

Tenses: Overview



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● Tenses:

Tense মানে ক্রিয়ার কাল।

অর্থাৎ একটা কাজ কখন হয়েছে, সেটা Tense ব্যবহার করে বুঝানো হয়।

Tense 3 ধরনের হয়ে থাকে।

এবং এই প্রতিটি Tense-এর জন্য Sentence Structure-এর উপর প্রভাব পড়ে।

● Present Tense	বর্তমান কাল
● Past Tense	পূর্ব কাল
● Future Tense	ভবিষ্যৎ কাল

প্রতিটা ক্রিয়ার কালের মধ্যে আবার ৪ টি অংস আছে।

Present Tense	● Present Simple Tense	সাধারণত যে সকল কাজ করা হয়।	I play football. I brush my teeth. I eat rice.
	● Present Continuous Tense	যে কাজ এখন করা হচ্ছে / চলছে	I am playing football. I am brushing my teeth. I am eating rice.
	● Present Perfect Tense	পূর্বে কিছু করা হয়েছে। have/has বসে	I have played football. I have eaten rice. I have gone to London.
	● Present Perfect Continuous Tense	পূর্বে কিছু শুরু হয়ে এখন পর্যন্ত চলছে	She has been waiting since 3pm. I have been playing football since 3 pm.
Past Tense	● Past Simple Tense	পূর্বে কিছু হয়েছে	I played football. I ate rice.
	● Past Continuous Tense	পূর্বে কিছু হচ্ছিলো	I was playing football. I was eating rice.
	Past Perfect Tense	পূর্বে একটা কাজের আগে আরেকটা হয়েছিলো	I had finished my homework before the teacher came. The movie had already started before we reached the theatre.
	Past Perfect Continuous Tense	পূর্বে একটা কাজ হচ্ছিলো এবং পূর্বেই শেষ হয়ে গিয়েছে	She had been waiting since 3pm. I had been playing football since 3pm.
Future Tense	● Future Simple Tense	ভবিষ্যতে কিছু হবে	I will play football. I will brush my teeth. I will eat rice.
	● Future Continuous Tense	ভবিষ্যতে কিছু হতে থাকবে	I will be playing football. I will be eating rice.
	Future Perfect Tense	ভবিষ্যতে একটা সময়ের মধ্যে কিছু একটা হয়ে থাকবে	I will have gone to London by July next year.
	Future Perfect Continuous Tense	ভবিষ্যতে একটা কাজ ভবিষ্যতের একটা সময় পর্যন্ত চলতে থাকবে	I will have been living in Dhaka for 3 months tomorrow.

PRESENT TENSE!

An illustration of an hourglass with orange sand, green top and bottom chambers, and a white outline. A small blue circle is to its right. A purple wavy line underlines the text.

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Present Simple Tense

সাধারণত যে সকল কাজ করা হয়।
(কিছু করে)

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Base Form of Verb (+ -s/es for third person singular) Negative: Subject + Do/Does + Not + Base Form of Verb Interrogative: Do/Does + Subject + Base Form of Verb
Examples	Affirmative: I walk to school every day. Negative: She does not like coffee. Interrogative: Do you play the piano?

Sami is a 10-year-old boy who lives in Dhaka, Bangladesh. He wakes up at 6:00 AM every day. He gets out of bed, brushes his teeth, and washes his face. Then, he puts on his clothes and goes downstairs to eat breakfast.

Sami's mother usually makes him eggs, toast, and a cup of tea. After breakfast, Sami helps his mother with the chores around the house. He cleans the dishes, sweeps the floor, and takes out the trash. At 7:30 AM, Sami gets ready for school. He puts on his backpack and shoes and walks to the bus stop. He gets on the bus and rides to school with his friends.

