



# NTRCA

## Lecture Sheet

# English

### Lecture Content

# Lecture

# 15

## ► Correction

### Correction

☑/Rule-01 **Let, get, have, Make, see, help** এই verb গুলোর পর যদি আরেকটি verb থাকে তার পূর্বে **to** বসে না।

- Inc** : I won't let you to go.  
**Cor** : I won't let you go.  
**Inc** : He helped me to do the work.  
**Cor** : He helped me do the work.  
**or,** : He helped me doing the work.  
**Inc** : I will make you to understand.  
**Cor** : I will make you understand.  
**Inc** : I saw him to go to college.  
**Cor** : I saw him go to college.  
**or,** : I saw him going to college.

☑/Rule-02 **Until** (যতক্ষণ না) নিজেই **negative** অর্থ প্রকাশ করে। তাই এরপর আর কোনো **negative** শব্দ ব্যবহৃত হবে না।

- Inc** : Wait here until he does not come back.  
**Cor** : Wait here until he comes back

**Note** : **until** এর পূর্বের অংশ **future tense** এর হলে অপর অংশ **present simple** অথবা **present perfect tense** এর হয়।

- Inc** : They will wait here until the sun will set.  
**Cor** : They will wait here until the sun sets.

**Note** : **until** এর পূর্বের অংশ **past tense** এর হলে পরের অংশও **past tense** এর হবে। **Ex**: They waited until the plane took off.

- Inc** : We waited there until they come back.  
**Cor** : We waited there until they came back.

☑/Rule-03 কোনো বাক্যে **few, little, rarely, hardly, seldom, scarcely** থাকলে তা **negative** অর্থ প্রকাশ করে। তাই অন্য কোনো **negative** শব্দ এই বাক্যে ব্যবহৃত হবে না।

- Inc** : He hardly does not come here.  
**Cor** : He hardly comes here.

☑/Rule-04 **Prefer** এরপর দুটি verb থাকলে দুটির সঙ্গেই **ing** যুক্ত হয়। অর্থাৎ **gerund form** বসে, **infinitive** বসে না। তবে একটি verb থাকলে **Infinitive** বসে।

- Inc** : He prefers to sing than to dance.  
**Cor** : He prefers singing to dancing.

☑/Rule-05 মিথ্যা বলা বুঝাতে **tell a lie** এবং সত্য বলা বুঝাতে **speak the truth** ব্যবহৃত হয়।

- Inc** : He tells lie. **Cor** : He tells a lie.  
**Inc** : The man did not tell truth.  
**Cor** : The man did not speak the truth.

☑/Rule-06 পাঁচ মিনিট আগে, পাঁচ ঘণ্টা আগে, পাঁচ বছর আগে অর্থ বুঝাতে **ago** ব্যবহৃত হয় কিন্তু আগে কখনো বুঝাতে **before** ব্যবহৃত হয়।

- Inc** : He was here five minutes before.  
**Cor** : He was here five minutes ago  
**Inc** : I have not seen him ago.  
**Cor** : I have not seen him before (আমি আগে কখনো তাকে দেখিনি)।

☑/Rule-07 ভর্তি হওয়া বুঝাতে **get admitted** বা **enroll** ব্যবহৃত হয়; **enroll** শব্দটি **passive** আকারে বসে।

- Inc**: He took admission at Dhaka University.  
**Cor**: He got admitted at Dhaka University.  
**Or,** He was enrolled at Dhaka University.

☑/Rule-08 কোনো কিছু উদ্ধৃত করা বুঝালে **quote from memory** বসে। কিন্তু মুখস্ত করা বুঝালে **learn by heart** বসে।

- Inc** : Quote the poem from heart.  
**Cor** : Quote the poem from memory.  
**Inc** : Learn the poem from memory.  
**Cor** : Learn the poem by heart.

☑/Rule-09 ভুল করা বুঝাতে **make mistake** বসে; **do mistake** বসে না।

- Inc**: He did a mistake in his youth.  
**Cor**: He made a mistake in his youth.

☉/Rule-10 কারো ওজন বেড়ে যাওয়া বুঝাতে **put on weight** এবং ওজন কমে যাওয়া বুঝাতে **lose weight** ব্যবহৃত হয়।

**Inc** : Your weight has increased.

**Cor** : You have put on weight.

**Inc** : Your weight has decreased.

**Cor** : You have lost weight.

☉/Rule-11 কাউকে বিয়ে দেওয়া বুঝাতে **marry somebody off** ব্যবহৃত হয়।

**Inc** : He gave his daughter marriage.

**Cor** : He married his daughter off.

☉/Rule-12 **Would you mind** এরপর **if** থাকলে **verb** এর **past form** হয়

**Inc** : Would you mind if I sit here?

**Cor** : Would you mind if I sat here?

☉/Rule-13 জড় পদার্থ ডুবা বুঝাতে **sink** বসে কিন্তু জীবন্ত কিছু ডুবা বুঝাতে **drown** বসে।

