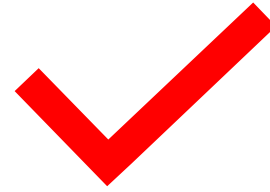


Primary Question Solve
Topic: Voice and Preposition

Jannatul Farhana

01. Open the door. (Make it passive)

- (a) The door is opened
- (b) Let the door be opened
- (c) Let the door open
- (d) Let the door open




Imperative sentence- এ আদেশ, অনুরোধ, উপদেশ ইত্যাদি বোঝালে বাক্যের প্রথমে Let যোগ করে Passive করা হয়। Let দিয়ে Passive voice এর বাক্যটি শুরু হবে।

02. Change the voice: Where did you see him?


- (a) Where he was seen by you?
- (b) Where was he seen by you?
- (c) Where did he seen by you?
- (d) Where was he see by you?

03. Which one is the correct passive form of Who will do the work?

- (a) Who will be done the work?
-  (b) By whom will the work be done?
- (c) By whom the work will be done?
- (d) Who will done the work?

Who যুক্ত Interrogative sentence কে Passive করার নিয়ম: By whom + auxiliary verb (tense অনুযায়ী) + Subject + V3?

04. Change the voice: Who is creating this mess?

- (a) Who has been created this mess?
- (b) By whom has this mess been created?
- (c) By whom this mess is being created?
-  (d) By whom is this mess being created?


Interrogative বাক্যের passive voice interrogative বাক্যই হয়। বাক্যের প্রথমে who থাকলে তা by whom দ্বারা পরিবর্তিত হয় এবং বাকি অংশ tense অনুযায়ী পরিবর্তিত হয়। এটা continuous tense বলে is being আসবে এবং এটা এক সাথে থাকবে।

05. We made her recite a poem. (Passive):


- ✓ (a) She was made to recite a poem.
- (b) She was made recited a poem.
- (c) A poem was made to be recited.
- (d) A poem was made recite by her.

Causative verb যুক্ত একটি বাক্যের passive voice এর গঠনঃ Obj কে sub + auxiliary verb + verb – এর p.p + to + verb এর base form.

06. English — across the world.

- (a) has spoken
- (b) speaks
- (c) is speaking
-  (d) is spoken

07. The passive form of the sentence : Some children were helping the wounded man.

- (a) The wounded man was to be helped by some children
- (b) The wounded man was helped by some children
- (c) The wounded man was helping some children
-  (d) The wounded man was being helped by some children


08. Identify the correct passive form of— He is going to open a shop.

- (a) He is being gone to open a shop.
- (b) A shop is being gone opened by him.
- (c) A shop is going to be opened by him.
- (d) A shop is going to be opened by him.

09. Correct passive form of- I have to do it.

- ✓ (a) It has to be done by me.
- (b) Let it be done by me.
- (c) It is to be done.
- (d) It has to be done to me.


10. I know that he did the work. (make it passive)

- (a) He was known to me.
- (b) It was known to me that the work has been done by him.
- (c) It was known to me that the work had been done by him.
-  (d) It is known to me that the work was done by him.

11. He taught me to read Arabic. (make it passive)

- (a) I was taught by him to read Arabic.
- (b) I have been taught by him to read Arabic.
- (c) I have been taught by him to read Arabic.
- (d) I was being taught by him to read Arabic.

12. Choose the correct passive voice: 'His behaviour worried us.'

- (a) We are worried with his behaviour
- (b) We have been worried with his behaviour
- (c) We were worried about his behaviour
-  (d) We were worried by his behaviour.


13. Choose the correct form (passive) of- 'Who will do the work?'

- (a) Who will be done the work?
- (b) Who will done the work?
- ✓ (c) By whom will the work be done?
- (d) By whom will the work be done?


14. He took me there. The passive voice is—

- (a) I was taken there by him
- (b) I was to be taken there by him
- (c) I should be taken there by him
- (d) I was trying to take me there.


15. He pleases us. The passive voice is—

- (a) We were pleased with him
-  (b) We are pleased with him
- (c) We will be pleased by him
- (d) We are pleased by him.


16. Does he speak English well? The passive voice is—

- (a) Is English spoke well by him?
-  (b) Is English spoken well by him?
- (c) Do English spoke well by him?
- (d) Was English spoke well by him?


17. Correct passive form of the sentence- The boy pleased us is—

- (a) We were pleased by the boy.
-  (b) We were pleased with the boy.
- (c) We were pleased to the boy.
- (d) We were pleased at the boy.


18. Correct passive form of the sentence- Solve this problem.

- (a) The problem is solved by you.
- (b) You are solved with the problem.
-  (c) Let the problem be solved by you.
- (d) Let you solve the problem.


19. Correct passive form of the sentence- Let him sing a song.

- (a) Let a song sing by him.
-  (b) Let a song be sung by him.
- (c) Let a song be sang by him.
- (d) Let a song sung by him.


20. Correct passive form of the sentence- I am writing a letter.

- (a) A letter is written by me.
- (b) A letter was written by me.
-  (c) A letter is being written by me.
- (d) A letter was being written by me.


21. Correct passive form of the sentence- Do not hate the poor.

-  (a) Let not the poor be hated.
- (b) Let the poor be hated.
- (c) Let not the poor hate.
- (d) Let not the poor by hated.

