

# **Master Class on Preposition**

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✓ • General Preposition → Basis

• Appropriate Preposition ✓

# Identify the parts of Speech of 'before'?

① We have never met before.

② Let's meet before 7 O'clock.

prep.

Now

What words  
are  
prepositions  
used with?

- Noun/Pronouns

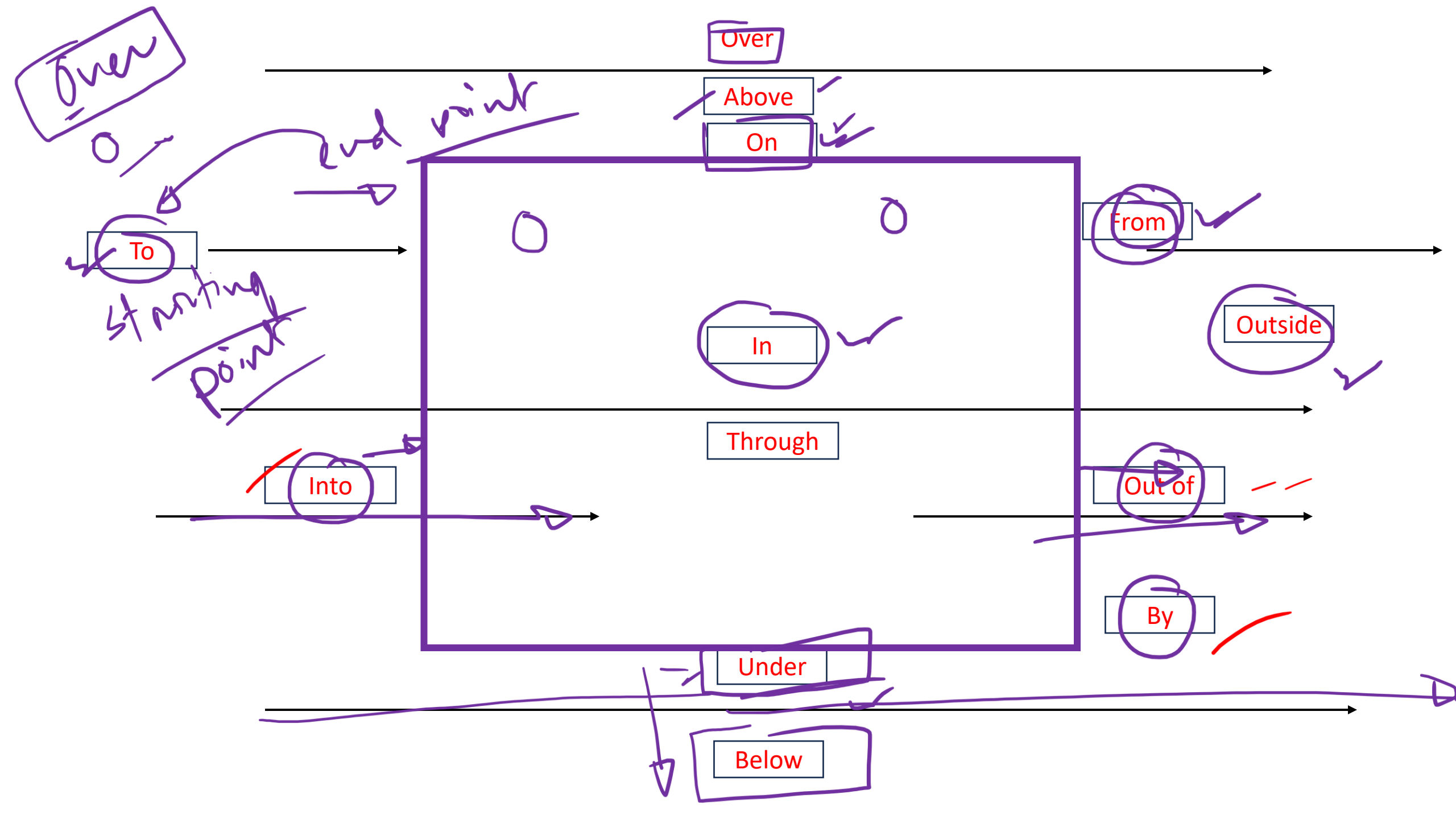
What do  
preposition do?

- Show how a noun or  
pronoun connects to  
other parts of the  
sentence

. The cat sat on the sofa.

Hand-drawn purple annotations on the sentence "The cat sat on the sofa." The word "sat" is circled. The word "on" is circled and has a red outline. A large purple box encloses the words "on the sofa." An arrow points from the top of the box to the word "on". Another arrow points from the bottom of the box to the word "sat".

. Relationship with verb + Noun

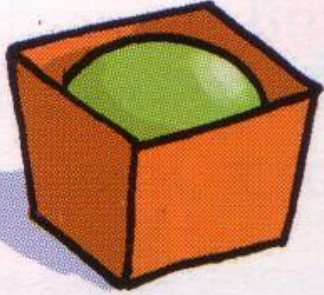




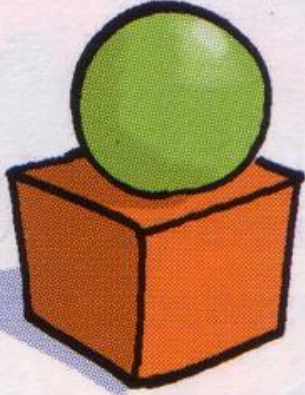
I have an umbrella  
~~at~~ over ~~above~~ my head.

sky is ~~over~~ above our head.

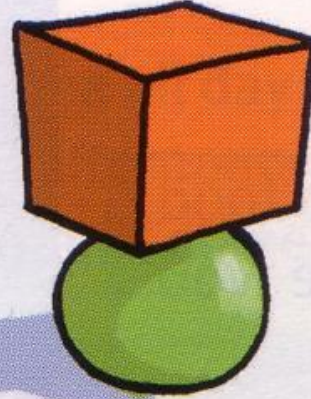
the sun is ~~at~~ ~~over~~ above our head.



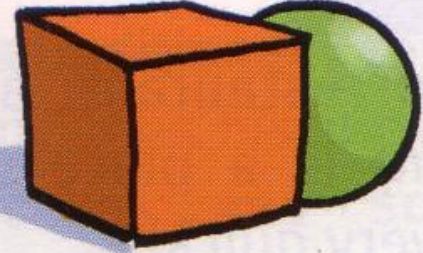
IN



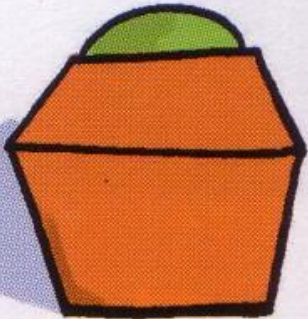
ON



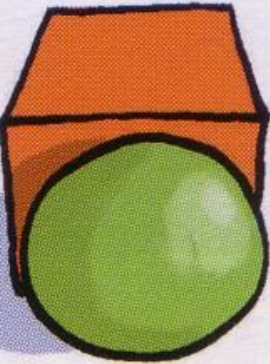
UNDER



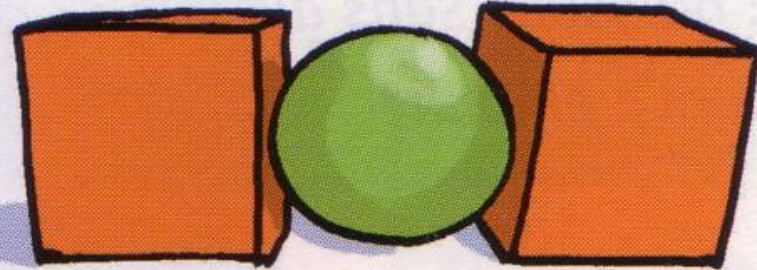
NEXT TO



BEHIND



IN FRONT OF



BETWEEN

# Prepositions of Movement

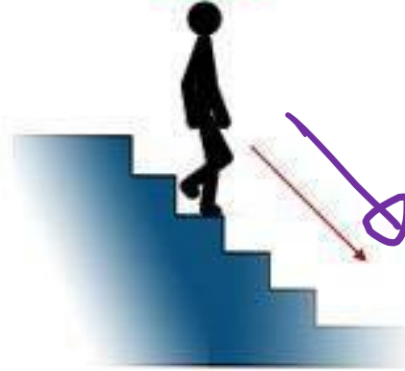
**up**

He is walking **up** the stairs.



