

Literature (Integrity Test)

(Where I am the best judge of myself)

Topic: Important Periods and Shakespeare

Time- 60 minutes Marks-90

01. 'Restoration period' in English literature refers to -
(a) 1560 (b) 1660 (c) 1760 (d) 1866 Ans. b
02. In which century was the Victorian period?
(a) 17th century (b) 18th century
(c) 19th century (d) 20th century Ans.c
03. Which is known as Elizabethan Period of English literature?
(a) 1558-1516 (b) 1564-1603
(c) 1558-1603 (d) 1564-1616 Ans. c
04. Augustan Period in English literature denotes -
(a) 1700 (b) 1660 (c) 1745 (d) 1649 Ans. a
05. Which is known as Romantic Period of English literature?
(a) 1550-1558 (b) 1649-1660
(c) 1798-1832 (d) 1910-1936 Ans. c
06. Who is the greatest dramatist of all times?
(a) G.B. Shaw (b) William Shakespeare
(c) William Wordsworth (d) Jonathan Swift Ans. b
07. Shakespeare wrote brilliant---
(a) poems (b) essays (c) novels (d) dramas Ans. d
08. 'The Merchant of Venice' is a drama by ___
(a) Webster (b) Ben Jonson (c) Shakespeare (d) Marlowe Ans. c
09. Shakespeare's 'Julius Caesar' is a --
(a) comedy (b) satire (c) tragedy (d) historical play Ans. c
10. Who wrote the world famous tragic play 'King Lear'?
(a) Shelley (b) Wordsworth (c) Shakespeare (d) Milton Ans. c
11. 'Veni, Vidi, Vici' this quotation from Shakespeare's-
(a) Hamlet (b) Othello
(c) Merchant of Venice (d) Julius Caesar Ans. d
12. 'Towards die many times before their death,' বাক্যটি শেক্সপিয়ারের কোন নাটক হতে উদ্ধৃত হয়েছে?
(a) Macbeth (b) Julius Caesar
(c) Hamlet (d) Othello Ans. b
13. Calliban is a Character in—
(a) King Lear (b) Tempest
(c) Man and Superman (d) Othello Ans. b

14. 'All the perfumes of Arabian will not sweeten this little hand's is a quotation from---
- (a) Hamlet (b) Othello
(c) Macbeth (d) King Lear **Ans. c**
15. **Shylock** যে নাটকের চরিত্র, সে নাটকটির নাম—
- (a) Doctor Faustus (b) The Merchant of Venice
(c) The Way of the World (d) Arms and the Man **Ans. b**
16. 'Renaissance' means —
- (a) the revival of learning (b) the revival of hard task
(c) the revival of life (d) the revival of new country **Ans. a**
17. **Who wrote the plays "The Tempest" and "The Mid Summer Night's Dream"?**
- (a) Ben Jonson (b) Christopher Marlowe
(c) John Dryden (d) William Shakespeare **Ans. d**
18. **Romeo and Juliet is a—**
- (a) Comedy (b) Tragedy (c) Romance (d) Morality play **Ans. b**
19. **The beginning of the Renaissance may be traced to the city of—**
- (a) Venice (b) London (c) Paris (d) Florence **Ans. d**
20. **Which is the oldest period in English Literature?**
- (a) Anglo-Norman (b) Anglo-Saxon (c) Chaucer's Period (d) Middle **Ans. b**
21. **Julius Caesar was the ruler of Rome about—**
- (a) 1000 years ago (b) 1500 years ago
(c) 2000 years ago (d) 3000 years ago **Ans. c**
22. **Othello is a Shakespeare's play about—**
- (a) Turk (b) Ruman (c) Moor (d) Jew **Ans. c**
23. **Othello gave Desdemona ___ as a token of love:**
- (a) Ring (b) Handkerchief (c) Pendant (d) Bangles **Ans. b**
24. **'The Merchant of Venice' is a Shakespearean play about-**
- (a) a Jew (b) a Moor (c) a Roman (d) a Turk **Ans. a**
25. **'Frailty the name is woman'-- is a famous dialogue from.**
- (a) Christopher Marlowe (b) John Webster
(c) W. Shakespeare (d) T. S Eliot **Ans. c**
26. **Shakespeare's 'Measure for Measure' is a successful---**
- (a) tragedy (b) comedy (c) Tragi-comedy (d) Melodrama **Ans. c**
27. **The sentence 'Who would have thought Shylock was so unkind?' expresses—**
- (a) hyperbole (b) intreeogation (c) command (d) wonder **Ans. d**
28. **"To be or not to be, that is the ___."**
- (a) meaning (b) question (c) answer (d) issue **Ans. b**

