



Lecture 8



# Mppbrian

## Non-finite Verbs in Detail

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# Non-finite Verbs in Detail

Non-finite

Gerund  
(V<sub>1</sub> + ing) = N

Swimming = N

Participle

Infinitive  
(to + V<sub>1</sub>) = N, Adj, Adv

to swim

Present Participle  
(V<sub>1</sub> + ing) = Adj/Adv

Swimming = Adj/Adv

Past Participle  
V<sub>3</sub>

SWUM

Perfect participle  
having + V<sub>3</sub>

having swum

swim - swam - swum

# Gerund

# Gerund

**Gerund** হল 'ing' যুক্ত একটি **verb** যা কোন **sentence**-এ **noun** হিসেবে বা **noun** এর সমতুল্য হিসেবে কাজ করে।

# Noun এর কাজ/ অবস্থান

1. Verb এর পূর্বে **subject** হিসেবে  $\rightarrow$  Mimi takes tea (Mimi  $\neq$  tea)  
Sub(N) V Obj(N)
2. Verb এর পরে **object** হিসেবে
3. Verb এর পরে **complement** হিসেবে  $\rightarrow$  I am Sumon (I = Sumon)  
S L.V. comp(N)
4. **Determiner** এর পরে ১ টা **word** থাকলে  $\rightarrow$  He has the book.  
Det N
5. **Preposition** এর পরে ১ টা **word** থাকলে  $\rightarrow$  I live in Khulna.  
Prep N
6. **Adjective** এর পরে ১ টা **word** থাকলে  $\rightarrow$  They are brilliant students.  
Adj N
7. **Determiner** ও **preposition** এর মাঝে ১ টা **word** থাকলে  $\rightarrow$  The people of BD  
Det N Prep
8. দুইটি **preposition** এর মাঝে ১ টা **word** থাকলে  $\rightarrow$  In front of  
N Prep
9. **Noun** এর **apposition/ appositive** হিসেবে  $\rightarrow$  My brother, Shakil, is a doctor.  
N/Apposition

# Sub शिष्ट Gerund

(a) Swimming is good for health.  
Sub/N/Gerund

Head Word वा-शु Supporting Word(s)

(b) Teaching is my profession. (पढावतल इलल अमरु मरु)  
Sub/N/G

(c) Teaching English is my profession. (इंग्लिश पढावतल इलल अमरु मरु)  
Sub/N/G      Supporting word      Head Word

④ Teaching English to the children of the slums of Dhaka is my prof.  
Sub/N/G Supporting words

Complement.

①  $\frac{He}{s}$   $\frac{is}{L.V.}$   $\frac{Rana}{comp \text{ (N)}}$  (he = Rana)

②  $\frac{He}{s}$   $\frac{is}{L.V.}$   $\frac{brilliant}{comp \text{ (Adj)}}$  (he = brilliant)

# Obj fixuro G

V → ଅନୁ/ଓ ? → Obj

(a)  $\frac{I}{S}$   $\frac{like}{V}$   $\frac{teaching}{obj/N/G}$

(b)  $\frac{I}{S}$   $\frac{like}{V}$

$\frac{teaching}{H.W./obj/N/G}$   $\frac{English}{supporting word}$

Obj

# Complement শিখা G ও PP উদ্যোগে হয়

**Subject** + **Linking Verbs** + **ing যুক্ত complement**

Examples:

① My hobby is fishing (My hobby = fishing)  
S L.V comp/N/G

② My hobby is interesting (My hobby = interesting)  
S L.V comp/Adj/PP

Gerund

Sub → কি? → পরিচয়

Pres. participle

Sub → কেমন? → দ্রাঘ/সুদ  
বসন্ত



6. Adj + N/G

① We enjoyed his fantastic batting  
Adj N/G

7. Det + N + prep

↳ Gerund / verbal N

① The dancing of PM mesmerised Jayed.  
Det N/G/Verbal Noun prep

The + (V+ing) + of  
Verbal Noun

Gerund	Verbal Noun
① G-ସଂଲୋଚ Ad v ହିଁସା modify କରନ୍ତେ ହୁଏ	① V-N ସଂଲୋଚ Ad j ହିଁସା modify କରନ୍ତେ ହୁଏ।
② Gerund କାଳ୍ପନାତ୍ମକ plural ହୁଏନା।	② Verbal noun ସଂଲୋଚ plural ହିଁସା କରନ୍ତେ The killings of . . . .
③ ing ହିଁସା gerund ହୁଏନା	③ ing ହିଁସା ③ verbal noun ହୁଏ। verb — verbal N remove — removal deny — denial

8. prep + N/A + prep

Ⓐ Fatima got huge marks by focusing on my notes.  
N/A

9. Apposition N/A

Ⓐ I love my younger brother, Shakil  
Apposition Ⓐ

Ⓑ I love my profession. teaching  
Apposition / N/A  
9

## Gerund এর অবস্থান:

1. Verb এর পূর্বে subject হিসেবে:

### Examples:

a) Teaching is my hobby.

b) Walking in the morning is a good exercise.