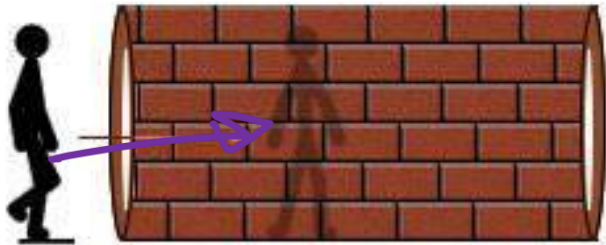
**down**

He is walking **down** the stairs.



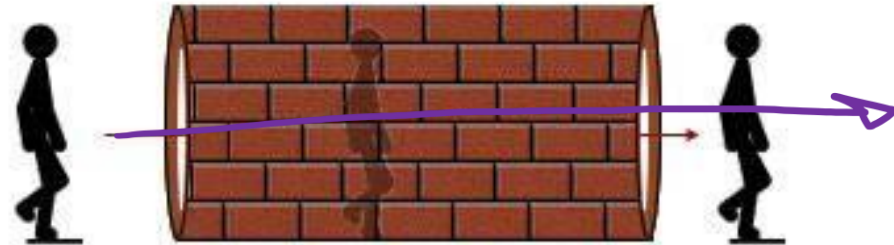
**into**

He is walking **into** the tunnel.



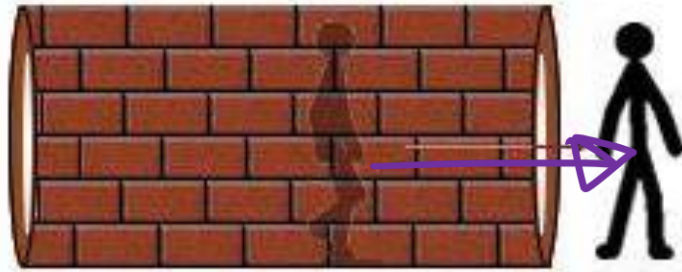
**through**

He is walking **through** the tunnel.



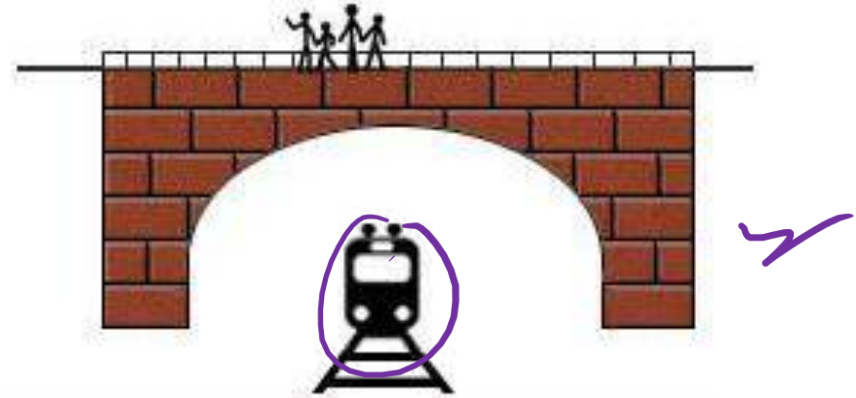
# out of

He is walking **out of** the tunnel.



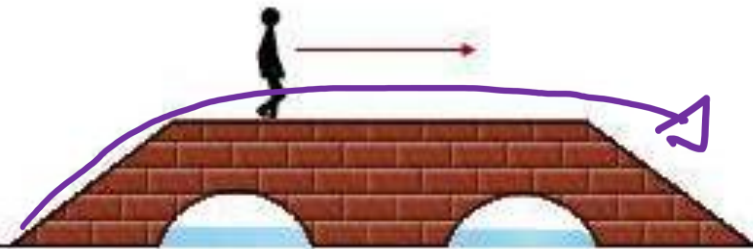
# under

The train is going **under** the bridge.



# over

He is walking **over** the bridge.



# towards

He is walking **towards** the shop.



to

# past

He is walking **past** the shop.



# across

He is walking **across** the road.



# along

He is walking **along** the street.



# round / around

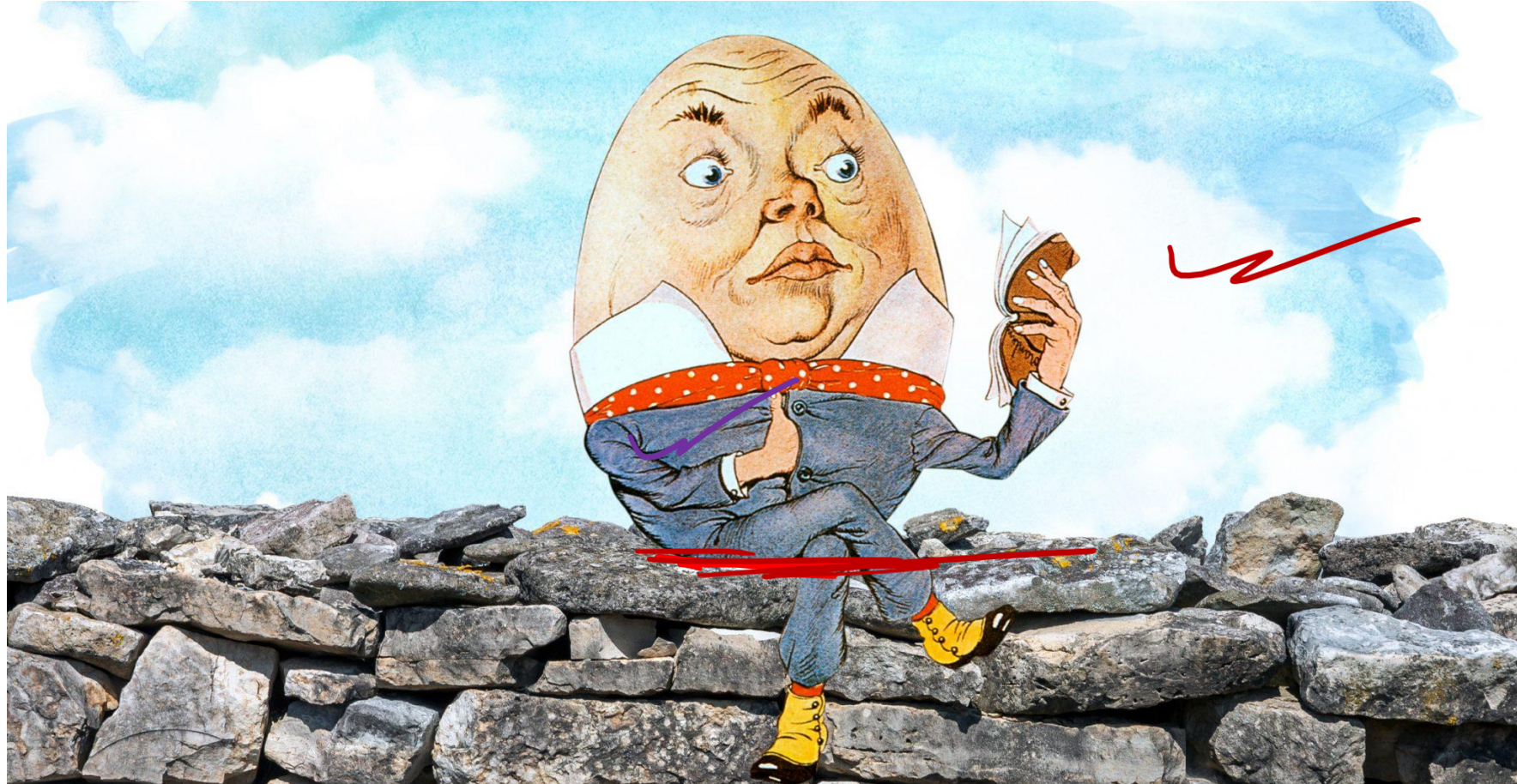
He is walking **around** the tree.



