

• lecture 16



Mpbian

Voice Changing

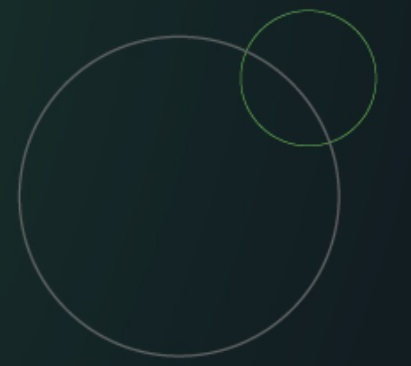
$V_1 - V_2 - V_3$

Mohammad Mir Jalal Sumon

BA (Hons), MA in English Literature

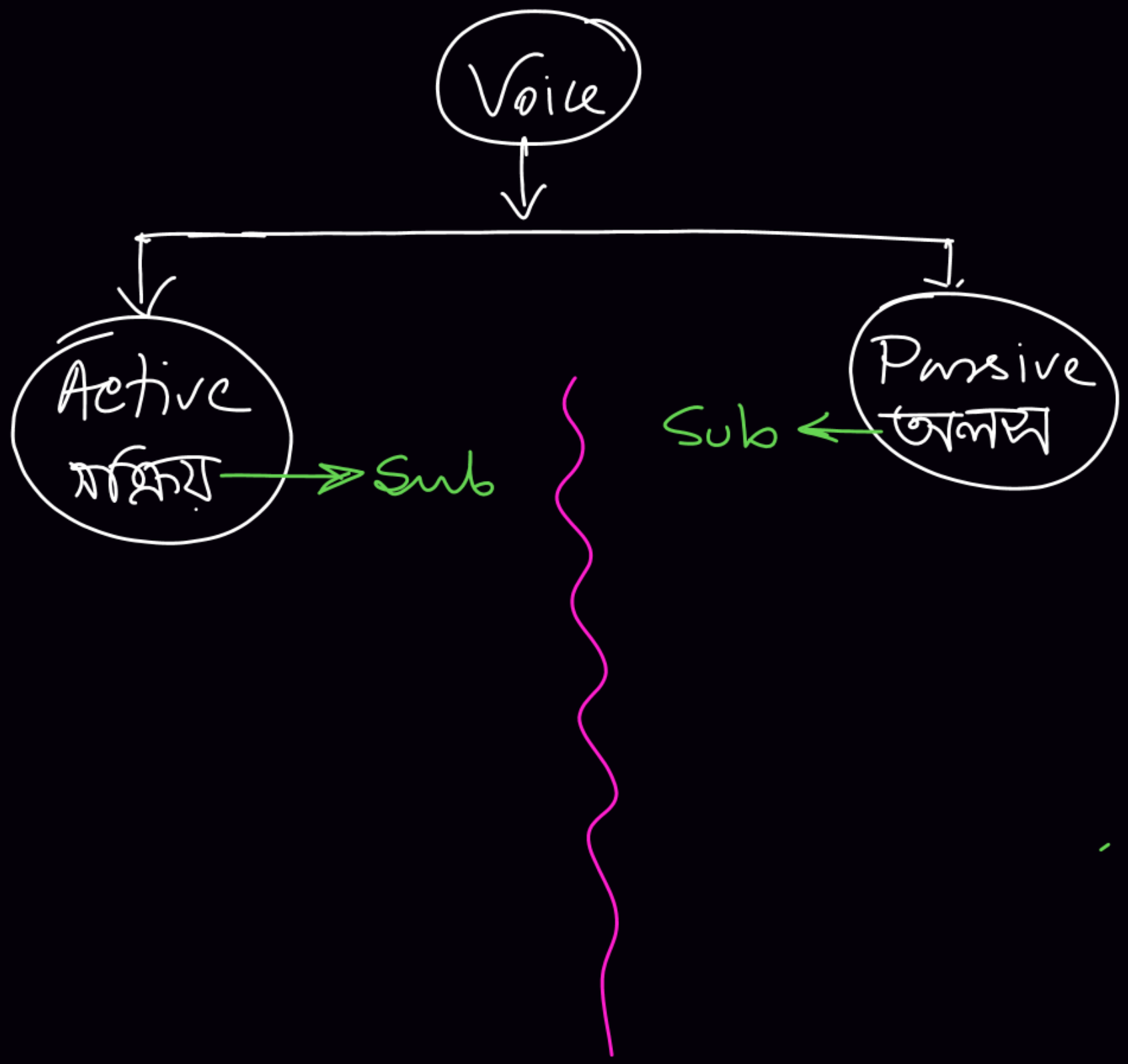
MA in ELT & Applied Linguistics, JnU

Founder, Unlock English with Sumon



Sub + Verb + others.
Sub + Verb + others.
~~Sub + Verb + others.~~
~~Sub + Verb + others.~~
~~Sub + Verb + others.~~