## 2. Verb এর পরে object হিসেবে:

### Examples:

- a.** He likes walking.
- c.** She loves teaching.
- d.** She loves teaching English.

3. Verb এর পরে subjective complement হিসেবে:

Examples:

**a.** My hobby is teaching.

**b.** Her profession is dancing.

**c.** Seeing is believing.

4. Preposition এর পরে prepositional object হিসেবে:

Examples:

**a.** Tina knows nothing about fishing.

**b.** He came here for learning.

✓ **5. Determiner** এর পরে একটি মাত্র **'ing'** যুক্ত **verb** থাকলে সেটি **gerund** হয়:

**Examples:**

**a. Rupa likes his singing.**

**b. Wasim wanted this painting.**

**c. The bowling was beautiful.**

১০ (Verb + (V-ing))

6. নিচের **verb** গুলোর পরে আরেকটি **verb** থাকলে সাধারণত সেটি **gerund** হয়:

**admit, advise, anticipate, acknowledge, appreciate, avoid, bear, begin, complete, consider, defer, delay, deny, discuss, detest, dislike, enjoy, entail, escape, excuse, finish, forget, hate, intend, involve, justify, keep, like, love, mention, mind, miss, pardon, postpone, practice, prefer, prevent, quit, recall, recollect, recommend, regret, resent, resist, risk, sanction, save, start, stop, suggest, tolerate, try, (be + used to), can't help, etc.**

## Examples:

- a) I avoid reading comedy. *Gr*
- b) Yesterday she missed taking her umbrella. *Gr*
- c) He has finished working at that office. *Gr*
- d) I have enjoyed baking the cake. *Gr*

7. Determiner ও preposition এর মাঝে একটা মাত্র **ing** যুক্ত

verb থাকলে সেটি হয়:

Examples:

a. The dancing of the baby mesmerized us.

b. The teaching of Islam inspires us.

8.

**V<sub>1</sub> + ing**

**noun**

→ স্যাক্ষরিত  
phrase ২৩

Examples:

Gerund  
N → স্নান

প.প  
N → স্নানকার/স্নানকারী

৯) Swimming pool  
স্নান/স্নান N

৬) Swimming child  
স্নানকার/স্নানকারী N

A <sup>झुंझुंझुं</sup> rolling stone  
संज्ञा संज्ञा संज्ञा  
N

# Present Participle

# Present Participle

**Present participle** হল 'ing' যুক্ত একটি **verb** যা কোন **sentence-এ**  
**adjective** বা **adverb** হিসেবে কাজ করে।

1. **Linking verb** এর পরে 'ing' যুক্ত **verb** থাকলে উক্ত **verb** টিকে 'কি' বা 'কেমন' দ্বারা প্রশ্ন করতে হয়।

সাধারণত 'কি' প্রশ্নের উত্তরে **gerund** এবং 'কেমন' প্রশ্নের উত্তরে **present participle** পাওয়া যায়।

### Examples:

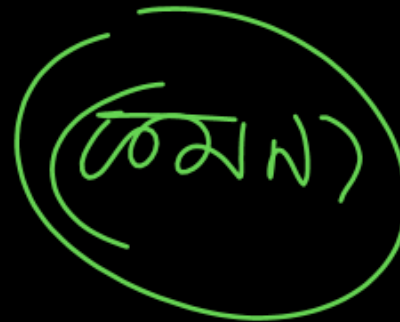
a) My hobby is swimming.

N/G/comp



b) My hobby is interesting.

Adj/pp/comp



2. সকল প্রকার **continuous tense** এ 'ing' যুক্ত **main verb present participle** হয়।

Examples:

a. He **is** swimming now.  
M.V / P.P

b. It has been raining for three days.

c. She **is** teaching us mathematics.

3. সাধারণত একই **subject** পরপর দুইটি কাজ সম্পন্ন করে থাকলে যে কাজটি/ **verb** টি আগে হয় সেই **verb** টিকে আমরা **present particle/ (V<sub>1</sub>+ing)** হিসেবে ব্যবহার করি।

### Examples:

a. Selling ice-cream, Rana became solvent.

b. Hearing the news, she fainted.