• On= কোন কিছু

উপরে

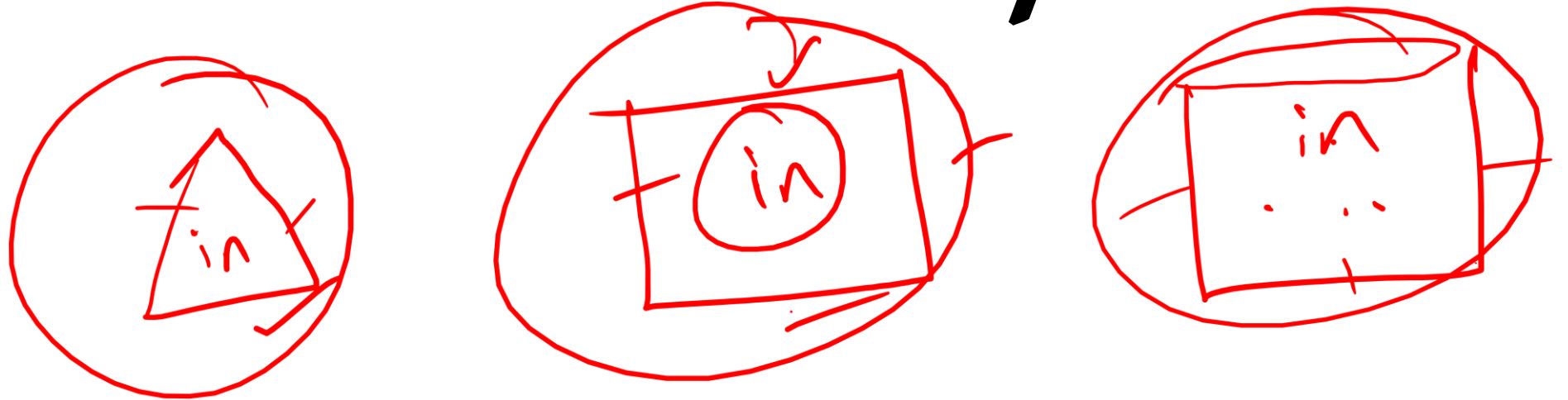
Humpty Dumpty sat on a wall



~~on/at~~

~~on/at~~

• in = ভেতরে/মাঝে



The bird is **in** the cage.



## Preposition with Time

• বড় সময়ের পূর্বে **in**

• ছোট সময়ের পূর্বে **at**

শতাব্দী - সপ্তাহ

সপ্তাহ, মাস, বছর  
১৯৯৯ - ২০০০

in

✓

বার

on

DM  
১৯৯৯

• দিনের বড় সময়ের পূর্বে in

• দিনের ছোট সময়ের পূর্বে at

# DAY

- Dawn

- Morning

- Noon

- Afternoon

- Dusk

- Evening

- Night

# DAY

• At Dawn

• In Morning

• At Noon

• In Afternoon

• At Dusk

• In Evening

• At Night



- সুনির্দিষ্ট সময় বোঝাতে "at" ব্যবহৃত হয়।
- I will go there at 5 o'clock.
- The president will reach at 6 am.
- He may come at 6 pm.

• কোন দিনের নির্দিষ্ট সময়ের পূর্বে "at" হয়। কিন্তু সম্পূর্ণ দিন বোঝালে "on" ব্যবহৃত হয়।

• The child becomes afraid at night.

• I will do the work on Friday.

• On the following day, we went there.

After

পরে

- সকাল (morning), বিকাল, (afternoon), সন্ধ্যা (evening) এদের আগে "in the" ব্যবহৃত হয়। কিন্তু নির্দিষ্ট দিনের সকাল, বিকাল এবং সন্ধ্যা বোঝাতে "on" ব্যবহৃত হয়।

- The man has come to meet me in the afternoon.
- The man has come to meet me ~~on~~ the afternoon of  
Victory day.

- Early morning, late night এবং late evening এর ক্ষেত্রে "in the" ব্যবহৃত হয়।
- I heard the news in the late afternoon.
- The government managed the political violence in the early morning.

## In/Within

✓ • Riad will do the work in a month.

30

✓ • Riad will do the work within a month.

25 / 26 / 20

• In: ব্যাপক সময়ের শেষ মুহূর্তে

৩০

• Within: ব্যাপক সময় শেষ হবার আগে

# ON TIME

# IN TIME

# JUST IN TIME

## ON TIME vs. IN TIME



The project was due at 10 a.m.

9 a.m.

10 a.m.



**JUST IN TIME**

### JUST IN TIME

Just in time refers to something happening at the last moment, just before the deadline or just before something was supposed to happen.  
= *It was almost too late.*

- ✔ We finished the project **just in time**.
- ✔ I arrived home **just in time** to avoid the heavy rain.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

## ON TIME vs. IN TIME



The meeting was scheduled for 10 a.m.



9 a.m.

10 a.m.



**IN TIME**

**ON TIME**

I arrived **in time** to have some coffee before the meeting started.

The meeting started **on time**.

**IN TIME**



**ON TIME**

When you are in time, you are early enough to have spare time, usually to be able to do something else.  
= *before something happens*  
= *before the scheduled time*  
= *with time to spare*

When something happens **on time**, it happens at the planned time.  
= *punctual* = *on schedule*  
= *at the arranged time*  
= *at the correct time*  
= *neither late nor early*

© Woodward English

On time

7.00 PM

The class was started

on

time

in time

Just in time

~~7.00~~

10.00 AM

10.00 AM

→ 9.20

9.00

~~9.50~~

9.50

## ঘড়ির সময়

- Fixed Time বুঝাতে **at**
- দ্বারা/অনুসারে বুঝাতে **by**
- বাকী থাকা বুঝাতে **to**
- বেশি হলে **past** বসে।

ঘড়ির সময়

---

He came here at **5 p.m.**

---

What is the time **by**

**your watch?**

---



9.45

15

This is quarter  
to 10.



It is quarter  
past 10.



8.45

to  
past

It is 10 past  
10.

quarter to 9.

45 past 8

- This morning, this week, last August, last week, last summer, next Monday, next week, next year everyday, every week ইত্যাদির পূর্বে ~~at/on/in~~ ব্যবহৃত হয়না।

• Are you going out this evening? ~~is~~

• The garden was lovely last summer. ~~is~~

- মাস, সাল এবং ঋতুর পূর্বে "in" ব্যবহৃত হয়।
- The president will meet the press in January.
- Thousands of people died in a road mishap in 1997.

- Holiday period বোঝাতে British English এ at হয়। কিন্তু American English এ on ব্যবহৃত হয়।
- I will see you at the weekend.
- I will see you on the weekend.

• বয়স বোঝাতে at ব্যবহৃত হয়।

• She got married at **eighteen.**

• The old man died at **seventy.**

Preposition of place In, On, At

•লাইব্রেরি, অফিস, সিনেমা, থিয়েটার, হাসপাতাল, শিক্ষা প্রতিষ্ঠান ইত্যাদিতে **স্বাভাবিক অবস্থান** (on duty/on respective work/institutional/functional aspect) বোঝাতে **at** হয়।

- The man is at the office.
- The teacher is at the university to conduct classes.

