupali Bank Ltd. & RAKUB Officer Taken by BRC-2008]  
 a) did not take off b) had not taken off  
 c) took off d) had taken off
15. Identify one of the underlined parts that must be changed to make the sentence correct. [Bangladesh Commerce Bank Ltd. Junior Officer-2008]  
 No sooner did the train arrived at the station  
 a b  
 than the passengers rushed towards it. No Error  
 c d e
16. When the bell rang, everyone stopped —. [Bangladesh Bank Assistant Director-2006]  
 a) from moving b) moving  
 c) that they move d) to move  
 e) move off
17. Which underlined part of the following sentence has an error? [২০২০ সাল ভিত্তিক সমন্বিত ব্যাক ও আর্থিক প্রতিষ্ঠান, অফিসার (জেনারেল), পরীক্ষা-২০২০]  
 He gave me a ticket so that I may visit the book fair.  
 a b c d
18. Which of the following is correct? [২০২০ সাল ভিত্তিক সমন্বিত ব্যাক ও আর্থিক প্রতিষ্ঠান, অফিসার (ক্যাশ), পরীক্ষা-২০২০]  
 a) It is many years since I came to Dhaka  
 b) It is many years since I had come to Dhaka  
 c) It is many years since I come to Dhaka  
 d) It is many years since I shall come to Dhaka
19. Choose the correct sentence: [Janata Bank Ltd. Asst. Executive Officer-2017]  
 a) If I find a bag in the street, I would take it to the police.  
 b) If I find a bag in the street, I took it to the police.  
 c) If I find a bag in the street, I will take it to the police.  
 d) If I find a bag in the street, I had to take it to the police.
20. If he — his first draft, he would have received a better grade. [Bangladesh Krishi Bank, Officer 2017]  
 a) would have revised b) had revised  
 c) revised d) has revised
21. If I would have realised the nature of the job earlier, I would not have accepted it. [Janata Bank Ltd., Assistant Executive Officer-2015]  
 a) If I would b) no improvement  
 c) In case I would have d) Had I
22. I would have waited for you at the station if I knew that you would come. [Janata Bank Ltd., Assistant Executive Officer-2015]  
 a) I known b) was knowing  
 c) no improvement d) had known
23. I would live in Australia if I — citizenship. [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank Senior Officer (1st Class)-2015]  
 a) would get b) will get  
 c) got d) get
24. I would have purchased that piece of land if I — enough money. [DBBL, MTO-2009]  
 a) had b) has  
 c) have had d) will have  
 e) None of these
25. Select the correct sentence from the alternative. [EXIM Bank Ltd. Officer-2009]  
 a) If I would have realized how close I was to failing, I would not gone to watch the game.  
 b) When I realized how close I was to failing, I would not have gone to watch the game.  
 c) If I would have realized how close I was to failing, I would not gone watching the game.  
 d) Had I realized how close I was to failing, I would not have gone to watch the game.  
 e) Had I realized how dose I was to failing, I would not go for watching the game.
26. If I was in position then, I would have told the truth. [Sonali, Janata, Agrani, Rupali Bank Ltd., Senior Officer-2008]  
 a) When I was in the position then  
 b) If I am in position then  
 c) If I had been in your position then  
 d) When I had been in your position then  
 e) None of them
27. If I had known you were coming — [Sonali, Janata, Agrani, Rupali Bank Ltd. & RAKUB Officer Taken by BRC-2008]  
 a) I would have gone to the station  
 b) I would go to the station  
 c) I will go to the station  
 d) I would be going to the station  
 e) I had gone to the station
28. If the parent would have shown more interest the daughter would have been in college today [Bangladesh Krishi Bank Assistant Officer-2007]  
 a) If the parent would have shown more interest  
 b) If the parent had shown more interest  
 c) If the parent would have showed more interest  
 d) Should the parent have shown more interest  
 e) It the parent would have been showing more interest
29. Complete the sentence 'Had I known in advance, I — enough preppartion' choosing from the given options. [BB, AD-2022]  
 a) would take b) would have taken  
 c) took d) will take

30. Choose the correct replacement of the underlined portion of the sentence 'If I would have known about the traffic jam at the bridge, I would have taken the alternate route'. [BB, Officer (Gen.), Exam-2022]

- If I would have known about
- If I could of known about
- If I was aware of
- Had I known about

### Students' Work Tense & Sequence of Tense

ক্রিয়া সম্পন্ন হওয়ার সময়কে Tense বা কাল বলা হয়। একটি কাজ কখন সম্পন্ন হয় বা হয়েছিল বা হবে তা নির্ধারিত হয় Tense-এর মাধ্যমে। অতএব, কোন কাজ কখন সম্পাদিত হয় বা হয়েছিল বা হবে তা নির্দেশ করার জন্য Verb-এর যে ভিন্ন ভিন্ন রূপ হয় তাকে Tense বলে।

Look at the sentences:

- Shahariar writes a letter.
- Shahariar wrote a letter.
- Shahariar will write a letter.

উক্ত Sentence তিনটিতে Verb-এর ভিন্ন ভিন্ন রূপ হয়েছে।

Verb-এর কাজ সম্পন্ন হওয়ার সময়ের শ্রেণীপটে Tense কে তিন ভাগে ভাগ করা হয়। যেমন—

- Present Tense
- Past Tense
- Future Tense

1. **Present Tense**(বর্তমান কাল): কোনো Verb-এর কাজ বর্তমান সময়ে সম্পাদিত হয় বুঝলে Verb-এর Present Tense হয়। যেমন—

Shahariar plays football.  
They go to Carrer Map.

2. **Past Tense** (অতীত কাল): কোনো Verb-এর কাজ অতীত সময়ে সম্পাদিত হয় বুঝলে Verb-এর Past Tense হয়। যেমন—

Shahariar ate rice.  
Riaz acted well.