Sami's school starts at 8:00 AM and ends at 2:00 PM. He has classes in math, science, English, Bangla, social studies, and art. He also has recess and lunch during the day. After school, Sami goes home and does his homework. He usually finishes his homework by 5:00 PM. Then, he plays outside with his friends until it gets dark. At 7:00 PM, Sami eats dinner with his family. After dinner, he watches TV or plays video games for a while. Then, he goes to bed at 9:00 PM.

This is the daily routine of Sami, a 10-year-old boy from Dhaka, Bangladesh.



Present Continuous Tense

যে কাজ এখন করা হচ্ছে / চলছে
(কিছু হচ্ছে বর্তমানে)

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Am/Is/Are + Base Verb + -ing Negative: Subject + Am/Is/Are + Not + Base Verb + -ing Interrogative: Am/Is/Are + Subject + Base Verb + -ing
Examples	Affirmative: They are studying for the exam. Negative: I am not watching TV right now. Interrogative: Are you coming to the party?

The city is bustling with activity. People are walking to work, shopping, and running around. Cars are honking their horns. The sun is shining brightly. Birds are chirping in the trees and squirrels are chasing each other around. A group of children are playing in the park and a couple is holding hands while walking down the street. The city is feeling very alive today.



Present Perfect Tense

পূর্বে কিছু করা হয়েছে। have/has বসে

(কিছু হয়েছে)

একদম Past Simple-এর মত শুধু
Structure-এর difference.

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Have/Has + Past Participle Negative: Subject + Have/Has + Not + Past Participle Interrogative: Have/Has + Subject + Past Participle
Examples	Affirmative: We have visited that museum before. Negative: She has not finished her homework yet. Interrogative: Have you ever been to Paris?

I have worked at my current job for five years. During that time, I have learned a lot about the industry and the company. I have worked on several projects and have gained a lot of experience in my field. I have received several promotions and have taken on more responsibilities over time. I have worked with a lot of talented and supportive colleagues, and I have got to know important people. I have also attended several conferences and training sessions to stay up-to-date with the latest trends and techniques. I have enjoyed my time at this company.



Present Perfect Continuous Tense

পূর্বে কিছু শুরু হয়ে এখন পর্যন্ত চলছে

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Have/Has + Been + Verb-ing Negative: Subject + Have/Has + Not + Been + Verb-ing Interrogative: Have/Has + Subject + Been + Verb-ing
Examples	Affirmative: They have been working on the project for hours. Negative: She has not been studying since 5pm. Interrogative: Have you been waiting for 2 hours?

I have been practicing the piano for the past few hours. I have been working on a difficult song and have been making slow but steady progress. I have been playing piano for years. I have been practicing the same part of the song over and over again. My fingers have been getting tired. I have been listening to recordings of the song. I have been practicing in a quiet room to minimize distractions. I have been enjoying the process of practicing and learning new music. I have been looking forward to the day when I can play this piece perfectly.



PAST TENSE



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Past Simple Tense

পূর্বে কিছু হয়েছে

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Past Simple Verb Negative: Subject + Did + Not + Base Form of Verb Interrogative: Did + Subject + Base Form of Verb
Examples	Affirmative: He played soccer yesterday. Negative: We did not finish our homework. Interrogative: Did you see the movie?

When I was a child, I loved playing outside. I often rode my bike around the neighborhood and played with my friends at the park. I climbed trees and played hide and seek, and we had so much fun together. My family went on vacations to the beach every summer, and I loved swimming in the ocean and building sandcastles. I played football and basketball at school. I loved reading books and spending time with my pets. Today I realized how much fun I had as a child. I learned from all of those experiences.



Past Continuous Tense

পূর্বে কিছু হচ্ছিলো

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Was/Were + Verb-ing Negative: Subject + Was/Were + Not + Verb-ing Interrogative: Was/Were + Subject + Verb-ing
Examples	Affirmative: I was reading a book when the phone rang. Negative: They were not studying when I called. Interrogative: Were you sleeping when I arrived?

Yesterday, I was sitting at a coffee shop. People at the coffee shop were watching TV. They were watching a cricket match. I was also watching it. I was sipping my coffee and relaxing also. I was spending time outside my house after a long time.