- কিন্তু লাইব্রেরি, অফিস, সিনেমা, থিয়েটার, শিক্ষা প্রতিষ্ঠান ইত্যাদিতে কোন ভবন/building এ অবস্থান করা বোঝাতে/ভিন্ন উদ্দেশ্যে থাকা বোঝাতে "in" হয়।

• Jonathans are ~~in~~ the theatre to meet me.

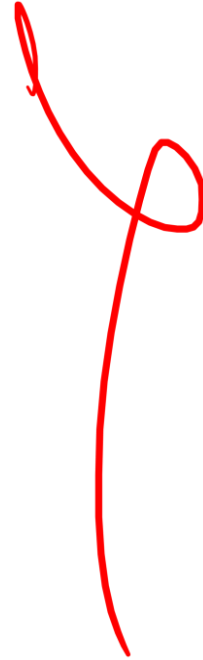
• Ann has been ~~in~~ the university to meet VC.

- Sizeable territories যেমন দেশ, মহাদেশ, রাজ্য, শহর,  
জেলা ইত্যাদির পূর্বে 'In' হয়।
- The president is in Asia to make a negotiation.
- We live in Bangladesh in Dhaka.

- কিন্তু global distance বোঝালে শহরের পূর্বে at ব্যবহৃত হয়।
- Our plane refuelled at London on its way from New York to Moscow.
- Prime minister landed at Tokoyo while she was going to Brazil.

## In/On/To

- সীমানার মধ্যে হলে-In
- সীমানার বাহিরে হলে To
- সীমানার উপরে হলে On



Feni is **in** the east of Comilla.



**Tajingdon is on south-east of Bangladesh.**



Japan is **to** the east of Bangladesh.



# PREPOSITIONS OF TIME AND PLACE

## TIME



## IN - ON - AT

## PLACE



**Centuries**.....The 1900's

**Decades**.....The 90's

**Years**.....1990, 2000

**Months**.....March, June

**Weeks**.....5 Weeks

**Seasons**.....Spring

**Periods of Time**.....The Future

**Holidays**.....The Easter Holiday

**Parts of the Day**.....The Morning

**Holidays with "Day"**.....Easter Day

**Days**.....Monday

**Dates**.....April 3rd

**Specific Days**.....My Birthday

**Time**.....The Weekend

**Day + Part of Day**....Sunday Morning

**Hours**.....8 a.m/p.m

**Parts of the Day**.....Midnight

**Time**.....The Moment

**Holidays without "Day"**.....Easter

General

IN

(Bigger)

More specific

ON

(Smaller)

Very specific

AT

(Smallest)

France..... **Countries**

Paris..... **Cities**

Manhattan.... **Neighborhood**

A Car..... **Enclosed Space**

Columbus Street..... **Streets**

Seventh Avenue..... **Avenues**

The Floor..... **Surfaces**

A Bus..... **Means of Transport**

The Radio..... **Communications**

456 State Street..... **Addresses**

The Station..... **Specific Locations**

# PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE

Prepositions of place are used to show the position or location of one thing in the relation to another.

## ON

- On a bus
- On the way
- On the left
- On the right
- On a ship
- On a plane
- On the train
- On a bicycle
- On a motorbike
- On a horse
- On an elephant
- On television
- On the second floor

## IN

- In a car
- In a taxi
- In Park Street
- In a row
- In the sky
- In the newspaper
- In a lift
- In a boat
- In a helicopter
- In the bathroom
- In Paris
- In the World
- In the kitchen

## AT

- At reception
- At the side
- At the bottom
- At the top
- At college
- At university
- At school
- At work
- At home
- At the door
- At a concert
- At the dinner

## UNDER

- Under a tree
- Under the table
- Under the chair
- Under you bed
- Under a bridge
- Under the water
- Under the sea
- Under the mistletoe
- Under the ground
- Under mine(my)
- Under the flowerpot



# Preposition of Place

In	On	At
in Dhaka, in Bangladesh.	on the Internet	at a conference
in the journal	on the ceiling	at a party
in the article		at a concert
in a room	on the table	at the reception desk
in a building	on the wall	at the doctor's chamber
in the garden	on a page	at school
in the city center	on an island	at the bus station
in a pool	on the left / right	at the window
in a line	on a map	at the door
in the sky	on a list	at the hospital
in bed, in the bedroom	on the corner	
in the sea, in water		
in the room, in the yard		

# Preposition of time

<b>at</b>	<b>in</b>	<b>on</b>
<b>Precise time</b>	<b>Months, Years, Centuries, Long periods</b>	<b>Days &amp; Dates</b>
<b>at 3 o'clock</b>	in May / June / March	on Sunday
<b>at 10.30 am</b>	in summer/ spring etc.	on Tuesday
<b>at noon</b>	in childhood	on 6th March
<b>at dinnertime</b>	in 1990 / 2016/2013 etc	on 16th Dec 2014
<b>at bedtime</b>	in the 1990s	on Christmas Day
<b>at sunrise</b>	in the next century, in the 20 <sup>th</sup> century	on Independence Day
<b>at sunset</b>	in the Ice Age	on Eid day
<b>at the moment</b>	in the past/future	on New year's Eve

# Preposition of Transport

• on the bus, on the plane, on the train, on the ship

• যে সব যানবাহনের মধ্যে হাঁটাচলা করা যায় তাদের আগে on বসে।



তবে বাংলাদেশের  
বাসে হাঁটা যাবে কি না  
এই প্রশ্নে কবি নীরব



- যে সব যানবাহনের মধ্যে হাঁটাহাটি করা যায় না তাদের আগে in বসে।



in car





in a helicopter



যানবাহনে ভ্রমণ বুঝাতে by bus, by train, by plane, by  
air, by boat বসে

- He came here by bus .
- I went Sylhet by train.



cycle, foot, horseback ইত্যাদির আগে on বসবে

• He came on foot.

• He came on a new cycle.



Priyanka Chopra  
And Nick Jonas  
Went On A  
Horseback Riding  
Date.



• He fell off the bus.

• গাড়ী থেকে, ঘোড়া থেকে, বাস থেকে পড়ে যাওয়া

বা নামা অর্থে off বসে।



• To = কোন গন্তব্যের দিকে ।

• কোন গন্তব্য চলার গতি বুঝাতে 'to বসে ।

- The train runs from Rangpur to Dhaka.

I am going **to** the store. ✓



Preposition

I am going **to hit** the ball.