**Inc** : The boy sank in the Burigonga.

**Cor** : The boy drowned in the Burigonga.

**Inc** : The ship drowned that night.

**Cor** : The ship sank that night.

☉/Rule-14 নাড়ি দেখা বুঝাতে **feel pulse** ব্যবহৃত হয়, **see pulse** ব্যবহৃত হয় না।

**Inc** : The doctor saw my pulse.

**Cor** : The doctor felt my pulse.

☉/Rule-15 পূর্ণ সময়ের ক্ষেত্রে **o'clock** বসে। কিন্তু পূর্ণ সময় না বুঝালে **o'clock** বসে না।

**Inc** : They will go by 7:30 o'clock train.

**Cor** : They will go by 7:30 train.

**Inc** : My friend came to my district by 9 train.

**Cor** : My friend came to my district by 9 o'clock train.

☉/Rule-16 দুই এর মধ্যে পারস্পরিক কার্য বুঝালে **each other** এবং দুই এর অধিক এর মধ্যে পারস্পরিক কার্য বুঝালে **one another** বসে।

**Inc** : The two boys helped one another.

**Cor** : The two boys helped each other.

**Inc** : The three boys helped each other.

**Cor** : The three boys helped one another.

☉/Rule-17 নতুন করে কোনো যন্ত্রপাতি আবিষ্কার করা বুঝাতে **invent** ব্যবহৃত হয়। আর অজানা কোনো জিনিস আবিষ্কার করা, খুঁজে পাওয়া বুঝাতে **discover** ব্যবহৃত হয়।

**Inc** : Columbus invented America.

**Cor** : Columbus discovered America.

**Inc** : Marconi discovered radio.

**Cor** : Marconi invented radio.

☉/Rule-18 **When/if** দ্বারা কোনো **sentence** শুরু হলে ঐ **sentence** এ **then/yet** ব্যবহৃত হয় না। কিন্তু দুই **clause** এর মাঝে কমা ব্যবহৃত হয়।

**Inc** : When I saw him then I asked him.

**Cor** : When I saw him, I asked him.

☉/Rule-19 কলম (**pen**) দিয়ে লেখা বুঝাতে **with** এবং কালি (**ink**) দিয়ে লেখা বুঝাতে **in** হয়।

**Inc** : The letter is written by ink.

**Cor** : The letter is written in ink.

**Inc** : The letter is written by a pen.

**Cor** : The letter is written with a pen.

☉/Rule-20 সাধারণত **pair, dozen, score** (বিশ/কুড়ি), **hundred, thousand, million** ইত্যাদির পূর্বে নির্দিষ্ট সংখ্যাবাচক শব্দ যেমন **one, two, three** ইত্যাদি এবং অনির্দিষ্ট সংখ্যাবাচক শব্দ যেমন: **some, several, a few, many** ইত্যাদি থাকলে এদের সঙ্গে 's' যোগ করে **plural** করা যায় না। কিন্তু এদের পুনঃপুনঃ উক্তি যেমন ডজন ডজন, কুড়ি কুড়ি, শত শত, হাজার হাজার ইত্যাদি বুঝালে এদের সঙ্গে 's' যোগ করে **plural** করতে হয়। যেমন:

**Inc** : He bought five dozens eggs.

**Cor** : He bought five dozen eggs.

**Inc** : He lent me five thousands taka.

**Cor** : He lent me five thousand taka.

**Inc** : Hundred of people attended the seminar.

**Cor** : Hundreds of people attended the seminar.

☉/Rule-21 **Adjective** এরপর **infinitive** থাকলে **passive voice** হয় না। কিন্তু **noun** এরপরে **infinitive** থাকলে তার **passive** হয়।

**Inc** : English is easy to be learnt.

**Cor** : English is easy to learn.

**Inc** : This is a chair to sell.

**Cor** : This is a chair to be sold.

☉/Rule-22 শুদ্ধ বুঝাতে **customs** ব্যবহৃত হয়। **custom** নয়।

**Inc** : Rakib works in the custom department.

**Cor** : Rakib works in the customs department.

☉/Rule-23 **Folk** (জাতিগোষ্ঠী/লোক) শব্দটি **plural** হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হয়।

**Inc** : The folk has gone there.

**Cor** : The folk have gone there.

☉/Rule-24 'Vegetables' **plural noun** হিসেবে ব্যবহৃত হয়।

**Inc** : Vegetables is good for health.

**Cor** : Vegetables are good for health.

☉/Rule-25 কোনো কিছু কারও সীমানার মধ্যে থাকলে **in** কিন্তু সীমানার বাইরে থাকলে **to** বসে।

**Inc** : The Himalayas is in the north of Bangladesh.

**Cor** : The Himalayas is to the north of Bangladesh.

**Inc** : Rangpur is to the north of Bangladesh.

**Cor** : Rangpur is in the north of Bangladesh.

**Inc** : The Bay of Bengal is in the south of Bangladesh.

**Cor** : The Bay of Bengal is to the south of Bangladesh.

☉/Rule-26 'Fractional' (ভগ্নাংশ ঘটিত) **taka** এর ক্ষেত্রে **and a half** দ্বারা লিখতে হয়।