3. **Future Tense** (ভবিষ্যৎ কাল): কোনো Verb-এর কাজ ভবিষ্যৎ সময়ে সম্পাদিত হয় বুঝলে Verb-এর future tense হয়। যেমন—

I will go to Kurigram.  
My mother will take medicine.

প্রত্যেক Tense-এর আবার ৪টি করে Form আছে। যেমন—

- |              |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|
| * Indefinite | * Continuous         |
| * Perfect    | * Perfect Continuous |

### Sequence of tense

Main clause এর verb অনুযায়ী subordinate clause-এর verb পরিবর্তিত হওয়াকে **sequence of tense** বলে

যেমন, When I called him, he responded me well.

উপরের বাক্যটিতে Main clause (he responded me well) এর Verb past tense-এ হওয়ায় subordinate clause (When I called him) এর Verb past tense অনুযায়ী হয়েছে।

### Usages of Various Kinds of Tenses & Sequence of Tenses

**Uses of Present Indefinite Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে

Present Indefinite Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়—

- বর্তমান কালের কোনো ঘটনা বা কাজ বুঝাতে—  
He goes home.  
He carries a bag.
- Universal Truth** বা চিরন্তন সত্য বোঝাতে—  
The sun rises in the east.  
The earth moves round the sun.
- অভ্যাসগত কাজ বুঝাতে—  
Mother reads the Quran every day.  
Father walks in the morning.
- Scientific truth** বুঝাতে—  
Ice floats on water.  
Water freezes into ice.
- অতি নিকট ভবিষ্যৎ বর্ণনা করতে—  
He goes to Sylhet tomorrow.
- Usually, often, sometimes, never, everyday** ইত্যাদি **Adverb** বা **Adverb Phrase**-এর সাথে—  
I usually go to bed at 11 pm.  
He often sleeps by day.
- লেখক বা বক্তার কোনো উদ্ধৃতি দিতে—  
Shakespeare says, "Cowards die many times before their deaths; the valiant never taste death but once".  
"A thing of beauty is a joy forever" is the first line of John Keats' poem Endymion,
- কোনো **History** কে সুস্পষ্টভাবে প্রকাশ করতে—  
Napoleon fights the Waterloo.
- দুটি **Future** ঘটনাকে তুলে ধরতে একটি **Future** এবং অন্যটি **Present Indefinite** হয়। এক্ষেত্রে When, before, till, until, where, unless, whenever, if ইত্যাদি যুক্ত **Sub-ordinate Clause** টিতে Present Indefinite Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়।  
I will not go to bed until I learn this.  
I will help if you ask.

**Use of Present Continues Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Present Continuous tense ব্যবহৃত হয়—

- বর্তমান মুহূর্তে/সময়ে কোনো কাজ চলছে বা ঘটছে (**action in progress**) বুঝাতে Verb-এর **Present Continuous Tense** হয়। যেমন—  
We are trying to help you. Addrita is learning English.
- Present indicating future** বুঝাতে **Present Continuous Tense** ব্যবহৃত হয়।  
They are going to Khulna tomorrow. I am doing this tomorrow.
- কোনো কাজ শুরু হয়েছে, চলছে এবং আরো কিছুক্ষণ চলতে পারে এমন বুঝাতে **Present Continuous Tense** ব্যবহৃত হয়।  
Nasima is coking rice. The girls are dancing.
- কোনো কাজ (ক্রিয়া) যদি বারবার একইভাবে ঘটতে থাকে তবে সে ক্ষেত্রে **Present Continuous Tense** হয়।  
Rakib is writing something again and again. They are committing mistakes always.

## 5. Changing situation বুঝতে Verb-এর Present

**Continuous Tense** হয়ে থাকে।

Corruption is decreasing day by day. Winter is falling gradually.

[N.B. নিম্নলিখিত Verb গুলোর সাধারণত Continuous হয় না]

**Verbs of emotion** : desire, wish, want, refuse, love, forgive, like, dislike, hate, adore, care.

**Verbs of senses** : hear, see, notice, smell, recognize, taste,

**Verbs of thinking** : feel, know, realize, remember, forget, understand, suppose, believe, mind, see, belong, own, possess, owe, consist, keep, concern ইত্যাদি।

**Incorrect** : I am loving her.

**Correct** : I love her.

**Incorrect** : This house is belonging to me.

**Correct** : This house belongs to me.

**Incorrect** : I am forgetting her.

**Correct** : I forget her.

আবার, **Universal truth** বুঝতে verb- এর **Present Continuous Tense** না হয়ে **Present Indefinite Tense** হয়।

**Incorrect** : The earth is moving round the sun.

**Correct** : The earth moves round the sun.

**Uses of Present Perfect Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Present Perfect Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়—

- যে কাজ এই মাত্র শেষ হয়েছে তা বুঝতে— I have finished the work.
- অতীতে কৃতকাজের ফল এখনো আছে বুঝতে— I have appeared at the exam.
- অতীত ঘটনার ফল এখনো বর্তমানে আছে বুঝতে— Sheikh Mujibur Rahman has played a great role for the liberation of Bangladesh.
- অভ্যাসগত কর্ম বুঝতে — He has always mis-called me.
- Before, after, when** ইত্যাদি **connective word** যুক্ত **Future Perfect Tense** নির্দেশিত বাক্যে—  
I will go after I have finished it.
- Sentence-এ just, just now, yet, already, lately, recently, immediately** ইত্যাদি থাকলে **Present Perfect Tense** হয়। যেমন— I have done it just now.
- Space of time-এর ক্ষেত্রে**, যেমন—আজ, এ সপ্তাহ, এ মাস ইত্যাদি থাকলে **Present Perfect Tense** হয়। যেমন—  
I have watched a film show today.
- অতীতে কোনো কিছু ছিল কিন্তু বর্তমানে নেই বুঝতে — He has been healthy in the past.
- সময়ের উল্লেখ না থাকলে প্রশ্ন করার ক্ষেত্রে **Present Perfect Tense** ব্যবহৃত হয়। যেমন—  
Have you ever gone to the Sundarbans? Have you heard the name of Haji Mohosin?
- অতীতের ঘটনা খবরের কাগজে প্রকাশের ক্ষেত্রে — A man has been suffocated to death at Lalbagh.