## Examples:

a) She came to me crying.



**Mpbian**

**01320820854**

# **Practice Section**

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**Mohammad Mir Jalal Sumon sir**

1

Teaching **is** my profession.

~~A. Gerund~~

B. Participle

C. Noun

D. Adjective

2

Teaching English is my profession.

Head word/subj  
N/A

Supporting word

~~A. Gerund~~

B. Participle

C. Noun

D. Adjective

3

Teaching (English to the children of the slums of Dhaka) is my profession.

~~A. Gerund~~

~~B. Participle~~

C. Noun

D. Adjective

# Practice Section

4

A rolling stone gathers no moss. Here 'rolling' is

a/ an \_\_\_\_

11<sup>th</sup> BCS

A. Gerund

B. Participle (1001) Adj

C. Noun

D. Adjective (501) pp

Adjective ← Noun

কোন?

large stone

→ p.p/Adj N

কোন?

সড়ক  
a rolling stone  
Adj + p.p N  
কোন?

নির্ধারক

no pres. participle-ই Adj হয়

কিন্তু no Adj-ই p.p হয় না

## Practice Section

5

“Education is enlightening.” Here ‘enlightening’

is a/ an \_\_\_\_\_. (37<sup>th</sup> BCS)

A. Gerund

B. Participle

C. Noun

D. Adjective

Education is enlightening (জ্ঞানোন্মোদন/প্রদান)  
জ্ঞানোন্মোদন/প্রদান

6

Rupa is swimming in a swimming pool.

M.V (10/10)

A. Gerund

B. Participle

C. Noun

D. Adjective

7

Rupa is swimming in a swimming pool.

~~A. Gerund~~

B. Participle

C. Noun

D. Adjective

8

“He contemplated marrying his cousin.”

Here, ‘marrying’ is \_\_\_\_\_

43<sup>rd</sup> BCS

- A. Gerund
- B. Infinitive
- C. Present participle
- D. Verb

9

“A rolling stone gathers no moss.” Here,  
‘rolling’ is \_\_\_\_\_

11<sup>th</sup> BCS

A. Gerund

B. Infinitive

~~C. Present participle~~

D. Verb

10

'Go and catch the falling star.' Here the 'falling'

\_\_\_\_\_.

(42<sup>nd</sup> BCS)

Adj  
N  
(word)

- A. An adverb
- B. A preposition
- ~~C. An adjective~~
- D. A verb

11

Writing a diary is a very good practice to develop the writing skill. The underlined part is a/an \_\_\_\_\_. (46<sup>th</sup> BCS)

A. noun phrase

B. verbal phrase

C. Adjective phrase

D. adverbial phrase

12

'The old man was tired of walking.' Here  
'walking' is a/ an \_\_\_\_\_. (41<sup>st</sup> BCS)

Gerund নামক বিশেষ  
Abstract নামক

- A. present participle
- B. adjective
- C. common noun
- D. gerund

13

'Seeing is believing.' Here 'believing' is a/ an  
\_\_\_\_\_.

(মাধ্যমিক সহকারি শিক্ষক ২০০৮)

A. object of a preposition

B. object of transitive

C. complement of a verb

D. object of subject

দেখা বলতে বিশ্বাস করা

# Practice Section

14

My uncle considered \_\_\_\_\_ his business when it was running really low. (বাংলাদেশ ট্যুরিজম বোর্ড (হিসাবরক্ষক) ২০১৭)

A. sell

~~B. selling~~

C. to sell

D. to be selling

বিক্রয় করা  
অবিক্রয় করা  
কেনা করা  
কোথ করা  
+  $\frac{(V_1 + iny)}{G}$

15

In the sentence “A barking dog seldom bites.” the word ‘barking’ does the function of \_\_\_\_\_. (ATEO 15)

A. noun and verb

B. noun and adjective

C. verb and adjective

D. verb and conjunction

16

A retired officer lives next door. Here the underlined word is a/ an \_\_\_\_\_. (38<sup>th</sup> BCS)

A. gerund

B. adverb

C. preposition

~~D. participle~~

$V_3 = \text{Past Participle} = \text{Adj}$

# Practice Section

17

She was used to \_\_\_\_ the poor.

(16<sup>th</sup> NTRCA School)

Used to + (V<sub>1</sub>)

be used to + (V<sub>1</sub> + ing)  
ব্যবহার

A. help

B. helped

~~C. helping~~

D. to help

# Thank You

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**Mohammad Mir Jalal Sumon sir**