**Inc** : He gave me five and half taka.

**Cor** : He gave me five taka and a half.

☉/Rule-27 **Never, seldom, no sooner, not only** দিয়ে **sentence** শুরু হলে এই শব্দগুলোর পরই **auxiliary verb** বসে তারপর **subject** বসে।

**Inc** : Never I have seen such a great man.

**Cor** : Never have I seen such a great man.

**Inc** : No sooner I had reached the station than the train left.

**Cor** : No sooner had I reached the station than the train left.

☉/Rule-28 জোরে বা খুব বুঝাতে **hard** ব্যবহৃত হয়। **hardly** নয়।

**Inc** : It is raining hardly. **Cor** : It is raining hard.

☑ **Rule-29** Consider এরপর as বসে না, তবে regarded এর পর as বসে।

- Inc** : I consider him as my elder brother.  
**Cor** : I consider him my elder brother  
**Inc** : He regarded me his brother.  
**Cor** : He regarded me as his brother.

☑ **Rule-30** Return (ফিরে আসা) এরপর back বসে না

- Inc** : He returned back home yesterday.  
**Cor** : He returned home yesterday.

☑ **Rule-31** Accuse এর পর of বসে কিন্তু charge এর পরে with বসে।

- Inc** : He was accused for murder.  
**Cor** : He was accused of murder.  
**Inc** : He was charged for murder.  
**Cor** : He was charged with murder.

☑ **Rule-32** Await এর পর কোনো preposition না বসে সরাসরি object বসে; await মানে প্রতীক্ষা করা (wait for)।

- Inc** : We are awaiting for their reply.  
**Cor** : We are awaiting their reply.

☑ **Rule-33** Comprise (গঠিত হওয়া) এর পরে কোনো preposition না বসে সরাসরি object বসে কিন্তু consist এর পর of বসে।

- Inc** : His family comprises of five members.  
**Cor** : His family comprises five members  
**Inc** : His family consists five members.  
**Cor** : His family consists of five members.

☑ **Rule-34** Resemble (দেখতে একই রকম) এরপর কোনো preposition না বসে সরাসরি object বসে।

- Inc** : The girl resembles to her mother.  
**Cor** : The girl resembles her mother.

☑ **Rule-35** Discuss, resign, comprise, investigate, sign, meet ইত্যাদি verb এর পরে preposition না বসে সরাসরি object বসে; discuss এর পর about হয় না, resign এর পর from হয় না, comprise এর পর of হয় না, investigate এর পর into হয় না, sign এর পর on হয় না, meet এর পর with হয় না।

- Inc** : We discussed about the matter.  
**Cor** : We discussed the matter.  
**Inc** : The DB is investigating into the matter.  
**Cor** : The DB is investigating the matter.  
**Inc** : I met with my friend yesterday.  
**Cor** : I met my friend yesterday.  
**Inc** : He has resigned from the post.  
**Cor** : He has resigned the post.

☑ **Rule-36** একই জাতীয় ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু মধ্যে তুলনা করা হলে compare with এবং অন্য জাতীয় ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু মধ্যে তুলনা করা হলে compare to বসে।

- Inc** : Human life may not be compared with heaven.  
**Cor** : Human life may not be compared to heaven.

☑ **Rule-37** চোখে না দেখা বা অন্ধ বুঝতে blind of আর দোষ না দেখা বুঝতে blind to বসে।

- Inc** : He is blind to one eye.  
**Cor** : He is blind of one eye.  
**Inc** : He is blind of his son's fault.  
**Cor** : He is blind to his son's fault.

☑ **Rule-38** কোনো team গঠিত হওয়া অর্থে make up of ব্যবহৃত হয়।

- Inc** : A cricket team is made by eleven players  
**Cor** : A cricket team is made up of eleven players

☑ **Rule-39** কোনো raw material থেকে একটি নতুন জিনিস তৈরি হলে এবং সেই নতুন জিনিসে raw material টিকে বুঝতে না পারা গেলে made from ব্যবহৃত হয়। বুঝতে পারলে made of হয়।

- Inc** : Paper is made of wood.  
**Cor** : Paper is made from wood.

Teacher  
Student



Practice

- Choose the correct answer:** [১৮তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০২৪]  
 (a) A few number of students were present.  
 (b) A few number of students was present.  
 (c) A few number of student were present.  
 (d) A small number of students were present
- Choose the correct sentence:** [১৫তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৯]  
 (a) He had been hanged for murder.  
 (b) He has been hunged for murder.  
 (c) He was hanged for murder.  
 (d) He was hunged for murder.
- Choose the correct sentence—** [১৫তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৯]  
 (a) It rained last night  
 (b) It rains last night  
 (c) It will rain last night  
 (d) It rain last night
- Choose the correct sentence:** [১৫তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৯]  
 (a) I have many works to perform.  
 (b) I have many work to perform.  
 (c) I have much works to perform.  
 (d) I have much work to perform.
- Identify the correct sentence:** [১৪তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৯]  
 (a) She had faith in and hopes for the future.  
 (b) She had faith and hopes for the future.  
 (c) She had faith and hopes in the future.  
 (d) She had faith and hopes in future.
- Which is the correct sentence?** [১৪তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৯]  
 (a) I shall avail the opportunity.  
 (b) I shall avail myself of the opportunity.  
 (c) I shall avail for the opportunity.  
 (d) I shall avail from the opportunity.