Voice Changing



Active Voice

Active voice: যে **sentence** এ **subject** নিজেই **verb** এর কাজ সম্পন্ন করে
তাকে **active voice** বলে।

Viz:

(a) Rupa makes tea. (রুপা চা বানায়/ তৈরি করে।)
S ✓

Passive Voice

Passive voice: যে sentence এ subject নিজে verb এর কাজ সম্পন্ন করে না অর্থাৎ subject টি অলস বা নিষ্ক্রিয় থাকে তাকে **passive voice** বলে।

Viz:

Tea is made by Rupa. (রূপার দ্বারা চা বানানো হয়।)

S

verb

Identify the type of voice:

1. Sugar **is imported** from Brazil.



A. Active voice

B. Passive voice

Identify the type of voice:

2. The govt. has imported sugar from Brazil.

A. Active voice

B. Passive voice

Change of Subjects & Objects

Subjective form	Objective form
I	me
We	us
You	you
He	him
She	her
They	Them
It	it

Change of Subjects & Objects

Subjective form	Objective form
This	This
That	That
Rupa	Rupa
Rana	Rana
→ Who	→ By whom (to whom, in whom, with whom)
← Whom	→ Who
→ Nobody	→ Anybody
Nothing	→ Anything

Be Verb / To Be Verb

(am, is, are, was, were) — be, — been, — being

Passive Voice এর গঠন

$\frac{\text{Sub}}{\text{obj} \uparrow} + \text{to be verb} + V_3 + \underline{\text{by}} + \frac{\text{obj}}{\text{sub} \uparrow}$

$\frac{S}{O \uparrow} + 2 BV + V_3 + \text{by} + \frac{O}{S \uparrow}$

Change of Aux. Verbs in Passive

Active Voice

V₁

V₂

am/ is/ are/ was/ were/ __ be/ __ been/ + (V₁+ing)

(...ing থাকলে

have/ has/ had + V₃

Modals & Semi-Modals

Shall, should, will, would, can, could, may, might,

must, ought to, let, am to, is to, are to, was to, were

to, have to, has to, had to, be-going to + V₁

am going to

Passive Voice

am/ is/ are + V₃

was/ were + V₃

... being + V₃

... being হয়)

... been + V₃

be

... be + V₃

Change of Aux. Verbs in Passive

Active Voice

✓ V₁

✓ V₂

✓ ...ing থাকলে

✓ have/ has/ had + V₃

বাকি সব থাকলে

Aux. Verb থাকলে

Passive Voice

am/ is/ are + V₃

was/ were + V₃

... being হয়

... been + V₃

... be + V₃

→ নিতে হয়

Passive without 'by'

1. Annoy, charm, displease, marvel, please, satisfy, shock, stun, surprise, vex ইত্যাদি word গুলোর ক্ষেত্রে ব্যক্তির দ্বারা বুঝালে এদের পরে with

ব্যবহৃত হয়। অন্যদিকে বস্তুর দ্বারা অথবা ব্যক্তির আচরণ বা গুণের দ্বারা বুঝালে at ব্যবহৃত হয়।

2. Cover, decorate, ornament, fill ইত্যাদি word গুলোর পরে with ব্যবহৃত হয়।

3. Embodiment, include, interest, contain, sworn ইত্যাদি word গুলোর পরে

in ব্যবহৃত হয়।

জাদু পচিচ্চিত্র → দুঃখ পচিচ্চিত্র

4. Known এর পরে সাধারনত to/ by এবং worried এর পরে about বসে।

Practical Examples

$V_1 - V_2 - V_3$

1. Active: He takes tea.

$\frac{S}{\uparrow} + 2BV + V_3 + \text{(by)} + \frac{O}{S\uparrow}$

= Tea is taken by him

2. Active: Hena vexed me.

= I was vexed by with Hena.