[N.B. অতীত নির্দেশক কোনো শব্দ (দিন, তারিখ বা সময়ের) উল্লেখ থাকলে Verb-এর **Present Perfect Tense** না হয়ে **Past Indefinite Tense** হয়]

**Examples:**

**Incorrect** : Father has returned home yesterday.

**Correct** : Father returned home yesterday.

**Incorrect** : My brother has passed B.A. in 2016.

**Correct** : My brother passed B.A. in 2016.

**\*Difference between Present Perfect Continuous Tense and Present Continuous Tense:**

Present Perfect Continuous এবং Present Continuous উভয়ের ক্ষেত্রে দুটি কাজই চলতে থাকে বা চলমান অবস্থায় থাকে।

Present Perfect Continuous Tense-এ কাজটি কখন থেকে শুরু হয়েছে বা কত সময় ধরে চলছে তার নির্দেশ থাকে। কিন্তু Present Continuous Tense-এ কোনো সময়ের উল্লেখ থাকে না। নিম্নের example গুলো লক্ষ্য করুন :

Present Perfect Continuous	Present Continuous
1. Suman has been sleeping for two hours.	2. Suman is sleeping.
2. The teacher has been taking the class since 10 am.	2. The teacher is taking the class.
3. I have been living in Dhaka since 2005.	3. I am living in Dhaka.

**Use of Past Indefinite Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Past Indefinite Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়—

- অতীতকালে কোনো কাজ বা ঘটনা হয়েছিল বুঝতে—  
হাফিজ স্কুলে গিয়েছিল।  
Hafiz went to school.  
বালিকাগুলো পরীক্ষা দিয়েছিল।  
The girls appeared at the exam.
- অতীতের নিয়মিত বা অভ্যাসগত কাজ বুঝতে—  
বাবা নিয়মিত বেড়াতেন। Father walked regularly.  
মা কুরআন পড়তেন। Mother read the Quran.
- বাক্যের ভিতরে গতকাল, গত রাত, গত মাস ইত্যাদি অতীত সময়ে উল্লেখ থাকলে—  
বাবা গতকাল খুলনা গিয়াছেন।  
Father went to Khulna yesterday.  
ছেলেটি গত মাসে বাড়ি ফিরিয়াছিল।  
The boy returned home last month.
- অতীতে একটি কাজ চলাকালিন আরেকটি কাজ ঘটেছিল এরূপ ক্ষেত্রে চলমান কাজটি Past Continuous Tense-এ এবং অন্যটি Past Indefinite-এ প্রকাশ করা হয়।  
আমরা যখন পড়ছিলাম, রানা ফিরছিল।  
When we were reading, Rana returned.

**Use of Past Continuous Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Past Continuous Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়—

- অতীত কালের কোনো কাজ চলছিল বুঝতে— আমরা রচনা লিখতেছিলাম — We were writing the essay.
- অতীতে একটি কাজ চলাকালিন আরেকটি কাজ ঘটেছিল এরূপ ক্ষেত্রে চলমান কাজটি Past Continuous Tense-এ এবং অন্যটি Past Indefinite-এ প্রকাশ করা হয়।  
— When we were reading, Rana returned

- অতীত কালে দুটি কাজ একসাথে চলছিল বুঝাতে- আমি যখন পড়িতেছিলাম, নাছিমা তখন ঘুমাইতেছিল - While I was reading, Nasima was sleeping.
- অতীতের বিচ্ছিন্ন বা সাময়িক ঘটনার বর্ণনা দিতে -একদিন আমি চিড়িয়াখানাটি দেখিতেছিলাম - One day I was visiting the Zoo.

**Uses of Past Perfect Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Past Perfect Tense বসে-

- অতীতকালের দুটি কাজের মধ্যে যেটি আগে হয় সেটিতে Past Perfect Tense বসে। যেমন-  
ডাক্তার আসিবার আগে রোগী মারা গেল -The patient had died before the doctor came.
- যদি that দ্বারা অতীতকালের দুটি কাজ শুরু হয় তবে that-এর পরবর্তী Verb-এর Past Perfect Tense হয়। যেমন- Sumon said that he had gone home.
- অতীতের একটি কাজ শুরুর সাথে সাথে যদি অপর কাজটি শুরু হয়ে থাকে- তবে No sooner had.... than এবং Hardly/scarcely had.....when দ্বারা দুটি clause যুক্ত হয় এবং প্রথম Clause টি Past Perfect Tense-এ হয়।

আমরা কলেজে পৌছাতে না পৌছাতে ঘণ্টা পড়িল - No sooner had we reached the college than the bell rang.  
অথবা, Hardly/scarcely had we reached the college when the bell rang.

বৃষ্টি শুরু হতে না হতেই তারা খেলা বন্ধ করল - No sooner had the rain started than they stopped the match.  
অথবা, Hardly/Scarcely had the rain started when they stopped the match.

- অতীতকালের দুটি কাজের মধ্যে প্রথমটি যদি দ্বিতীয়টির আগে শুরু হয়ে থাকে - তবে When-এর পরে Past Perfect Tense হয়। যেমন- When he had read, I sat down.
- অতীতকালের একটি ঘটনা ঘটানোর পর পরই যদি আর একটি ঘটনা ঘটে - তবে যে ঘটনাটি পূর্বে ঘটেছিল সেটি as soon as-এর পর Past Perfect Tense রূপে বসে। যেমন-  
ভাত খাওয়ার পরপরই সে ঘুমাতে গেল - He went to bed as soon as he had eaten rice.