7. **Which one in the correct sentence?** [১৬তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন-১৯]
- He is comparatively better today.
  - He is good today than before.
  - He is better today.
  - He is best today than yesterday
8. **Choose the correct answer :** [১৬তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯]
- He gave me good-bye.
  - He bade me good-bye.
  - He told me good-bye.
  - He wished me good-bye.
9. **Which one below is a correct sentence?** [১৬তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯]
- They have seen me yesterday.
  - I like his childlike simplicity.
  - It is I who is be blame.
  - The girl resmbles to her mother.
10. **Identify the correct sentence.** [১৫তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯]
- He is better and superior than me.
  - He is better than and superior to me.
  - He is better and superior to me.
  - He is superior than and better to me.
11. **Choose the correct sentence:** [১৫তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯]
- A few of the three boys got a prize.
  - Each of the three boys got a prize.
  - Every of the three boys got a prize.
  - All of the three boys got a prize.
12. **Which one is correct?** [১৭তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০২২]
- There is place for doubt in it.
  - There is no space for doubt in it.
  - There is no room for doubt in it .
  - There is no area to doubt in it.
13. **Choose the correct sentence:** [১৬তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯: বাংলাদেশ রেলওয়ে (টিকেট কালেক্টর) ২৪]
- I know what does he want?
  - I know what does he wants?
  - I know what does he want.
  - I know what he wants.
14. **Which is the correct use of gerund?** [১৬তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯]
- I saw the girl dancing.
  - I am dancing on the floor.
  - Dancing is a good exercise.
  - The girl came here dancing.
15. **Which is the correct sentence?** [১৪তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৯]
- Each boy and each girl have a pen.
  - Each boy and each girl are having pen.
  - Each boy and each girl has a pen.
  - Each boy an each girl were having a pen.
16. **Find out the correct sentence-** [১৩তম প্রভাষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৬]
- He insisted on my going to cinema.
  - He insisted me to go to cinema.
  - He insisted in going to cinema.
  - He insisted for going to cinema.
17. **Mr. Ruhin — a crime.** [১৪তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৭]
- did
  - does
  - comits
  - committed
18. **Choose the correct sentence:** [১৩তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ স্কুল পর্যায়, ২০১৬]
- If he works hard, he succeeds.
  - If he works hard, he will succeed.
  - If he would work hard, he succeeded.
  - If he worked hard, he succeeded.
19. **Choose the correct sentence:** [১২তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৫]
- He lives here for five months.
  - He is living here for five months.
  - He has been living here for five months.
  - He lived here for five months.
20. **The correct sentence is—**[১২তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৫]
- two thirds of it is fine.
  - two third of it is fine.
  - two thirds of it are fine.
  - two third is fine.
21. **No sooner — than the students stand up.** [১১তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ স্কুল পর্যায়-২, ২০১৪]
- the teacher enter the class
  - do the teacher enter the class
  - does the teacher enter the class
  - had the teacher entered the class
22. **Choose the correct sentence:** [১০তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৪]
- One of the most beautiful girls has come.
  - One of the most beautiful girl has come.
  - One of the most beautiful girls have come.
  - One of the beautiful girl are come.
23. **Choose the correct sentence:** [১০তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৪]
- I have been lived here since five years.
  - I am living here for five years.
  - I have been living here for five years.
  - I live here for live years.
24. **Choose the correct sentence:** [৯ম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১৩]
- He is confident go get a scholarship.
  - He is confident of getting a scholarship.
  - He is confident in getting a scholarship.
  - He is confident at getting a scholarship.
25. **Which one is the correct sentence?** [৮ম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১২]
- I am more senior to Rahim.
  - I am senior than Rahim.
  - I am senior to Rahim.
  - I am more senior than Rahim.
26. **Choose the correct sentence:** [৭ম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১১]
- He is temper
  - He is in tempers
  - He is in a temper
  - He is in the temper



27. **Choose the correct sentence:** [৭ম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১১]  
 (a) I finished my duty, amn't I?  
 (b) I finishe my duty, did I?  
 (c) I finished my duty, didn't I?  
 (d) I finished my duty, don't I?
28. **Identify the correct sentence from the options:** [৭ম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১১]  
 (a) She prefers dancing more than singing  
 (b) She prefers to dance than to sing  
 (c) She prefers dancing to singing  
 (d) She prefers dance to sing
29. **Choose the correct sentence.** [৬ষ্ঠ শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১০]  
 (a) You are going to school, isn't you?  
 (b) You are going to school, aren't you?  
 (c) You are going to school, are you?  
 (d) You are going to school, do you?
30. **Choose the correct sentence.** [৬ষ্ঠ শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন কলেজ কলেজ পর্যায়, ২০১০]  
 (a) You, he and I am guilty  
 (b) You, he and I are guilty  
 (c) I, you and he are guilty  
 (d) He, I and you are guilty