29. Shakespeare is known mostly for his-
(a) poetry (b) novels (c) autobiography (d) plays Ans. d
30. Which of the following is a play by Shakespeare-
(a) King Lear (b) The Duchess of Malfi
(c) Candida (d) Waiting for Godot Ans. a
31. William Shakespeare was an English dramatist and poet of the-
---- century.
(a) fifteenth (b) sixteenth (c) fourteenth (d) seventeenth Ans. b
32. Which of the following plays is by William Shakespeare?
(a) Desire Under the Elms (b) Measure for Measure
(c) Pygmalion (d) Cocktail Party Ans. b
33. মুনীর চৌধুরীর 'মুখরা রমণী বশীকরণ' কার লেখার অনুবাদ?
(a) William Wordsworth (b) W. Somerset Maugham
(c) William Shakespeare (d) Charles Dickens Ans. c
34. Brutus is a famous character of Shakespeare in—
(a) King Lear (b) Julius Caesar
(c) The Tempest (d) Hamlet Ans. b
35. 'Ophelia' is an important character in the Shakespearean play?
(a) Macbeth (b) The Tempest (c) Hamlet (d) King Lear Ans. c
36. 'Blow, Blow thou winter wind/ Thu art not so unkind
As man's ingratitude;/ They tooth is not so keen,
Although they breath be rude.'
These are a few lines of a poem of a great poet. Who is the poet?
(a) J. Webstar (b) C. Marlowe
(c) W. Shakespeare (d) Lord Bacon Ans. c
37. Hamlet by Shakespeare is -----
(a) a comedy (b) a tragic-comedy (c) an epic (d) a tragedy Ans. d
38. Who is the author of 'The Taming of the Shrew'
(a) Shaw (b) Shakespeare (c) Ibsen (d) Jonson Ans. b
39. Hamlet is a __ by Shakespeare.
(a) play (b) novel (c) tale (d) story Ans. a
40. Shakespeare lived during the reign of -
(a) Elizabeth i (b) Elizabeth ii
(c) Queen Victoria (d) King Charles Ans. a
41. Shakespearean play consists of -----
(a) Three acts (b) two acts (c) five acts (d) two acts Ans. c
42. ঈশ্বরচন্দ্র বিদ্যাসাগরের 'ভ্রান্তিবিলাস' কোন গ্রন্থের অনুবাদ?
(a) Uncle Tom's Cabin (b) Doll's House
(c) Macheth (d) The Comedy of Errors Ans. d