**N.B.- Past Perfect Tense-এর ক্ষেত্রে মনে রাখতে হবে-**

- অতীতকালে দুটি কাজ সংঘটিত হবে।
- একটি কাজ আগে এবং অপরটি পরে হয়েছিল।

**Uses of Future Indefinite Tense :** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Future Indefinite Tense বসে-

- অনির্দিষ্ট ভবিষ্যৎকালের কাজ বুঝাতে, যেমন-  
মেয়েটি নাচবে -The girl will dance.
- Promise, wish, determination, command, threat ইত্যাদি বুঝালে 1<sup>st</sup> person-এ will এবং 2<sup>nd</sup> ও 3<sup>rd</sup> person-এ shall বসবে, যেমন-  
আমি বাড়ি যাবই (প্রতিজ্ঞা) -I will go home (promise).  
সে কাজটি করিবে (আদেশ)- He shall do the work (command).

**[N.B.- Modern English Grammar-এ যেকোনো Person-এর সাথে will ব্যবহার করা হয়।]**

**Uses of Future Continuous Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Future Continuous Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়।

- ভবিষ্যতে কোনো কাজ চলতে থাকবে বুঝালে-  
আম্মা রান্না করিতে থাকিবেন - Mother will be cooking.
- ভবিষ্যতে পূর্ব নির্ধারিত কোনো কাজ চলিতে বা ঘটিতে থাকিবে বুঝাতে-  
তাহারা কাজটি আগামীকাল থেকে করিতে থাকিবে - They will be doing the work from tomorrow.

**Uses of Future Perfect Tense:** নিম্নলিখিত ক্ষেত্রে Future Perfect Tense ব্যবহৃত হয়-

- ভবিষ্যৎ কালের দুটি কাজের মধ্যে অপেক্ষকৃত পূর্বে সম্পন্ন কাজটি বুঝাতে- We will have finished the work before the sun sets.
- অতীতের কোনো এক সময়ের মধ্যে একটি কাজ শেষ হয়ে থাকিবে এমন বুঝাতে- She will have reached home by this time.

### Students' Work on Tense & Sequence of Tense

- \_\_\_ you ever \_\_\_ to the Sundarbans? [Agrani Bank Officer-08]  
a) Have/gone b) Have/go  
c) Did/go d) Shall/go
- \_\_\_ we reached, than the train left the station. [IFIC Bank, Officer (Cash)-13]  
a) No sooner b) As soon as  
c) No sooner did d) No sooner had
- It is not difficult to \_\_\_ an alarm clock. [IFIC Bank, MT-13]  
a) soothe b) disassemble  
c) fort d) manual
- As I reached home, I saw my sister \_\_\_ for help. [National Bank PO-13]  
a) to shout b) shouting  
c) shouted d) shout
- The bus \_\_\_ arrives late during bad weather. [Pubali Bank JO-13]  
a) every week b) later  
c) yesterday d) always
- He said that he \_\_\_ be unable to come. [Pubali Bank SO-13]  
a) will b) shall  
c) should d) would
- By the time I had reached the bottom of the mountain, I \_\_\_ extremely tired. [Sonali Bank SO-08]  
a) feel b) have been felt  
c) am feeling d) felt
- When I---into him on the street, he said he \_\_\_ abroad for business affairs that evening. [DBBL PO-09]  
a) ran/was going b) will run/would go  
c) had run/is going d) have run/will be going
- When I met her last year, \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) she had married since five years  
b) she had been married for five years  
c) she was married five years ago  
d) she had been married since five years

10. I — to the hospital last Saturday.  
 (a) had go (b) had to go  
 (c) have to go (d) have being
11. We reached after he \_\_\_\_\_ the place.  
 (a) has left (b) left  
 (c) had left (d) was left
12. No sooner had he got the notice \_\_\_\_\_ he changed his direction.  
 (a) as (b) than  
 (c) before (d) after
13. The chairman told me that he — — visit my office.  
 (a) Would (b) had  
 (c) will (d) will have
14. The train \_\_\_\_\_ left by then.  
 (a) Was (b) were  
 (c) will (d) had
15. The bus \_\_\_\_\_ arrives late during bad weather.  
 (a) every day (b) used to  
 (c) always (d) yesterday
16. My uncle arrived while I — the dinner.  
 (a) Would cook (b) cooked  
 (c) had cooked (d) was cooking
17. It — since early morning.  
 (a) is raining (b) rained  
 (c) was raining (d) has been raining
18. While you \_\_\_\_\_ in the garden, someone arrived at home.  
 (a) were working (b) had worked  
 (c) work (d) will work
19. I wrote three novels \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) when I was in a primary school.  
 (b) when I was recovering from a brain surgery.  
 (c) when I felt the need for the sam(e)  
 (d) before I was awarded the literature prize.  
 (e) after my neighbor praised me for writing them
20. I want to meet Afia at the station. What time \_\_\_\_\_?  
 (a) does her train arrive  
 (b) is her train going to arrive  
 (c) is her train arriving  
 (d) will her train be arrived  
 (e) her train will arrive
21. By this time next year, Arif \_\_\_\_\_ at the University of Manchester.  
 (a) will begin classes  
 (b) has began classes  
 (c) should begin classes  
 (d) will have begun classes  
 (e) should have begun classes
22. By the time I had reached the bottom of the mountain, I \_\_\_\_\_ extremely tired.  
 (a) feel (b) have felt  
 (c) was feeling (d) felt