NTRCA চাকুরি প্রত্যাশীদের জন্য বিগত বিভিন্ন নিয়োগ পরীক্ষায় আসা প্রশ্নগুলো থেকে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ প্রশ্নগুলো বাছাই করে এবং সাম্প্রতিক প্রশ্নোত্তর সংযোজনে সাজানো হয়েছে। যা মনে রাখতে পারলে শতভাগ কমন থাকবে।

1. **Which Sentence is correct?** [প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা অধিদপ্তর : সহকারী শিক্ষক (৩য় পর্যায়)-২০২৪]  
 (a) One of my friend been sick  
 (b) One of my friends is sick  
 (c) One of my friend is sick  
 (d) One of my friends are sick **(b)**
2. **Select the correct sentence:** [বাংলাদেশ সরকারি কর্মকমিশন (সিনিয়র স্টাফ নার্স)-২০২৪]  
 (a) One of my friends' are getting married today.  
 (b) One of my friend is getting married today.  
 (c) One of my friends is getting married today.  
 (d) One of my friends are getting married today. **(c)**
3. **Which one is correct?** [বাংলাদেশ ডাক বিভাগ (পোস্টম্যান/রানার/ অফিস সহায়ক)- ২০২৪]  
 (a) One of my friends is a teacher.  
 (b) One of my friends are a lawyer.  
 (c) One of my friend is a lawyer.  
 (d) One of my friends are lawyer. **(a)**
4. **Choose the correct sentence:** [বাংলাদেশ ডাক বিভাগ (পোস্টম্যান/রানার/অফিস সহায়ক)- ২০২৪]  
 (a) Repeat it again. **(b)** Repeat it.  
 (c) Repeat it again and again.  
 (d) Repeat it once again. **(b)**
5. **Choose the correct sentence:** [মেডিকেল ভর্তি পরীক্ষা-২০২৪]  
 (a) I do need some furnitures  
 (b) I need a few furniture  
 (c) I need a few furnitures  
 (d) I do not need furniture. **(d)**
6. **Choose the correct sentence:** [ডাক অধিদপ্তর (বাছাই পরীক্ষা-২০২৪), ইন্সপেক্টর অব পোস্ট অফিসেস/সমমান; জাতীয় নিরাপত্তা গোয়েন্দা সংস্থা (NSI) ফিল্ড স্টাফ ২৩]  
 (a) All of the depend on you  
 (b) All of it are depending on you  
 (c) All of it depends on you  
 (d) All of it are depended on you **(c)**
7. **Choose the correct sentence?** [নর্দান ইলেকট্রিসিটি সাপ্লাই কোম্পানি লি. সহকারী শিক্ষক (মাধ্যমিক)-২০২৪ ]  
 (a) The boys are playing.  
 (b) I still adhere will plan.  
 (c) He is alarmed for my safety.  
 (d) He agreed at my proposal. **(a)**
8. **Which sentence is correct?** [বাংলাদেশ সরকারি কর্মকমিশন (সিনিয়র স্টাফ নার্স)-২০২৪]  
 (a) I lodged a complaint. **(b)** I made a complaint.  
 (c) I lodged a complained. **(d)** I filed a complain. **(a)**
9. **Which of these sentences is correct.** [জনশক্তি, কর্মসংস্থান ও প্রশিক্ষণ ব্যুরো অফিস সহায়ক-২০২৩]  
 (a) There is little prospect of the situation improving.  
 (b) There is little prospect to the situation improving.  
 (c) There is little prospect into situation improving.  
 (d) There is little prospect for the situation to improve. **(a)**
10. **Choose the correct sentence:** [প্রবাসী কল্যাণ ও বৈদেশিক কর্মসংস্থান মন্ত্রণালয় কম্পিউটার অপারেটর/ স্টাফ পিকার/উচ্চমান সহকারী - ২০২৩]  
 (a) It is I who is to blame  
 (b) It is I who am to blame  
 (c) It is I who are to blame  
 (d) It is me who are to blame **(b)**
11. **Which one is correct?** [সামরিক ভূমি ও ক্যান্টনমেন্ট অধিদপ্তর সহকারী শিক্ষক ২৩]  
 (a) It is one year since he died.  
 (b) It is one year since he dead.  
 (c) It is one year since he had died.  
 (d) It is one year since he had dying. **(a)**
12. **The correct sentence is-** [পিএসসি নন-ক্যাডার পদের নাম: সহকারী কাস্টোডিয়ান/গবেষণা সহকারী-২০২৩]  
 (a) I wish I were a king. **(b)** I wish I was a king.  
 (c) I wish I will be a king. **(d)** I wish I am a king. **(a)**
13. **Identify the correct sentence-** [পিএসসি নন-ক্যাডার পদের নাম: সহকারী কাস্টোডিয়ান/গবেষণা সহকারী-২০২৩]  
 (a) Bread is usually made of wheat.  
 (b) Bread is usually made with wheat.  
 (c) Bread is usually made by wheat.  
 (d) Bread is usually made from wheat. **(d)**
14. **Which is the correct sentence?** [প্রবাসী কল্যাণ ও বৈদেশিক কর্মসংস্থান মন্ত্রণালয় অফিস সহকারী কাম-কম্পিউটার অপারেটর এবং ডাটা এন্ট্রি/কন্ট্রোল অপারেটর ২৩]  
 (a) He insisted on seeing her.  
 (b) He insisted in seeing her.  
 (c) He insisted for seeing her.  
 (d) He insisted to be seeing her. **(a)**