Act — P

V_1 → am/is/are + V_3

V_2 → was/were + V_3

ing → being + V_3

V_1 V_2 V_3
take - took - taken

vex - vexed - vexed

Practical Examples

$\frac{S}{O} + 2BV + \sqrt{3} + by + \frac{O}{S}$

3. Active: She ^{can be} writing an SMS .

= An SMS can be being written by her

4. Active: He ^{should have} phoned me .

= I should have been phoned by him

He is/has/does

I is am/have/do

Active ← Passive
V₁ — am/is/are
V₂ — was/were
ing → being

have/has/had → been

(A.V ১ম/২য় → নিত হয়)
→ দিলে → নিত হয়)

কাজের দিলে (২য়)
is = has = does

Practical Examples

5. Active: Mim ^{would} will convince the manager.
S O

= The manager ^{would} will be convinced by Mim

6. Active: He has to follow the rules.
S O

= The rules have to be followed by him.
plu

Practical Examples

be going to

7. Active: I am going to help the men.

= The men are going to be helped by me

8. Active: They have broken the glass.

= The glass has been broken by them

Practical Examples

Group Verb

9. Active: He looks after his parent.

S v. group verb (v.)

= His parent is looked after by him.

the + Adj → plural common

10. Active: She looks down upon the poor.

S (v.) group verb

= The poor are looked down upon by her.

parent = father or mother

Parents = father and mother

obj

Sub-comp

$\frac{\text{Tina}}{S}$ $\frac{\text{takes}}{V}$ $\frac{\text{tea}}{\text{obj}}$

(Tina \neq tea)

$\frac{\text{Tina}}{S}$ $\frac{\text{looks}}{L:V}$ $\frac{\text{cute}}{\text{Sub-comp}}$

(Tina = cute)

Passive with Double Objects

1. He teaches us English. (us ≠ Eng)
S V₁ O-1 O-2

= We are taught English by him.

∴

= English is taught to us by him

Passive with Double Objects

2. I ^{v₂} told [≠] him the story.
s verb obj obj

= He was told the story by me

= The story was told to him by me

Passive with Double Objects

3. People elected him chairman. (him = chairman)
S V₂ obj comp

= He was elected chairman by people

(X) = ~~chairman was elected him by people~~

Passive with Reflexive

Active : Sub + verb + reflexive pronoun.

Passive : Sub + to be verb + V₃ + by + reflex pronoun.

Examples:

1. He helped himself.

= He was helped by himself.

2. Mou killed herself.

=

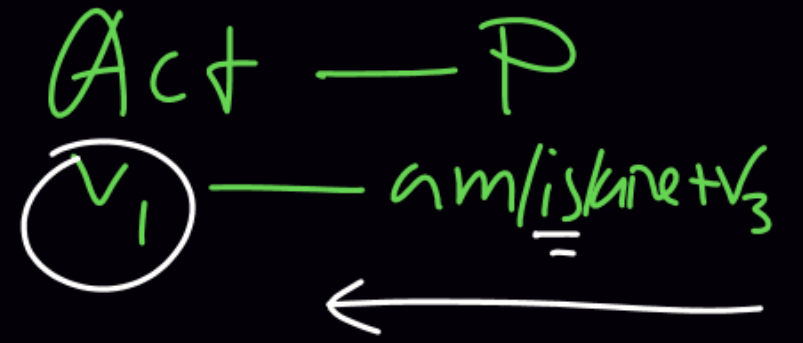
We love each other.

S V₁ Obj

= We are loved by each other.

① Rice is eaten by US

= We eat rice



V₂ → am/were + V₃

② The house was painted (by + orj) (Make active)

= The house was painted by Rama.

= Rama painted the house



Object বিহীন **Passive** থেকে **active** করার নিয়ম:

অনেক সময় প্রশ্নে **object** বিহীন **passive** থেকে **active** করার নির্দেশনা দেয়া থাকে। প্রশ্নে এই রকম **object** বিহীন **passive voice** থেকে **active voice** করতে বলা হলে আমাদেরকে সাধারণত **by** + বাক্যের অর্থের সাথে সামঞ্জস্য বজায় থাকে এমন একটি **object** মনে মনে ধরে নিতে হয়।

For examples: **by me/ by us/ by you/ by him/ by her/ by them/ by police/ by the government/ by someone/ by somebody/ by the maid/ by a thief/ by the authority etc.**

Object বিহীন **Passive** থেকে **active** করার নিয়ম:

1. The room has been cleaned. (Make it active) ^{by + object সহ}

■ মনে মনে object ধরে নিতে হয়,

চন্দ্রবালী

The room has been cleaned by the maid.

■ এখন খুব সহজেই আমরা উপরের **sentence** টিকে **active** এ পরিণত করতে পারি,

The maid has cleaned the room.

Passive with "WHO"

Active : Who + verb + object?