23. Find the correct sentence.  
 (a) Bina left for school after the rain has stopped.  
 (b) Bina left for school after the rain had stopped.  
 (c) Bina leaves for school after the rain has stopped.  
 (d) Bina had left for school after the rain has stops.  
 (e) Bina had left for school after the rain had stopped.
24. Find the correct Sentence.  
 (a) He worked and sang from morning then to night.  
 (b) He worked and sung from morning into night.  
 (c) He worked and sang from morning till night.  
 (d) He worked and sang from morning through night.  
 (e) He worked and sang from morning towards night.
25. Choose the correct sentence.  
 (a) Last year I walked to school every day.  
 (b) Last year I walking to school every day.  
 (c) Last year I walk to school every day.  
 (d) Last year I have been walking to school every day.  
 (e) Last year I had walking to school every day.
26. Which of the following sentence is correct?  
 (a) The man said to me that he is a coward.  
 (b) The man said me that he was a coward.  
 (c) The man told me that he was a coward.  
 (d) The man told to me that he is a coward.
27. Select the correct sentence.  
 (a) I know that you been sixty on your last birthday.  
 (b) I know that you had been sixty on your last birthday.  
 (c) I know that you have been sixty on you last birthday.  
 (d) I know that you are sixty on your last birthday.  
 (e) I know that you were sixty on your last birthday.
28. Select the correct sentence.  
 (a) I already twice have read this book.  
 (b) I have already read this book twice  
 (c) I have read already twice this book.  
 (d) I twice have already read this book.  
 (e) I have read this book already twice.
29. Select the correct sentence  
 (a) When has your brother come yesterday?  
 (b) When did your brother came yesterday?  
 (c) When had your brother came yesterday?  
 (d) When did your brother come yesterday?  
 (e) When had your brother come yesterday?

Find the right answer of the underlined part. (30 - 40)

30. Since 1986, there is no earthquakes here.  
 (a) have been (b) are  
 (c) were being (d) no improvement
31. Since we are living in Dhaka for five years, we are reluctant to move to another city.  
 (a) Since we are living  
 (b) Being that we are living  
 (c) Being that we have been  
 (d) Since we have been living  
 (e) Hence we are living

32. There is, of course, many reasons to believe that the Cox's Bazar will be the greatest natural wonder on earth.
- There is, of course, many reasons to believe that the Cox's Bazar will be the
  - There are, of course, many reasons to believe that the Cox's Bazar is the
  - There are, of course, many reasons to believe that the Cox's Bazar will be the
  - There is, of course, many reasons to believe that the Cox's Bazar is
33. When the police arrived, the criminal have already escaped.
- the criminal has already
  - the criminal were already
  - the criminal had already
  - the criminal already
  - the criminal was already
34. No sooner he reached home than all the villagers gathered at his home to listen to his story.
- would he reach
  - did he reach
  - had he reached
  - No improvement
35. Men have been known how important the sun is to them.
- Men have long known
  - Men have to been know long
  - Men had long knows
  - Men have to know long
36. Since when did you became an advocate of nuclear family?
- did you became
  - have you became
  - have you become
  - you became
  - are you becoming
37. I will have been working here for ten years by next week.
- will have been working here for ten years
  - will have been working here since ten years
  - will be working here for ten years
  - will be working here since ten years
  - have had been working here for ten years
38. I knew that I made a mistake when that peculiar smile spread across her face.
- That I make a mistake when
  - that I made a mistake, when
  - that I made a mistake; when
  - that I had made a mistake when
  - that I and made a mistake as
39. Because she had an astounding memory, Shakila has never forgotten an important equation. (IBA-2010)
- had an
  - could have had
  - has
  - did have
40. As a result of his method for early music education, Shинchi Suzuki has been known as one of the world's greatviolin teacher. (IBA/BBA-2009/10)
- has been known as one
  - had been known as one
  - is known as one
  - is being seen as one
  - has been one
41. She is shocked because she — a terrible accident. [Janata Bank, AEO-2017]
- sees
  - saw
  - has seen
  - is going to see
42. Choose the correct sentence — [Sonali Bank, Officer (IT)-2016]
- The boy who does best he will get a prize.
  - One should not waste his time.
  - Everyone have seen that movie.
  - If we will be late, they will be angry.
  - I fell asleep while I was watching TV.
43. Onion prices have — too much this month. [Janata Bank, SO (IT)-2016; Bangladesh Commerce Bank, Officer-2006]
- raised
  - risen
  - rise
  - none of these
44. The baby had — her teddy bear down in bed next to her before she fell asleep. [Sadharan Bima Corporation]
- lain
  - lay
  - lied
  - laid
45. Even after repeated warnings, he \_\_\_\_\_ to office on time. [KSF Asst. Manager-2016]
- never comes
  - never come
  - is never coming
  - have never come
46. It — raining since Monday. [Agrani Bank Ltd. Officer 2010]
- is
  - was
  - has been
  - were had been
47. When I met her last year, [IFIC Bank Ltd. Probationary Officer-2010]
- she had married since five years.
  - she had been married for five years.
  - she was married five years ago.
  - she had been married since five years.
48. Select the correct one to fill in the gap. After it was repaired, it — again. [Bangladesh Bank Assis. Director-2009]
- ran perfect
  - could run perfect
  - run perfect
  - ran perfectly
49. Select the appropriate word to fill in the gap. It — raining since early morning. [Bangladesh Bank Assis. Director-2009]
- is raining
  - rained
  - was raining
  - has been raining
50. When the police arrived, the criminal have already escaped. [Bangladesh Bank Assis. Director-2008]
- the criminal has already
  - the criminal were already
  - the criminal had already
  - the criminal already
  - the criminal was already