22. Correct passive form of the sentence- She fans herself.

- (a) She was fanned by herself.
- (b) She is fanned herself.
-  (c) She is fanned by herself.
- (d) None of these

24. Correct active form of the sentence- . Am I wanted by you?


- (a) Are you wanted me?
- (b) Did you wanted me?
-  (c) Do you want me?
- (d) Does you want me?

25. Correct passive form of the sentence- Do away with it.


- ✓ (a) Let it be done away with
- (b) Let it has done away with
- (c) Let it to be done away with
- (d) Let it has to do away with

Do যুক্ত Imperative sentence কে Passive করার নিয়ম: প্রথমে Let বসে+ Object + be + Verb এর past participle + extension.


26. Correct passive form of the sentence- The pill tastes bitter.

- (a) The pill was bitter when it was tasted
- (b) The pill was bitter when it tasted
- (c) The pill is bitter when it tastes.
-  (d) The pill is bitter when it is tasted


27. Correct passive form of the sentence- He made me drive his car.

- (a) I am made to drive his car by him.
- (b) I was made driven his car to him.
- (c) I was made drive his car by him.
-  (d) I was made to drive his car by him.


29. Correct passive form of the sentence- . I had written the letter.

- (a) The letter was written by me.
-  (b) The letter had been written by me.
- (c) The letter was being written by me.
- (d) The letter was wrote by me.

30. Correct passive form of the sentence- I have bought the books.

-  (a) The books have been bought by me.
- (b) The pill was bitter when it was tasted
- (c) The books were bought by me.
- (d) The books are bought by me.

31. Correct passive form of the sentence- Panic seized the writer.

- (a) The writer was seized by panic
-  (b) The writer was seized with panic
- (c) The writer has been seized by panic
- (d) The writer had been seized with panic


প্রদত্ত sentence এর verb হচ্ছে 'seize'. Seize এর পর preposition হিসেবে 'with' ব্যবহৃত হয়। এছাড়াও annoy এর পর 'with', surprise এর পর 'at', satisfy এর পর 'with', contain এর পর 'in', shock এর পর 'at' ব্যবহৃত হয়।

32. Correct passive form of the sentence- . I shall do the work.


- (a) The work shall be done by me
- (b) The work shall be done with me
- (c) The work will be done by me
- (d) The work would be done by me

Active Voice এ future indefinite tense এর হলে Passive voice এর structure হবে Object টি subjective form হয়+ shall/will + be + verb এর past participle + by +Subject টি objective form.

33. Correct passive form of the sentence- We ought to obey our parents.

-  (a) Our parents ought to be obeyed by us
- (b) Our parents may be obeyed by us
- (c) Your parents is to be obeyed by us
- (d) Our parents are to be obeyed by us

35. The Ambassador called—the president.

- (a) in
-  (b) on
- (c) at
- (d) none of them

Call on means pay a visit to someone; কারো সাথে দেখা করা, সাক্ষাত করা।

36. The lady prides herself—her beauty.

- ✓ (a) upon
- (b) in
- (c) of
- (d) about


Pride oneself on/upon something- Meaning: Be especially proud of (a particular quality or skill). Bangla Meaning: গর্ব/অহংকার বোধ করা।-
সুতরাং, কোন বিষয়ে গর্ব/ অহংকার করা বোঝাতে pride on/upon হবে।

37. The ministers arrived—a decision last night.

- (a) on
- (b) at
- (c) in
- (d) to

Arrive at something Meaning: to reach an agreement about something. সিদ্ধান্ত, মূল্য, বয়স ইত্যাদিতে উপনীত হওয়া বা পৌঁছানো।

38. I have no pen to write—.


- (a) in
- (b) smooth
- (c) well
-  (d) with

কোন উপকরণ/ যন্ত্র দ্বারা কাজ সম্পাদনের ক্ষেত্রে with ব্যবহৃত হয়। যেমন:-They opened the package with a knife.- I have no pen to write with.


38. Anis had a talent—making people laugh.

- (a) on
- (b) of
- (c) for
- (d) in

39. The Principal had an inquiry—the case.


- (a) of
-  (b) into
- (c) at
- (d) in

40. He is confident—success.

-  (a) of
- (b) with
- (c) to
- (d) for

Confident of: আশাবাদী।

41. I cannot stoop—meanness.

- (a) of
- (b) with
-  (c) to
- (d) for


“Stoop to” lower oneself morally or behave in a way that is beneath one's dignity.

42. The climate is congenial—health. .

- (a) in
- (b) with
- (c) to
- (d) on


Congenial (to something) –suitable for something (উপযোগী হওয়া)।

43. I count— your help.

- (a) in
-  (b) upon
- (c) with
- (d) after

Count on/upon meaning: to depend or rely on.

44. He hankered—fame.

- (a) on
-  (b) after
- (c) in
- (d) from

Hanker after/ for something:- কোনোকিছুর জন্য অত্যন্ত লালায়িত হওয়া।

45. He deals—rice.

- (a) with
- (b) at
- ✓ (c) in
- (d) from

কোনো কিছু কেনাবেচা বা ব্যবসা করা বোঝাতে deal in ব্যবহৃত হয়। আবার, ভালো আচরন বা ব্যবহার বোঝাতে deal with ব্যবহৃত হয়।- Example: He deals well with the customers.

Thank
you!