infinitive

✓ **towards xyz** = xyz এর দিকে

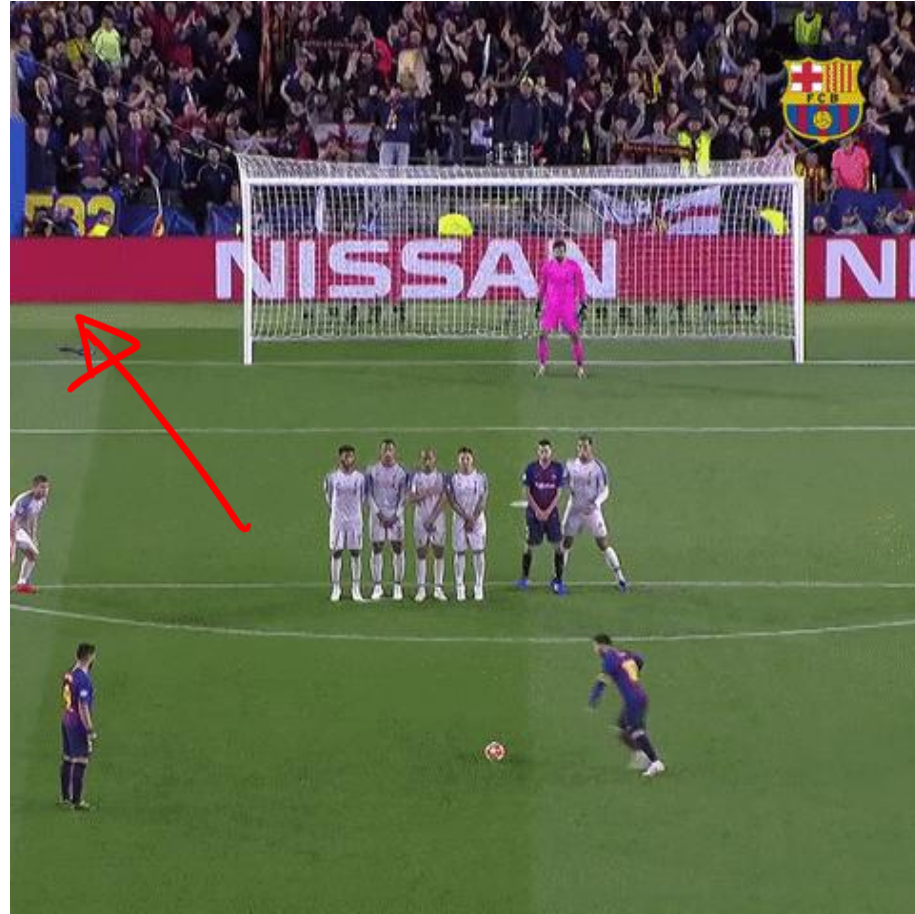
- কোন দিকে চলার গতি বোঝাতে towards বসে।

- The car is going

towards the city.



Messi kicked the ball towards the goalpost.



I am going to School.



# আব্বা বললো, কই যাস?

- যাচ্ছিলাম সিনেমা হলে। কিন্তু আব্বারে বললে মার দিবে। অন্যদিকে হুজুরে বলেছে মিথ্যা বলা মহাপাপ।

I am going towards school.



## into

in = ভিতরে

to = দিকে

into = ভিতরের দিকে

এভাবে তীর থেকে নদীতে jump দেয়া, কাপটির ভিতরে চিনি বা ঢালা

ইত্যাদি বুঝাতে into ব্যবহৃত হয়

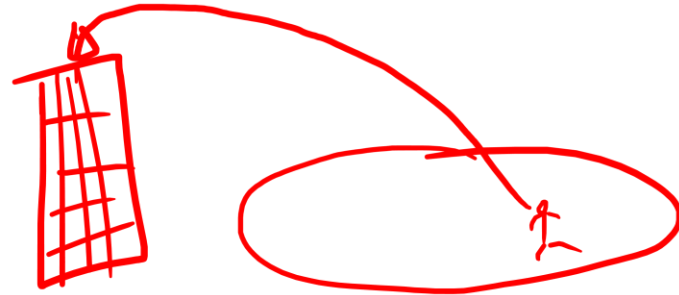


The boy jumped into the river.



Onto = উপরের দিকে

- কোন কিছুর উপরের দিকে গতি বুঝাতে onto ব্যবহৃত হয়।



I stepped onto  
the platform.



# INTO

VS.

# ONTO

## preposition



**indicates movement  
towards middle or inside of  
something**

Ex. After being turned down,  
Jaz furiously threw her budget  
proposal into the trash can.

**indicates movement  
towards a particular place,  
usually a surface**

Ex. The dog jumped onto the  
side table.

# IN vs INTO

## ON vs ONTO



*I walked **INTO** the room.*

there's an action  
of coming inside  
the room

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*I climbed **ONTO** the roof.*

there's an action of  
climbing on top of  
the roof

*I'm sitting **IN** the room.*

I'm already inside  
the room, there's no  
action

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*The pen is **ON** the table.*

the pen is already on  
the table, there's no  
further action

Below vs Under

# Under

- Physical position directly beneath something
- The keys are under the table.

# Under

- Hierarchy or authority
- He works under the manager.

# Under

- Measurements, limits, or conditions
- The temperature is under 10°C

# Under

- Covering

- She hid under the blanket

# Below

- Lower position, but not necessarily directly beneath

- The river is below the cliff



# Below

- Rank or level
- This work is below my standards.