24. Choose the correct sentence —  
 (a) If I found a bag in the street, I will take it to the police  
 (b) If I found a bag in the street, I took it to the police  
 (c) If I found a bag in the street, I'd take it to the police  
 (d) If I found a bag in the street, I'll be taking it to the police
25. Choose the correct sentence.  
 (a) Had I Known the fact before, I would have taken appropriate measures?  
 (b) Had I known the fact before, I would have taken appropriate measures.  
 (c) If I had known the fact before, I would take appropriate measures.  
 (d) Had I known the fact before, I would take appropriate measures.
26. Please give him medicines if his temperature will rise.  
 (a) if his temperature will arise  
 (b) if his temperature would rise  
 (c) if his temperature rises  
 (d) unless his temperature rises
27. If I was in position then, I would have told the truth.  
 (a) When I was in the position then  
 (b) If I am in position then  
 (c) If I had been in your position then  
 (d) When I had been in your position then  
 (e) None of them
28. If he runs fast, he — win the prize.  
 a) would    b) will    c) can    d) could
29. If he has time, he — us next Friday.  
 a) visit    b) visited  
 c) will visit    d) will have visit
30. If you paint that picture well, they — it in the exhibition.  
 a) will hang    b) would hang  
 c) hung    d) will have hung
31. Rokeya — from her post if she is late again.  
 a) is dismissed    b) has been dismissed  
 c) will be dismissed    d) will dismissed  
 e) is dismissing
32. If the price is low, the demand —.  
 a) is increased    b) will be increased  
 c) would be increased    d) will increase
33. If I — a millionaire, I — help every worth cause.  
 a) be, should    b) was, could  
 c) were, would    d) on, may
34. The boy — unless he apologized sincerely.  
 a) not be forgiven    b) have not be forgiven  
 c) has not forgiven    d) would not be forgiven
35. If your sister —, she would come,  
 a) invited    b) inviting  
 c) invites    d) were invited
36. Choose the correct sentence:  
 a) If I had a camera, I would have taken some photographs.  
 b) If I had a camera, I would taken some photographs.  
 c) If I had a camera, I would taken some photographs.  
 d) If I had a camera, I would take some photographs.

37. It would be pleasant/better if we — where to go.  
 a) know    b) known    c) knew    d) had known
38. If I were you, I — anyone about this.  
 a) wouldn't told    b) wouldn't have told  
 c) wouldn't be telling    d) wouldn't tell
39. I could go for a drive if today — Saturday.  
 a) was    b) is    c) were    d) could be
40. If we had a boat, we — the river.  
 a) will be crossing    b) will cross  
 c) would cross    d) would make cross
41. If I knew the answer, — tell you.  
 a) I'll    b) I'd    c) I must    d) I can
42. I would tell you the answer if I — what it was.  
 a) know    b) had known  
 c) knew    d) have known
43. If the oxygen supply in the atmosphere — not replaced by plants, it would soon be exhausted.  
 a) is    b) was    c) were    d) had been
44. Find out the erroneous part :  $\frac{\text{If}}{\text{a}}$  England had not imposed  $\frac{\text{b}}$  a tax on tea over two hundred and twenty years  $\frac{\text{ago}}{\text{c}}$ ,  $\frac{\text{will}}{\text{d}}$  the United States have remained part of the British Common wealth?

**Answer : Conditionals**

1.d	2.b	3.d	4.c	5.a	6.b
7.a	8.c	9.a	10.b	11.d	12.c
13.c	14.a	15.a	16.e	17.b	18.d
19.a	20.d	21.d	22.b	23.a	24.c
25.b	26.c	27.c	28.b	29.c	30.a
31.c	32.d	33.c	34.d	35.d	36.d
37.c	38.d	39.c	40.c	41.b	42.c
43.c	44.d				

**Students' Work**

**Right Form of Verbs**

**Rule-1:** Subject (3<sup>rd</sup> Person Singular Number হয় এবং Verb যদি Present Indefinite Tense) তবে verb-এর শেষে s বা es যোগ করতে হয়। যেমন— The boy plays football.

**Rule-2:** Universal truth (চিরন্তন সত্য), habitual fact (অভ্যাসগত কর্ম) বুঝালে verb-এর Present Indefinite Tense হয়। যেমন— The sun rises in the East.

**Rule-3:** কোনো বাক্যে Always, regularly, sometimes, often, generally, daily, every day, occasionally, usually, normally ইত্যাদি থাকলে verb-এর Present Indefinite Tense হয়। যেমন—

He always disturbs the class.

When does Mr. Karim take his food normally?

A good boy prepares his lessons regularly.

**Rule-4:** বর্তমানে চলছে এমন কোনো কাজ বুঝাতে verb-এর Present Continuous Tense হয়। এক্ষেত্রে বর্তমান সময়ের (যেমন—now, at this moment ইত্যাদি) সাধারণত উল্লেখ থাকে। যেমন—

He is singing a song now.

They are watching TV at this moment.

**Rule-5:** কোনো বাক্যে Just, just now, already, yet, ever, lately, recently ইত্যাদি থাকলে verb-এর Present Perfect Tense হয়। যেমন—

I have seen him recently.  
Have you ever been to Dhaka?  
He has gone out just now.

**Rule-6:** কোনো বাক্যে Yesterday, ago, long ago, long since, since, once, once upon a time, last night ইত্যাদি থাকলে Verb-এর Past Tense হয়। যেমন—

He left home last night.  
I came home yesterday.  
I saw you long ago.

**Rule-7:** বাক্যে No Sooner had ... than, scarcely had ... when, hardly had ... before/when থাকলে ১ম verb-কে Past Participle করতে হয় এবং ২য় verb-কে Past form করতে হয়। যেমন—

No sooner had he seen the police than he ran away.

**Rule-8: Present + Since+ Past Indefinite/ Past + Since + Past Perfect**

It is many years since I came to Dhaka.  
Many years have passed since his father died.  
It was many years since they had first met.

**Rule-9: Past Perfect + before+ Past Indefinite Tense অথবা Past Indefinite Tense + after + Past Perfect হয়। যেমন—**

The patient had died before the doctor came.  
The patient died after the doctor had come.