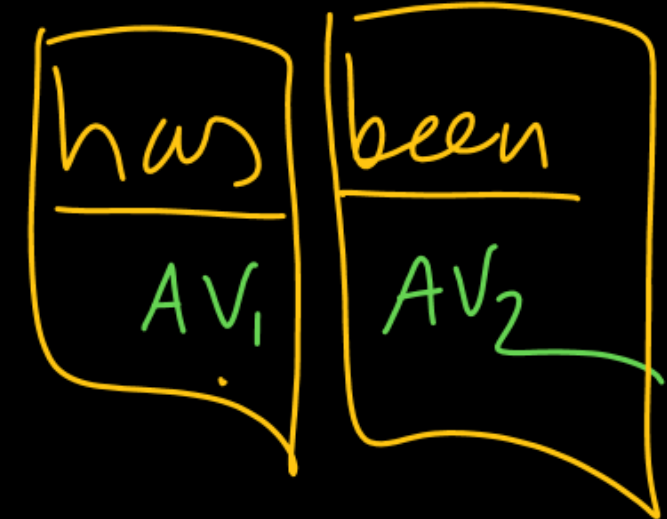
Passive : By whom + AV₁ + sub + AV₂ (যদি থাকে) + V₃?

Examples: has been

1. Who has vexed the girl?

= With whom has the girl been vexed?

V₂ → was/were



2. Who did it?

= By whom was it done?

Passive with "WHO"

3. *Who called me?*

=

4. *Who accepts the challenge?*

=

are *being*
A.V₁ A.V₂

5. *Who are looking after you?*

=

By whom are you being looked after?

1

The passive form of the sentence “Who did the work?” is –

(48th BCS)

- ~~A. By whom the work was done?~~
- ~~B. Whom had the work done by?~~
- ~~C. By whom was the work done?~~
- ~~D. Who was the work done?~~

2

Identify the passive form of the following sentence: “Who ^{has been} has broken the jug” (45th BCS)

- a) By whom has this jug been broken?
- b) By whom has this jug broken?
- c) By whom this jug has been broken?
- d) Whom has this jug been broken?

3

Find out the active form of the sentence:

“By whom can our country be saved?” (44th BCS)

- a) Who can save our country?
- ~~b) Our country has been saved by who?~~
- ~~c) Who save our country?~~
- ~~d) Who will save our country?~~

4

Find out the correct passive form of the sentence:

“Who taught you French?” (41st BCS)

- a) By whom you were taught French?
- b) By whom French was taught you?
- c) French was taught you by whom?
- d) By whom were you taught French?

5 The correct passive form of “Who will do the work?” is _____. পররাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয় – প্রশাসনিক কর্মকর্তা (2004)

- a) Who will be done he work?
- b) Who will done the work?
- c) By whom will the work be done?
- d) Whom will the work be done?

6

“Who can do it?” the correct passive form of the sentence is — প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক (মুক্তিযোদ্ধা কোটা) 2010 (হেমন্ত-02)

- ~~a) By whom it can be done?~~
- ~~b) By whom can it be done?~~
- ~~c) By whom was this done?~~
- ~~d) By whom can it be did?~~

Passive with "WHOM"

Active : Whom + aux. verb + sub + main verb?

Passive : Who + প্রয়োজনীয় to be verb + V₃ + by + obj?

Examples:

1. Whom ^{AV} do you ^{MV} want?

= Who is wanted by you?

2. Whom will she convince?

= Who will be convinced by her?

1

^{v₂ → was/were}
“Whom did she accuse?” Choose the right passive voice. জনপ্রশাসন মন্ত্রণালয়, প্রশাসনিক কর্মকর্তা (২০১৬)

- a) Who was accused by her?
- b) Who had been accused by her?
- c) Who was being accused by her?
- d) Who has been accused by her?

Passive of Imperative Sentence

Rule 1

Active : V₁ + object.

Passive : Let + object + be + V₃ (~~by you~~).

Examples:

1. Open the door. (দুর্ভাবকি খুলো)

= let the door be opened (দুর্ভাবকি খুলো হোক)

2. Hold my hand.

= let my hand be held

1

The correct passive “Open the window.” is –

(23rd BCS)

- A. The window should be opened.
- B. Let the window be opened.
- C. Let the window be opened by you.
- D. The window must be opened.

Passive of Imperative Sentence

Active : Don't + V₁ + object.

Passive : Let not + object + be + V₃ (~~by you~~).

Rule 2

Examples:

1. Don't open the door.

= let not the door be opened

2. Don't hold my hand.

=

1

“Do not close the door.” The passive form of the sentence is –

(44th BCS)

A. Let not the door close.

~~B. Let not the door be closed.~~

C. Let not the door be close.

D. Let not the door close.

Passive of Imperative Sentence

Active : Let + + obj 1 + V₁ + obj 2.