15. Which one is the right in use? [বিমান বাংলাদেশ এয়ারলাইন্স লি. গ্রাউন্ড সার্ভিস অ্যাসিস্ট্যান্ট -২০২৩]  
 (a) It is no good of to talk to him.  
 (b) To talk him is of no good.  
 (c) It's no use talking to him.  
 (d) It's of no use how talking to him. **(c)**
16. Identify the correct sentence: [বিমান বাংলাদেশ এয়ারলাইন্স লি. গ্রাউন্ড সার্ভিস অ্যাসিস্ট্যান্ট -২০২৩]  
 (a) He washed neither his hand or his face.  
 (b) He washed neither his hand nor his face.  
 (c) He washed neither his hand or face.  
 (d) He was neither his hand and also neither is. **(b)**
17. Which of the following is grammatically correct. [বিমান বাংলাদেশ এয়ারলাইন্স লি. গ্রাউন্ড সার্ভিস অ্যাসিস্ট্যান্ট -২০২৩]  
 (a) Do you know where does he live?  
 (b) Do you know where he lives?  
 (c) Do you know where does he lives?  
 (d) Do you know where he lives where? **(b)**
18. Which of the following is incorrect? [বাংলাদেশ কর্মসংস্থান ব্যাংক ডাটা এন্ট্রি অপারেটর -২০২৩]  
 (a) We have not got enough milk  
 (b) I did not study enough hard  
 (c) Is your coffee hot enough?  
 (d) She did not have enough interest **(b)**
19. Which of the following sentence is correct? [মাইক্রোক্রেডিট রেগুলেটরি অথরিটি সহকারী পরিচালক -২০২৩]  
 (a) I forbade him from going  
 (b) I forbade him not to go  
 (c) I forbade him to go (d) I forbade him going **(c)**
20. Which of the following is a correct sentence: [বাংলাদেশ কর্মসংস্থান ব্যাংক সহকারী অফিসার (স্বাধারণ/ক্যাশ) -২০২৩]  
 (a) He was clever not to miss the point  
 (b) He was so clever to miss the point  
 (c) He was too clever to miss the point.  
 (d) He was too clever to grasp the point. **(c)**
21. Which one of the following sentences is correct? [বাংলাদেশ ব্যাংক (BB) অফিসার (ক্যাশ) -২০২৩]  
 (a) I found his pulse (b) I examined his pulse  
 (c) I saw his pulse (d) I felt his pulse **(d)**
22. Which one is the correct sentence? [বাংলাদেশ পল্লী বিদ্যুতায়ন বোর্ড (BREB) মিটার রিডার -২০২৩]  
 (a) Robi is taller than me. (b) Robi is taller than I.  
 (c) Robi is taller to me. (d) Robi is taller with I. **(b)**
23. Select the correct sentence: [বাংলাদেশ সুপ্রিমকোর্ট (হাইকোর্ট বিভাগ) প্রটোকল অফিসার -২০২৩]  
 (a) The roads of Dhaka is wider than Faridpur.  
 (b) The roads of Dhaka are wider than those of Faridpur.  
 (c) The roads of Dhaka is wider than those of Faridpur.  
 (d) The roads of Dhaka are wider than that of Faridpur. **(b)**
24. Which sentence is correct? [বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ এরোড্রাম কর্মকর্তা - ২০২৩]  
 (a) This is an unique case  
 (b) This is a unique case  
 (c) This is a very unique case  
 (d) This is the most unique case **(b)**
25. Choose the correct sentence: [বেসামরিক বিমান চলাচল কর্তৃপক্ষ এরোড্রাম কর্মকর্তা - ২০২৩]  
 (a) I have many works to do.  
 (b) I have many work to do.  
 (c) I have a lot of work to do.  
 (d) I have great deal works to do. **(c)**
26. Which of the following sentence is correct? [স্থানীয় সরকার প্রকৌশল অধিদপ্তর (LGED) হিসাব সহকারী -২০২৩]  
 (a) He disguised himself lest he be recognized.  
 (b) He was disguised lest he should be recognized.  
 (c) He disguised lest he be recognized.  
 (d) He disguised himself lest he can be recognized. **(b)**
27. Choose the correct sentence. [পরিবার পরিকল্পনা অধিদপ্তরের এমএলএস-২৩; পরিবেশ অধিদপ্তরের ল্যাবরেটরি অ্যাটেনডেন্ট-২০]  
 (a) How old are you?  
 (b) How you are old?  
 (c) How old you are?  
 (d) How are you old? **(a)**
28. Why did they refuse him admittance? [স্থানীয় সরকার প্রকৌশল অধিদপ্তর (LGED) কার্যসহকারী - ২০২৩]  
 (a) Why admittance is refuse by them?  
 (b) Why they refused admittance by them?  
 (c) Why was he refused admittance?  
 (d) Why he refuse to admittance? **(c)**
29. Which one is the correct sentence- [পিএসসি নন-ক্যাডার পদের নাম: সহকারী কাস্টোডিয়ান/গবেষণা সহকারী-২০২৩]  
 (a) Neither of the two women are to be trusted.  
 (b) The accident happened at night.  
 (c) What for is Jashore famous?  
 (d) He prevented us going. **(b)**
30. Select the correct sentence from the following options. [সিকিউরিটি থ্রিটিং প্রেস সহকারী ব্যবস্থাপক -২০২৩]  
 (a) The man was tall who stole my bag.  
 (b) The man stole my bag who was tall.  
 (c) The man who stole my bag was tall  
 (d) The man was tall who is stealing my bag. **(c)**
31. Choose the correct sentence. [বিমান বাংলাদেশ এয়ারলাইন্স লিমিটেড এর অ্যাসিস্টেন্ট ম্যানেজার (টিজি)-২১; মেডিকেল-২২-২৩]  
 (a) He gave me some advice.  
 (b) He requested for me help.  
 (c) I am very better today.  
 (d) The goods are if inferior qualities. **(a)**
32. Which of the following sentences is correct? [বিমান বাংলাদেশ এয়ারলাইন্স (এডমিন অ্যাসিস্ট্যান্ট)-২৩; বাংলাদেশ প্রতিযোগিতা কমিশন (ব্যক্তিগত সহকারী)-১৯]  
 (a) I think him to be my best friend.  
 (b) I think him as my best friend.  
 (c) I think of him as my best friend.  
 (d) I think him is my best friend. **(c)**
33. নিচের কোনটি শুদ্ধ বাক্য? [সমবায় অধিদপ্তরের কম্পিউটার অপারেটর-২৩; প্রাথমিক প্রধান শিক্ষক (নাগালিঙ্গম)-১২]  
 (a) He refused the debt.  
 (b) I could not do justice to it.  
 (c) I could not make justice to it.  
 (d) I took a bath. **(b)**

শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন পরীক্ষায় বিসিএস প্রিলি. থেকে প্রায় ছবছ প্রশ্ন করা হয়ে থাকে।  
তাই বিগত বিসিএস প্রিলিতে আসা প্রশ্নগুলো গুরুত্বসহকারে Study করতে হবে।

1. **Identify the correct sentence.** [৪৩তম বিসিএস]
  - a) The girl burst out tears.
  - b) The girl burst into tears.
  - c) The girl burst with tears.
  - d) The girl bursted out tears. **b**
2. **Which one is a correct sentence?** [৪১তম বিসিএস]
  - a) The doctor found my pulse.
  - b) The doctor took my pulse.
  - c) The doctor examined my pulse.
  - d) The doctor saw my pulse. **b**
3. **Choose the correct sentence :** [৩৮তম বিসিএস]
  - a) He refrained to take any drastic action
  - b) He refrained on taking any drastic action
  - c) He refrained in taking any drastic action
  - d) He refrained from taking any drastic action **d**
4. **Identify the correct sentence?** [৩৬তম, ৩৩তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Yesterday, he has gone home
  - b) Yesterday, he did gone home
  - c) Yesterday, he had gone home
  - d) Yesterday, he went home **d**
5. **After food has been dried or canned — for later consumption.** [৩২তম বিসিএস]
  - a) it should be stored
  - b) that it should be stored
  - c) should be stored
  - d) which should be stored **a**
6. **“Not once has our neighbour invited us into his house”. Which one is correct?** [৩২তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Our neighbour has invited us into his house not once but many times
  - b) Our neighbour has never invited us into his house
  - c) Occasionally our neighbour has invited us into his house
  - d) Our neighbour has not always invited us into his house **b**
7. **One of the four sentences, given below is grammatically wrong. Choose the wrong sentence :** [৩১তম বিসিএস]
  - a) The land is belonged to an old lady
  - b) They parted from one another suddenly
  - c) The leader expressed himself forcibly
  - d) Mother bought me an icecream **a**
8. **One of the four sentences given below is grammatically wrong. Choose the wrong sentence.** [৩১তম বিসিএস]
  - a) He was always arguing with his brother.
  - b) His failure resulted for lack of attention.
  - c) When will you write to him about your plan?
  - d) Who was the boy you were all laughing at? **b**
9. **One of the four sentences, given below is grammatically wrong.** [৩০তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Neither you nor I am in a sound position
  - b) Laziness is detrimental for success
  - c) He begged the favour of my granting him leave
  - d) Your action is not in conformity with the law **b**
10. **One of the four sentences given below is grammatically wrong.** [৩০তম বিসিএস]
  - a) He has no desire for fame
  - b) I intend going to Rajshahi
  - c) He is too miserly to part with his money
  - d) He has invited me for dinner **b**
11. **Which of the following sentences is correct.** [২৭তম, ১৬তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Why have you done this?
  - b) Why you had done this?
  - c) Why you have done this?
  - d) Why did you done this? **a**
12. **Choose the correct sentence.** [২৬তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Everybody have gone there.
  - b) Everybody are gone there.
  - c) Everybody has gone there.
  - d) Everybody has went there. **c**
13. **Choose the correct sentence-** [২৬তম বিসিএস]
  - a) The train is running in time.
  - b) The train is running on time.
  - c) The train is running with time.