**Rule-10: Had better, had rather, would better, would rather, let, must, need, dare + Verb-এর base form। যেমন—**

You had better go home.  
I will not let you enter the class room.

**Rule-11: To be এবং Having + মূল Verb-এর Past Participle হয়। যেমন—**

He ran away having taken the money.  
The Principal desired the notice to be hung.

**Rule-12: Mind, worth, without, past, cannot help, could not help, with a view to, look forward to, would you mind, get used to/Preposition + Verb-এর সাথে ing। যেমন—**

I went to the library with a view to reading there.  
He never thought of going to cinema.

**Rule-13: It is high time, it is time, wish, fancy + পরবর্তী Verb-এর Past Form বসে। কিন্তু Subject না থাকলে to + verb বসে। যেমন—**

I fancy I turned pale.  
It is high time he changed his bad habits.  
I wish I sang a song.

**Rule-14: As though, as if, wish থাকলে ব্রাকেটের to be-এর জায়গায় were বসে। যেমন—**

I wish I were a king.  
He talks as if he were a leader.

**Rule-15: As though/as if দ্বারা বৃত্ত Sentence এর প্রথম অংশ Present Indefinite Tense হলে পরের অংশ Past Indefinite Tense হয়। আবার প্রথম অংশ Past Indefinite Tense হলে পরের অংশ Past Perfect Tense হয়। যেমন—**

He speaks as though he knew everything.  
She proceeded as though I had not spoken.

**Rule-16: Every, each, none of, either of, one of, neither of + Singular Verb হয়। যেমন—**

One of the boys was absent yesterday.  
Everybody loves flowers.

**Rule-17: Can, could, may, might, shall, should, will, would ইত্যাদি Modal Verb + Main Verb-টি base form হলে কিন্তু Modal + be + Main Verb-টি Past Participle Form হয়। যেমন—**

You may come tomorrow.  
I can do the work.  
One should take care of one's health.  
He may be arrested.

**Rule-18: Sentence-এ Tomorrow, next day, next week, next month, next year ইত্যাদি থাকলে verb-এর Future Indefinite Tense হয়। যেমন—**

He will go home tomorrow.

### Students' Work on Right Form of Verb

- 01. The thief took — when he saw the police.** [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank, Cashier-2017]  
a) out      b) after      c) off      d) in
- 02. On the results of the survey — and the type of campaign, we shall wage.** [Bangladesh Bank, Office (Cash)-2016]  
a) depend the extend      b) depend the extent  
c) depending the extent      d) depends the extent
- 03. Neither the salesmen nor the marketing manager — of the system.** [Bangladesh Bank, Officer (Cash)-2016]  
a) is in favour      b) is favouring  
c) are in favour      d) are for favour
- 04. The decoration of the new office block, including the furniture and curtains, —.** [Bangladesh Bank, Officer (Cash)-2016]  
a) is more pleasing      b) is most pleasing  
c) are more pleasing      d) have most pleasing
- 05. He made his children — their homework every afternoon.** [Janata Bank Ltd. Executive Officers Financial Analyst (E0-F0)-2016]  
a) do      b) to do  
c) to study      d) studied
- 06. I like — the kitchen as often as possible.** [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank, Officer (2nd Class)-2015]  
a) cleaning      b) clean  
c) to clean      d) that I clean
- 07. Choose the right option : Mr. Kaiser would rather — home last night.** [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank, Officer (2nd Class)-2015]  
a) stay      b) stayed  
c) have stayed      d) had stayed

08. **When the car arrived, we had walked for the whole three hours.**  
 a) When the car arrived, we had walked for the whole three hours.  
 b) When the car arrived, we were walking for the whole three hours.  
 c) When the car had arrived, we had been walking for the whole three hours.  
 d) When the car arrived, we had been walking for the whole three hours.
09. **She couldn't stop -----.** [Sonali Bank Ltd., Senior Officer-2014]  
 a) laughing    b) to laugh    c) laugh    d) laughter
10. **A basket of apples— been sold.** [Sonali Bank Ltd., Senior Officer-2014]  
 a) have    b) has    c) having    d) haven't
11. **I remember — the race.** [Sonali Bank Ltd., Senior Officer-2014]  
 a) the horse's winning the race  
 b) the horse to win  
 c) the horse winning    d) the horse will win
12. **The doctor suggested that the patient — weight.** [Sonali Bank Ltd., Officer & Officer (Cash)-2014]  
 a) should lose    b) lose  
 c) would lose    d) loss
13. **Our teacher makes us — very hard.** [Sonali Bank Ltd., Officer & Officer (Cash)-2014]  
 a) to work    b) work  
 c) working    d) worked
14. **The Man is trying hard to — weight.** [Sonali Bank Ltd., Officer & Officer (Cash)-2014]  
 a) loose    b) lose  
 c) loss    d) lost
15. **They treated me — I were a child.** [Agrani Bank Ltd. Senior Officer-2010]  
 a) when    b) like    c) as  
 d) as if    e) if
16. **The accused was — for murder.** [Agrani Bank Ltd. Senior Officer-2010]  
 a) hung    b) hunged    c) hanged  
 d) hang    e) hanging
17. **As the sun — , I decided to go out.** [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank Cashier-2010]  
 a) has shone    b) shine  
 c) shines    d) was shining
18. **A new house — at the corner of the road.** [Sonali, Janata, Agrani, Rupali Bank Ltd. & RAKUB Officer Taken by BRC-2008]  
 a) been built    b) is being built  
 c) is building    d) building
- The word 'paradigm' means — [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank Cashier-2010]  
 a) proof    b) example  
 c) advice    d) parallel
19. **He advised me — smoking.** [Rajshahi Krishi Unnayan Bank, Cashier-2010]  
 a) giving up    b) to give up  
 c) in giving up    d) from giving up
20. **After the hurricane, uprooted trees — all over the ground.** [Bangladesh Bank, AD-2009]  
 a) were laying    b) were lying  
 c) were laid    d) was laid
21. **Salman completed — the report on the share market last Monday.** [Dutch-Bangla bank Ltd. MTO-2009]  
 a) writing    b) have written  
 c) write    d) having written
22. **You will soon get used — in such an environment.** [Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd, MTO-2009]  
 a) to work    b) to working  
 c) working    d) worked
23. **The wall of the palace — in nearly hundred years ago.** [Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd, MTO-2009]  
 a) was built    b) built  
 c) was building    d) was build
24. **Mr. Rehman behaves as if he — everything.** [Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd., MTO-2009]  
 a) know    b) knew    c) knows  
 d) have known    e) None of these
25. **When Sagor — me, I — cartoon on TV.** [Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd., MTO-2009]  
 a) calls/ was watching  
 b) called/was watching  
 c) have called/ was watching called/watch  
 d) None of these
26. **The participants — working on the complex project for one hour when he suddenly — the room.** [Dutch-Bangla Bank Ltd., Assistant Officer-2009]  
 a) have/will enter    b) were/entered  
 c) are/comes    d) had been/entered
27. **No, he is not here. He just — out.** [Mercantile Bank Ltd. Officer-2009]  
 a) goes    b) went  
 c) has gone    d) gone
28. **I made her — .** [EXIM Bank Ltd. Officer-2009]  
 a) to crying    b) crying  
 c) cry    d) to crying
29. **He is considering not to go.** [Karmasangsthan Bank Officer-2009]  
 a) to go    b) going  
 c) to have gone    d) having gone
30. **Let's go to the movie when you get through to study.** [Karmasangsthan Bank Officer-2009]  
 a) to study    b) to have studied  
 c) studying    d) study
31. **Almost everyone fails — his driver's test on the first try.** [Karmasangsthan Bank Officer-2009]  
 a) in passing    b) to pass  
 c) to have passed    d) passing
32. **Her colleagues expected — the job.** [Karmasangsthan Bank Officer-2009]  
 a) she got    b) her to get  
 c) that she getting    d) her getting