Passive : Let + obj 2 + be + V₃ + by + obj 1.

Rule 3

Examples:

1. Let me hold your hand.

= let your hand be held by me.

2. Let us play cricket.

= let cricket be played by us.

1

“Let her sing a song.” The passive form is ____.

মেডিকেল ২০১৩-১৪, প্রা.সহ. শিক্ষক (রাজশাহী বিভাগ) ২০০৬

Sing - sang - sung

✓ A. Let a song be sung by her.

✗ B. Let a song be sang by her.

✗ C. Let a song sing by her.

✓ D. Let a song sung by her.

Practice Section

Practice Section

1

“She played on the flute.” the passive form of
the sentence is. (45th BCS)

S *V₂* *obj*

- A. The flute was played by her.
- B. The flute was played on by her.
- C. The flute was played to her.
- D. The flute was being played by her.

2

Choose the correct passive of “I know him.”

গণপূর্ত অধিদপ্তরের উপসহকারী প্রকৌশলী (সিভিল) ও জনস্বাস্থ্য অধিদপ্তরের ড্রাফটম্যান - 18.08.2017

- a) He is known by me. *Known to*
- b) He was known to me.
- c) He has been known by me.
- d) He is known to me.

Practice Section

3 What is the passive voice of “Fortune favors the brave.” প্রাক-প্রাথমিক সহ. শিক্ষক নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা-2013-(ভলগা-06)

- to + Ad*
বাক্য
- ~~a) The brave is favored by fortune.~~
- ~~b) The brave ~~was~~ favored by fortune.~~
- c) The brave are favored by fortune.
- ~~d) The brave ~~were~~ favored by fortune.~~

4

What is the passive form of “We do not like idle people.” প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহ. শিক্ষক (মুক্তিযোদ্ধা কোটা) 2010 (শরৎ)

a) Idle people are not liked by us.

b) We are not liked by idle people.

c) Idle people are not like us.

d) Idle people are not of our liking.

5

The passive voice of "He took me there." _____

প্রাক-প্রাথমিক সহ. শিক্ষক নিয়োগ পরীক্ষা 2015 (১৭ জেলা-03)

- a) I was to be taken there by him.
- b) I should be taken there by him.
- c) He was trying to take me there.
- d) I was taken there by him.

Practice Section

6 Some Children were helping the wounded man.

(Passive) পররাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয় — প্রশাসনিক কর্মকর্তা (05-03-2004)

a) The wounded man was helped by some children.

b) The wounded man was helping some children.

c) The wounded man was being helped by some children.

d) The wounded man was to be helped by some children.

7

The passive form of “I shall do the work.”:

প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয় সহকারী শিক্ষক (মুক্তিযোদ্ধা কোটা)-2010-(বসন্ত-03)

- I, we → shall
আমি/আমরা → shall*
- a) I shall be doing the work.
 - b) The work may be done by me.
 - c) I may be doing the work.
 - d) The work will be done by me.

8

“The cow gives us milk.” The correct passive form of the sentence is--- হাজী মো. দানেশ বিজ্ঞান ও প্রযুক্তি বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়, D ইউনিট

- ~~a) We are being given milk by the cow.~~
- ~~b) We were given milk by the cow.~~
- c) Milk is given to us by the cow.
- ~~d) Milk is being given to us by the cow.~~

9

“My teacher embodies all the good qualities.”

The passive form of the sentence is – **(27th BCS)**

- A. All the good qualities are embodied by my teacher.
- B. All the good qualities are embodied in my teacher.
- C. All the good qualities are embodied to my teacher.
- D. All the good qualities are embodied on my teacher

যে সকল ^{সম্বন্ধে} verb-এর passive রূপ হয় না

যে সকল verb-এর passive form হয় না

Appear, arrive, **become**, ^{48th} **belong**, consist, decline, decrease
(Both transitive & intransitive), depend, die, disappear,
despair, exist, fall, **happen**, increase (Both transitive &
intransitive), **occur**, **require**, remain, **seem**, sit etc.

Examples:

1. এটা গতকাল ঘটেছিল → It happened yesterday.
2. পণ্যের দাম বেড়েছে → The price of the product has increased.

যে সকল verb-এর passive form হয় না

Examples:

3. He died last year.

4. Sumaiya arrived late.

5. Many suicides occur in prisons.

4. The book belongs to me.

Thank You