  - d) The train is running to time. **b**
14. **Choose the correct sentence.** [২৩তম বিসিএস; ইসলামী ব্যাংক সহকারী অফিসার-০৮; দুদকের উপ-সহকারী পরিচালক-১০; RU (B) 19-20; BSMRSTU (D) 16-17; MBSTU (D) 15-16; IU (D) 13-14; KU (A) 12-13]
  - a) Rahim ate almost the whole fish.
  - b) Rahim almost ate the whole fish.
  - c) Almost Rahim ate the whole fish.
  - d) Rahim ate the whole fish almost. **a**
15. **Choose the correct sentence.** [১৭তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Maria, my students, is in leave today.
  - b) Maria my student, is on leave today.
  - c) Maria my student, is on leave today.
  - d) Maria, my student, is on leave today. **d**
16. **Choose the correct sentence.** [১২তম বিসিএস]
  - a) The matter was informed to the police.
  - b) The matter had been informed of the police.
  - c) The police was informed of the matter.
  - d) The police were informed of the matter. **d**
17. **Choose the correct sentence. How long did you wait?** [১০তম বিসিএস]
  - a) Till lunch time.
  - b) Till he came.
  - c) Until six o'clock.
  - d) Since this morning. **b**
18. **Choose the correct sentence** [১০তম বিসিএস]
  - a) The man that said that was a fool.
  - b) The man who said that was a fool.
  - c) The man that said that, was a fool.
  - d) The man which said that was a fool. **b**



# NTRCA

## Class Test



**1. Choose the correct sentence.**

- Ⓐ Your writing is impossible to reading.
- Ⓑ Your writing is impossible reading.
- Ⓒ Your writing is impossible to read.
- Ⓓ Your writing is impossible for read.

**2. Identify the correct sentence.**

- Ⓐ He is wearing a sunglass.
- Ⓑ He is wearing a pair of sunglasses.
- Ⓒ He wears a sunglass.
- Ⓓ He wears the sunglass.

**3. Choose the correct one.**

- Ⓐ I shall know him for a long time.
- Ⓑ I have been knowing him for a long time.
- Ⓒ I am knowing him for a long time.
- Ⓓ I have known him for a long time.

**4. Choose the correct sentence.**

- Ⓐ He acted in a cowardly manner.
- Ⓑ He acted coward manner.
- Ⓒ He acted in cowardly
- Ⓓ He acted in coward manner.

**5. Find out the correct form—**

- Ⓐ I, you and Shuma are guilty.
- Ⓑ Shuma, you and I are guilty.
- Ⓒ Shuma, I and you are guilty.
- Ⓓ I, you and Shuma is guilty.

**6. Which sentence is correct?**

- Ⓐ This is his speaking.
- Ⓑ This is himself speaking.
- Ⓒ This is him speaking.
- Ⓓ This is he speaking.

**7. Although the country is self-sufficient in defence equipment, it is want of peace and security.**

- Ⓐ it wants to have peace and security
- Ⓑ it possesses peace and security
- Ⓒ it is lacking in peace and security
- Ⓓ it wants to be in peace and security

**8. I am tired as I am working since 7 O'clock in the morning.**

- Ⓐ I was working
- Ⓑ I have been working
- Ⓒ I had been working
- Ⓓ I will be working

**9. Which of the following sentences is correct?**

- Ⓐ They acted upon his advices.
- Ⓑ They acted following his advices.
- Ⓒ They acted according to his advice.
- Ⓓ They acted in accordance to his advice.

**10. Which of the following sentences is correct?**

- Ⓐ I have never heard that kinds of excuse.
- Ⓑ I have never heard these kinds of excuse.
- Ⓒ I have never heard that sorts of an excuse.
- Ⓓ I have never heard that kind of excuse.



**Answer**

1	c
2	b
3	d
4	a
5	a
6	d
7	c
8	b
9	a
10	d

এই **Lecture Sheet** পড়ার পাশাপাশি **Biddabari** কর্তৃপক্ষ

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**Literature”** অংশটুকু ভালোভাবে চর্চা করতে হবে।