33. Identify one of the underlined parts that must be changed to make the sentence correct. [BASIC Bank Assistant Officer-2009]  
 No sooner the bell rang than the teacher entered  
 a b c  
 the class No Error  
 d e
34. I hate— at holidays. [Sadharan Bima Corporation Assistant Manager-2009]  
 a) working b) work  
 c) to do work d) all of these
35. From the four underlined words or phrases in each sentence, select the one that needs correction. If there is no error in the sentence, select 'No Error'. [Bangladesh Petroleum Exploration & Production Company Ltd., Officer-2009]  
 A somnambulist walks as if he is sleeping. No Error  
 a b c d e
36. You had better to hurry if you don't want to miss the bus. [BRDB Officer-2009]  
 a) had better to hurry b) were in a hurry  
 c) had to hurry d) had better hurry
37. Most white people don't object— them by their first name. [BRDB Officer-2009]  
 a) that I call b) to my calling  
 c) for calling d) being called
38. I am looking forward — you. [BRDB Officer-2009]  
 a) to see b) meeting  
 c) to seeing d) meet

39. "Tomorrow the President is going open a new hospital." [Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation Asst. Manager-2009]  
 a) is going open a new hospital  
 b) will going open a new hospital  
 c) is going to open a new hospital  
 d) will going to open a new hospital
40. She caught them while they—. [Agrani Bank Ltd. Officer Taken by BRC-2008]  
 a) was talked b) were talking  
 c) did talked d) is talking
41. Bangladesh — greatly in terms of its cultural values over the past five years. [Agrani Bank Ltd. Officer Taken by BRC-2008]  
 a) changed b) is changing  
 c) had changed d) will have changed
42. I — TV when the telephone rang. [Agrani Bank Ltd. Officer Taken by BRC-2008]  
 a) watched b) was watching  
 c) are watching d) have watched

Answer : Right Form of Verb					
1.c	2.b	3.a	4.a	5.a	6.c
7.c	8. d	9.a	10.b	11.c	12.b
13.b	14.b	15.d	16.c	17.d	18.b
19.a	20.b	21.a	22.b	23.a	24.b
25.b	26.d	27.c	28.c	29.b	30.c
31.b	32.b	33.b	34.a	35.d	36.d
37.b	38.c	39.c	40.b	41.a	42.b

## ENGLISH (MCQ): LECTURE- 06

### Subject-Verb Agreement & Redundancy

#### Teacher's Work | Subject-Verb Agreement

01. Which of the following is correct?  
 a) Many a man has done the work.  
 b) Many a man have done the work.  
 c) Most of the milk have gone bad.  
 d) Many men has done the work.
02. Choose the correct sentence.  
 a) A number of boys were present  
 b) A number of boys was present  
 c) The number of peoples was very high  
 d) The number of people were very high
03. The production of different kinds of artificial materials are essential to the conservation of our natural resources. No Error  
 a b c d e
04. The office memoranda was circulated, but nobody responded; hence, few supplies were ordered.  
 a b c d
05. The Arabian Nights — still great favorite.  
 a) has b) are c) is d) were
06. Mumps are a very common disease which usually affects children.  
 a b c d
07. Slow and steady \_\_\_\_\_ the race.  
 a) Win b) wins c) has won d) won
08. Which of the following is correct?  
 a) Forty mile is a long way.  
 b) Forty miles is long way.  
 c) Forty miles is a long way.  
 d) Forty miles are a long way.  
 e) Forty miles are long way.
09. Select the correct sentence.  
 a) There was no limits of her miseries.  
 b) There was no limitation of her miseries.  
 c) There are no limitation of her miseries.  
 d) There are limit of her miseries.  
 e) There are no limit of her miseries.