*below*

*average*

**Below**

- Measurements or thresholds
- The temperature dropped below freezing

*below  
average*

15°

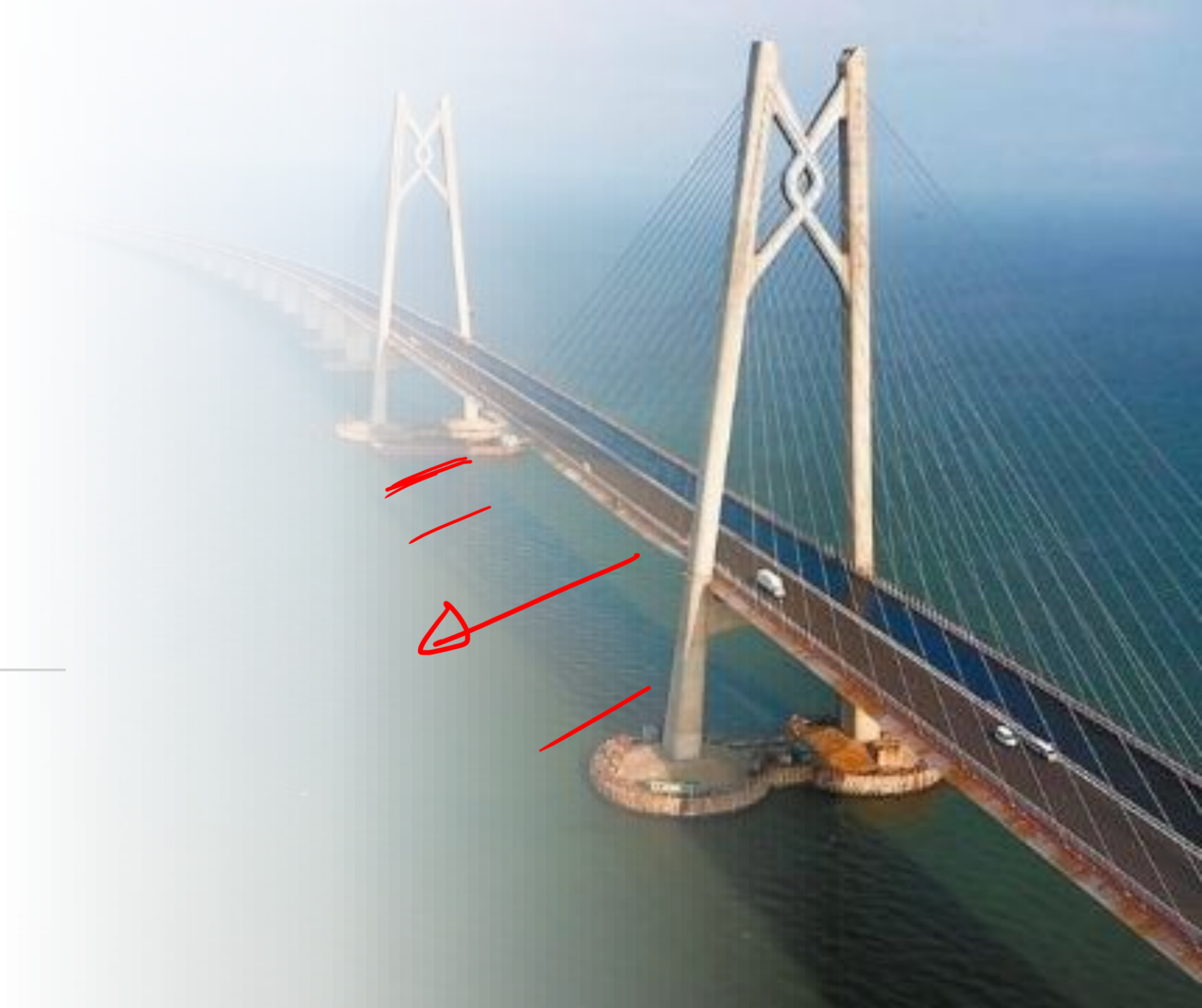
*Under -10*

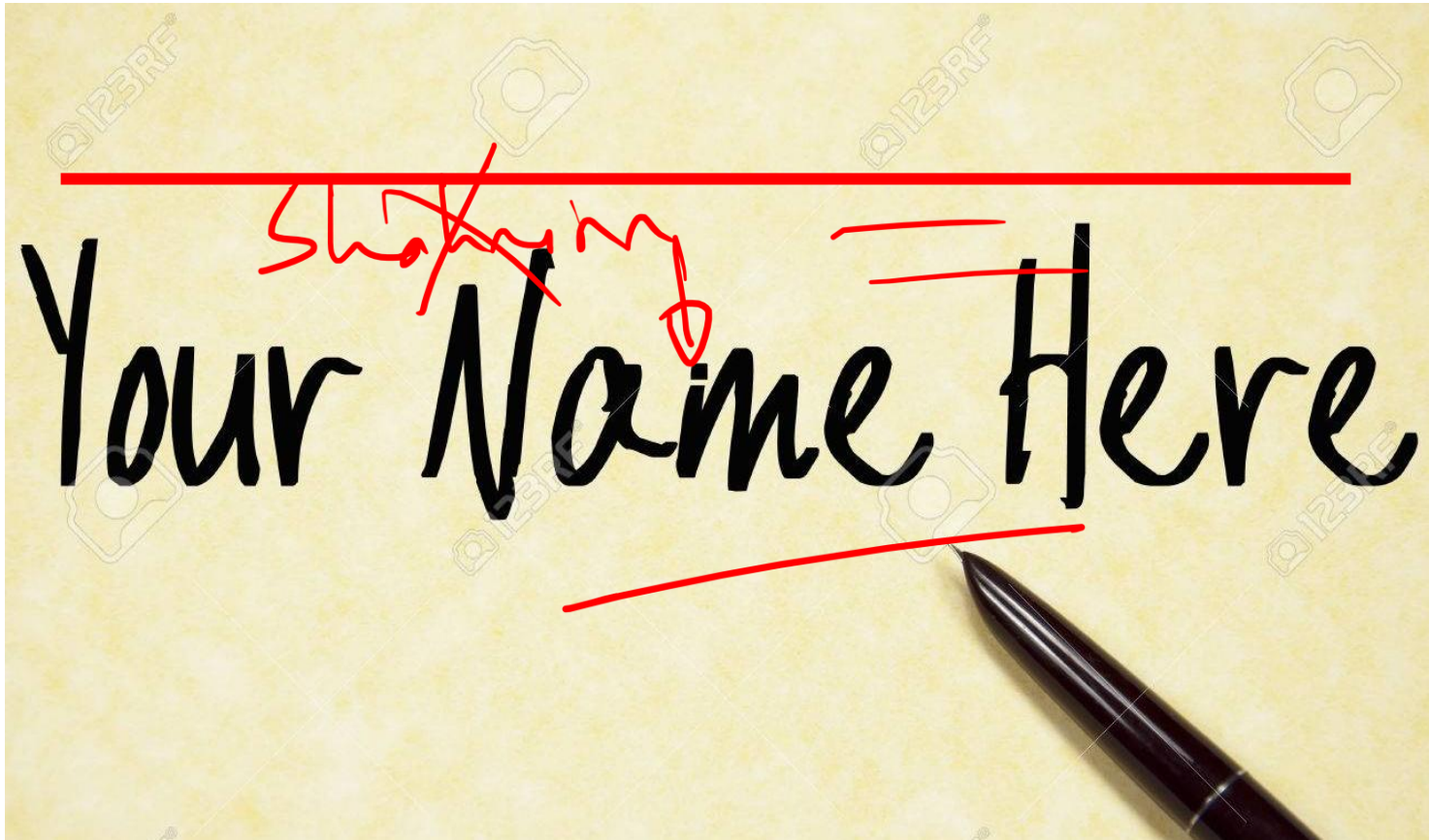


Under

---

The river flows under the bridge.





Below=

কিছুটা নিচে

Write your name below the line.

The ball is  
under the box



The ball is  
below the box



- Let's Recap

**Across = এক পাশ থেকে অপর পাশে**

- Across দিয়ে মাঠ, নদী, রাস্তা, ইত্যাদির  
'একদিক থেকে অন্য দিকে' যাওয়া বোঝায়।

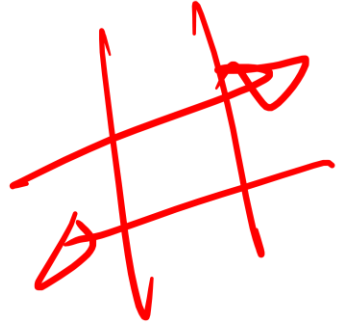




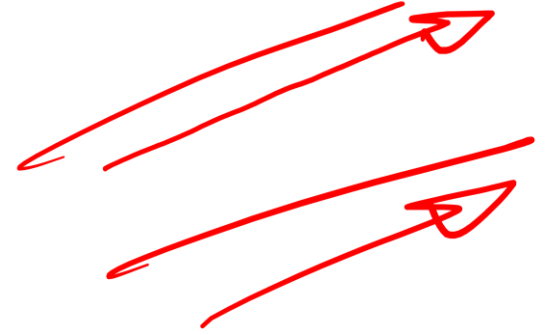
Jahid is going **across** the bridge.



• They boated  
across the river.



**Along = বরাবর**

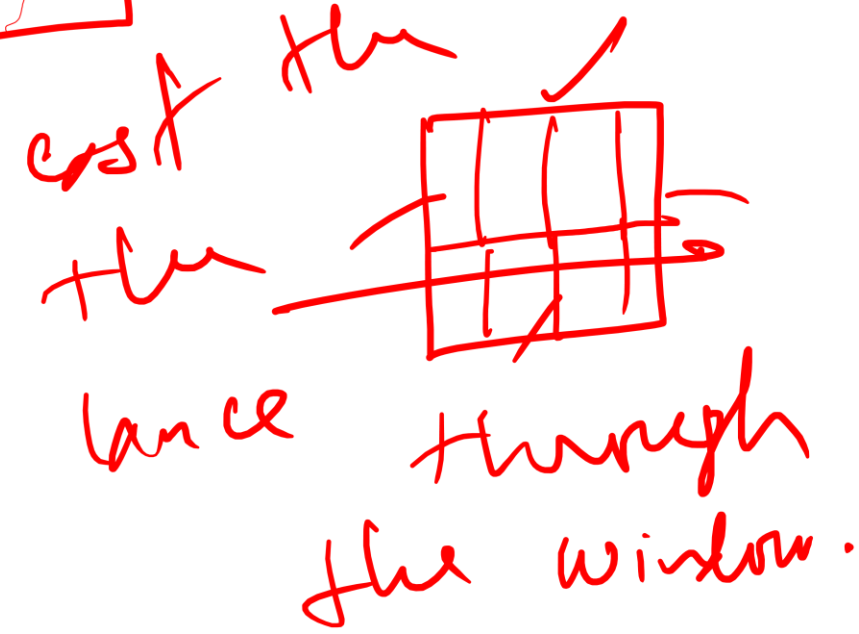
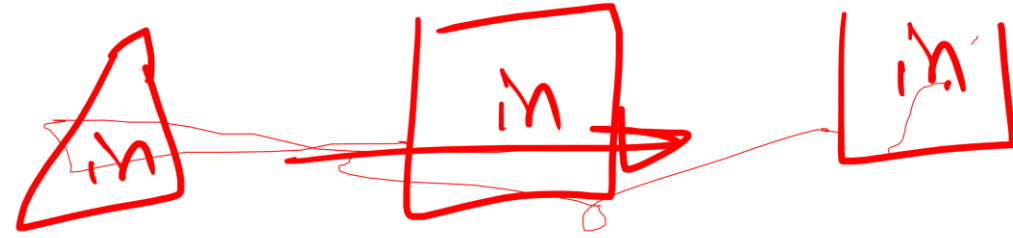


কোন কিছু বরাবর চলার গতি বোঝাতে Along  
বসে।



Along

- The ship is sailing along the coastline.