Past Perfect Tense

পূর্বে একটা কাজের আগে আরেকটা হয়েছিলো

এই Tense-এর সব কিছু Simple Past Tense-এ লেখা যায়

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Had + Past Participle Negative: Subject + Had + Not + Past Participle Interrogative: Had + Subject + Past Participle
Examples	Affirmative: She had already left when I arrived. Negative: We had not done our homework when the teacher came. Interrogative: Had you finished your meal when the guests arrived?

By the time I had arrived at the party, everyone had already eaten dinner. The host had prepared a delicious meal, and the guests had enjoyed it. They had also played games and talked. Some guests had already left, while others were getting ready to leave. The music had been turned off, and the lights had been dimmed. I realized that I had missed most of the party, but I was happy to be there for the end.

In Simple Past Tense:

When I arrived at the party, everyone already ate dinner. The host prepared a delicious meal, and the guests enjoyed it. They played games and talked. Some guests left, while others got ready to leave. The music was turned off, and the lights were dimmed. I realized that I missed most of the party, but I was happy to be there for the end.



Past Perfect Continuous Tense

পূর্বে একটা কাজ হচ্ছিলো এবং
পূর্বেই শেষ হয়ে গিয়েছে

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Had + Been + Verb-ing Negative: Subject + Had + Not + Been + Verb-ing Interrogative: Had + Subject + Been + Verb-ing
Examples	Affirmative: By the time I got there, they had been waiting for an hour. Negative: She had not been exercising regularly. Interrogative: Had they been practicing for the concert?

I had been studying for several hours when I realized that I had left my notebook at the library. I had been taking notes for my exam, and I needed them to finish my assignment. I had been feeling frustrated and overwhelmed, but I knew I had to find a solution. I had been searching for my notebook for half an hour before I remembered where I had left it.



FUTURE TENSE



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Future Simple Tense

ভবিষ্যতে কিছু একটা হবে

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Will + Base Form of Verb Negative: Subject + Will + Not + Base Form of Verb Interrogative: Will + Subject + Base Form of Verb
Examples	Affirmative: I will visit my grandparents next weekend. Negative: She will not forget to call you. Interrogative: Will you come to the party?

Tomorrow, I will wake up early and have breakfast. Then, I will go to the gym and exercise for an hour. After that, I will meet my friend for lunch at a new restaurant. In the evening, I will attend a concert with my family. After the concert, I will go home and read a book. Then I will fall asleep. I will have to wake up early again the next day.



Future Continuous Tense

ভবিষ্যতে কিছু একটা চলতে থাকবে

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Will + Be + Verb-ing Negative: Subject + Will + Not + Be + Verb-ing Interrogative: Will + Subject + Be + Verb-ing
Examples	Affirmative: She will be sleeping Negative: She will not be sleeping. Interrogative: Will she be sleeping?

Tomorrow, I will be working at the office from 9 AM to 5 PM. I will be answering emails, talking to colleagues and doing tasks on the computer. At noon, I will be having lunch. In the afternoon, I will be attending a meeting. After work, I will be going home, and in the evening, I will be watching a movie or reading a book.



Future Perfect Tense

ভবিষ্যতে একটা সময়ের মধ্যে
একটা কাজ করে থাকবেন

Structure	Affirmative: Subject + Will + Have + Past Participle Negative: Subject + Will + Not + Have + Past Participle Interrogative: Will + Subject + Have + Past Participle
Examples	Affirmative: By this time next year, I will have graduated. Negative: They will not have finished the project by the deadline. Interrogative: Will you have completed the assignment by tomorrow?

By March of next year, I will have completed my Bachelor's degree. And by July of next year, I will have applied for a university abroad. And by August of next year, I will have gone to Canada to pursue higher education. And after 2 years, I will have graduated from ABC university with a master's degree in Marketing. And two months after that, I will have gotten my first job.