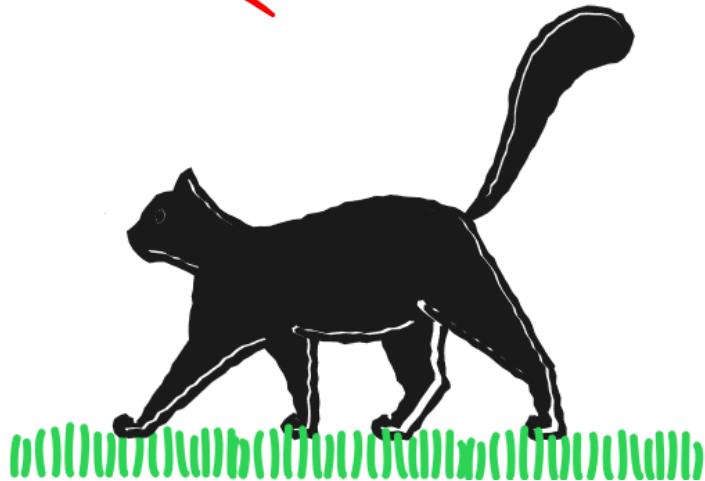
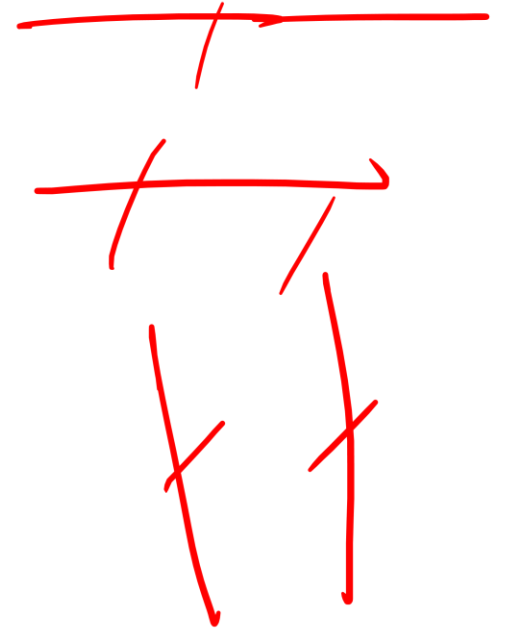


• **Through** - কোন কিছুর মধ্য দিয়ে

• কোন কিছুর মধ্য দিয়ে অতিক্রম করার গতি  
বোঝাতে Through বসে।



Through

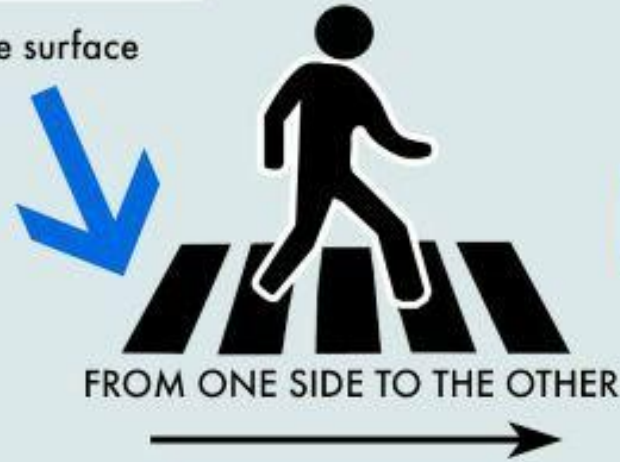


Across



# ACROSS

on the surface



At that moment,  
I was ~~walking~~  
**across** the road.

# THROUGH

surrounded by the same something or to be in that thing

The man was ~~walking~~  
walking **through**  
the forest ~~when~~  
he met the wolf.



FROM ONE SIDE TO  
OR TOWARDS THE OTHER



# Past = পাশ দিয়ে অতিক্রম করা

- কোন কিছুর পাশ দিয়ে অতিক্রম করে যাওয়ার গতি বোঝাতে past বসে।



- If you go past the drug store, could you please bring some anti-ulcerant for me.

Up = উপরের দিকে।

- কোন কিছুর উপরের দিকে যাওয়া বোঝাতে up ব্যবহৃত হয়



They are climbing  
up the tree.



# down = নিচে

- উঁচু স্থান থেকে নিচু স্থানে বোঝাতে down বসে।
- এটি up এর বিপরীত।



The stone rolled **down** the hill.



# Over= অল্প উপরে (Closeness)

- তার মানে (না ছুঁয়ে) অল্প উপর দিয়ে পার হওয়ার গতি বোঝাতে over ব্যবহৃত হয়।

• The bird flew over the garden.



The ball went  
over the  
goalpost.

# ACROSS / OVER / THROUGH

## ACROSS

[ə'krɒs]

From one side to the other:



- There is a large bridge **across** the river.
- Look! Peter is **across** the street.
- The tree fell down **across** the road last night.



## OVER

['əʊvə]

It refers to something at a higher position than something else, sometimes involving movement:



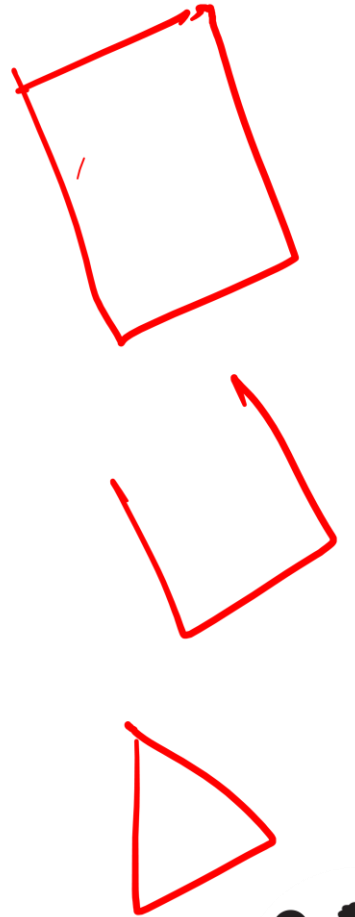
- A plane was flying **over** the village.
- The thief jumped **over** the fence.

## THROUGH

['θru:]

It refers to movement from one side to another but 'in something', such as long grass or a forest:

- Peter walked **through** the forest.
- We looked **through** the window and saw that it was a beautiful day.



# above= অনেক উপরে

- Above দিয়ে সাধারণত over এর চেয়ে বেশি দূরত্ব বা বেশি উপরে বুঝানো হয়ে থাকে।

# Above vs Over

- **Above** – a higher level than
- **Over** – closeness



# PREPOSITIONS

## location

**over/  
above**

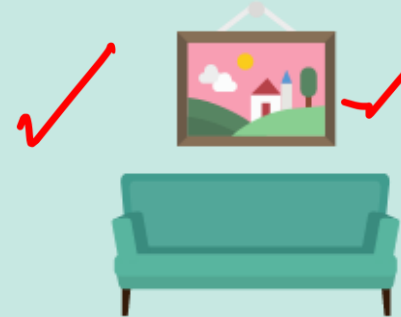
in a place that is higher  
than another thing or  
person

**examples:**

I held the umbrella **over** my  
head.



She hung the picture **above**  
the sofa.



- Let's Recap

# Round= চারদিকে

- কোন কিছুৰ চারদিকে ঘোঁৱাৰ গতি বা কোন কিছুৰ পাশ দিয়ে ঘূৰে আসা বুঝাতে round বসে।



• The earth moves

round the sun.

# Out of-কোন কিছুর ভেতর থেকে বের হওয়া

- Out of দ্বারা কোন কিছুর ভেতর থেকে বাইরের দিকে কোন কিছুর গতি বুঝায়।

The rabbit is popping

out of the hole.

Papers are coming

out of the printers.



Off = সামান্য দূরে/থেকে

- কোন কিছুৰ উপৰ হতে বিচ্ছিন্ন হয়ে  
গতি বোঝাতে off বসে।

# Prepositions- 'off'

'Off' tells you the **direction** of a person, animal or thing moving away from the original place.

- Direction

We use 'off' when describing something moving towards the ground or away from something.

Examples:

- Charlie fell **off** his bed last night.
- Mother sending me **off** to school.
- Father went **off** to work at seven.



• from

• কোন স্থান হতে গতি বোঝাতে

from হয়।

The prisoner ran  
away from the jail.



• Against = বিরুদ্ধে, কোন

কিছুর সাথে (সংঘর্ষ)

- The team played *against* their rivals.
- He leaned *against* the wall.

• Behind = পিছনে



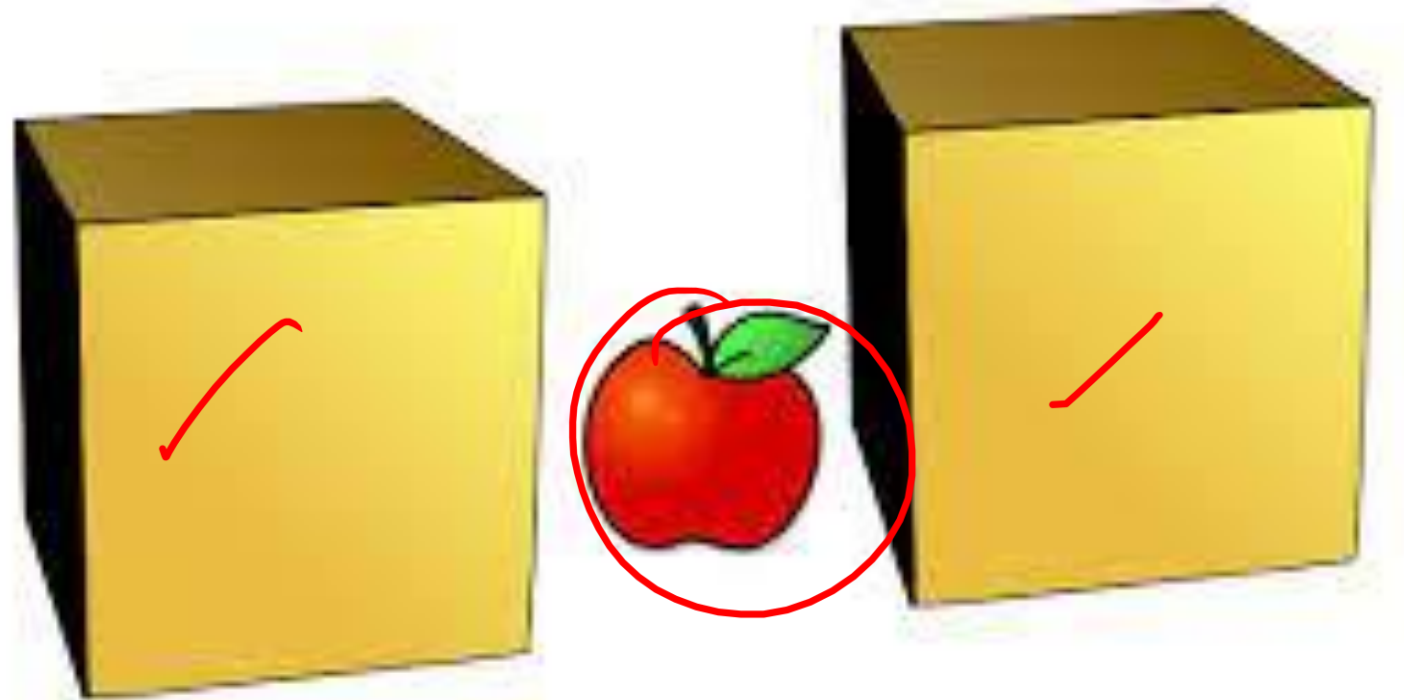
The policeman is  
running behind  
the **extortionist**.

---



Between =

দুইয়ের মাঝে



---

The apple is between  
the boxes.

- Divide mangoes  
between two boys.



among = দুইয়ের অধিক এর মাঝে

---

There was disagreement among the team members.

• by = পাশে/দ্বারা

The student sat **by** the teacher.



beside/next to =

একদম পাশাপাশি/খুবই নিকটে

- কোন কিছু অন্য কোন কিছুর পাশে বুঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।





The student sat  
beside/next to  
the teacher.



- উপরে বুঝাতে – on/over/above বসে।
- নীচে বুঝাতে – below/under বসে।
- দিকে বুঝাতে – to বসে।
- থেকে বুঝাতে – from বসে।
- বাইরে বুঝাতে – out বসে।



- মধ্যে স্থির বুঝাতে - in/inside বসে।
- ভিতর দিয়ে বুঝাতে - through/across বসে।
- মধ্যে প্রবেশ বুঝাতে - into বসে।
- বাইরে বুঝাতে - out of বসে।
- দ্বারা বুঝাতে - by/with বসে।



# Made of/From

- কোন কিছুর তৈরির পর ঐ উপাদানটি দেখা গেলে  
made of বসে।

•কোন কিছু তৈরির পর ঐ উপাদানটি দেখা না গেলে

made from বসে।



# Made of/from

• This table is made ~~of/from~~ wood.

• The paper is made ~~of/from~~ wood.

This table is  
made of wood.

---



—

The paper is made **from**  
wood/bamboo.

---





made in

- Walton  
phone is  
made in  
Bangladesh

On foot

My friend always  
goes home on foot.

(পায়ে হেঁটে গেলে)



We should go to Shaheed Minar <sup>৯</sup> in barefoot.

(খালি পায়ে)



- পায়ে হেটে গেলে-on foot
- খালি পায়ে হেটে গেলে-in barefoot.

# Die

- Die of: রোগে মারা যাওয়া
- Die from: অতিরিক্ত কোনো কিছু করে মারা যাওয়া
- Die by: দুর্ঘটনায় মারা যাওয়া
- Die for: ভালো কাজের জন্য মারা যাওয়া
- Die in: শান্তিতে মারা যাওয়া

Died in peace

Died for  
his country

## Live on/by/for

- The cow lives on grass.
  - Live on: খেয়ে বাঁচা
- We live for better days.
  - Live for: আকাঙ্ক্ষায় থাকা।

Our parents  
live for us.

live by

He lives by honesty.



## Be on the phone

- ফোনে কেউ কথা  
বলা অবস্থায়  
আছে।



# on the phone

- Please do not interrupt your mother while she is on the phone.
- Kashem has been on the phone to Sharmin for more than an hour.

Who was that **on the phone?**

ফোনে কে কথা বলছিল?



'be on the phone' দিয়ে বোঝানো হয়ে যে 'ফোনে কেউ কথা বলা  
অবস্থায় আছে' ।

- That son of mine is on the phone all day !
- আমার ঐ ছেলেটা সারাদিন ফোনে কথা বলতেই আছে !

## By phone/Over the phone

- ফোনে কোনো কাজ করা বুঝালে এর আগে by/over উভয়ই বসতে পারে। তবে মনে রাখতে হবে, by ব্যবহার করলে phone বা telephone-এর article the আগে বসবে না।

## By phone/Over the phone

- He invited me over the phone.
- You can reserve seats over the telephone.

over the

• Much of his work is done by phone.

• তার অনেক কাজ ফোনেই করা হয়।

## মনে রাখার উপায়:

- Be verb থাকলে- on the phone
- be verb না থাকলে- over the phone অথবা by phone.

Thank You