43. **Where is expressed the view that 'There is a divinity that shapes our, ends?'**
 (a) In King Lear (b) In Merry Wives of Windsor
 (c) In the Tempest (d) In Hamlet **Ans. d**
44. **'Frailty, Thy name is woman'-- in which of the following plays you find this?**
 (a) Macbeth (b) Romeo and Juliet (c) Hamlet (d) Tempest **Ans. c**
45. **'Sweet are the uses of adversity' was stated by---**
 (a) Voltaire (b) Shakespeare (c) Milton (d) Tolstoy **Ans. b**
46. **Soliloquy means -**
 (a) to memorise (b) talking to oneself
 (c) action of speech (d) rehearsal of a play **Ans. b**
47. **What is the meaning of 'Soliloquy'?**
 (a) action of body (b) action of speech
 (c) to memorise a part (d) long self speech by an actor **Ans. d**
48. **Climax is related to-**
 (a) Prose (b) Drama (c) Poetry (d) Novel **Ans. b**
49. **'Much Ado About Nothing' is written by __**
 (a) Jane Austen (b) Charles Dickens
 (c) William Shakespeare (d) Virginia Woolf **Ans. c**
50. **What is an act in a play?**
 (a) a unit of act on with no change of place or time
 (b) the rising action of a play
 (c) a major division in the action of a play
 (d) conversation of character is in a play **Ans. c**
51. **'To be or not to be that is the question' From which novel the above sentence has been taken?**
 (a) Macbeth (b) Merchant of Venice (c) Tempest (d) Hamlet **Ans. d**
52. **One of the following plays is not a tragedy-**
 (a) Hamlet (b) Macbeth (c) Othello (d) Tempest **Ans. d**
53. **Who, among the following playwrights, is Shakespeare's contemporary/ belong to Elizabethan period?**
 (a) Arthur Miller (b) Christopher Marlowe
 (c) Samuel Beckett (d) William Congreve **Ans. b**
54. **Shakespeare was not __.**
 (a) a dramatist (b) a playwright (c) a poet (d) a story writer **Ans. d**
55. **Which of the following is not true about Shakespeare?**
 (a) Poet (b) Playwright (c) Novelist (d) Actor **Ans. c**

56. **William Shakespeare wrote-**
(a) sonnets, tragedies and comedies (b) sonnets, plays and essays
(c) sonnets, plays and novels (d) sonnets, novels and epics **Ans. a**
57. **In Shakespearean tragedy, the hero is __.**
(a) an ordinary man (b) a high ranking man
(c) a sacrilegious man (d) none of these **Ans. b**
58. **"Better three hours too soon than a minute too late" was said by-**
(a) Shakespeare (b) Wordsworth
(c) O Henry (d) Edgar Allan Poe **Ans. a**
59. **When a speaker speaks his thoughts aloud, it is called-**
(a) aside (b) monody (c) soliloquy (d) negative capability **Ans. c**
60. **"All the perfumes of Arabia will not sweeten this little hand"- who said?**
(a) Macbeth (b) Lady Macbeth (c) Lady Macduff (d) Macduff **Ans. b**
61. **What's in a name? That which we call a rose, By any other word would smell as sweet.— Who said this?**
(a) Juliet (b) Romeo (c) Portia (d) Rosalind **Ans. a**
62. **William Shakespeare was born?**
(a) 1616 (b) 1664 (c) 1564 (d) 1493 **Ans. c**
63. **Fill in the blank. ' ____ ' is Shakespeare's last play.**
(a) As you like it (b) Macbeth (c) Tempest (d) Othello **Ans. c**
64. **Who has written the play 'Volpone'?**
(a) John Webster (b) Ben Jonson
(c) Christopher Marlowe (d) William Shakespeare **Ans. b**
65. **Shakespeare composed much of his plays in what sort of verse?**
(a) Alliterative verse (b) Sonnet form
(c) Iambic pentameter (d) Daetylic Haxameter **Ans. c**
66. **Which of the following is not apoetic tradition?**
(a) The Epic (b) The Comic (c) The Occult (d) The Tragic **Ans. c**
67. **'Shakespeare' is the writer of—**
(a) The Tempest (b) The Idea of University
(c) The Hairy Ape (d) Riders to the Sea **Ans. a**
68. **A sonnet is a lyric poem of—**
(a) 12 lines (b) 24 lines (c) 14 lines (d) 10 lines **Ans. c**
69. **William Shakespeare is the author of—**
(a) Pride and Prejudice (b) Waiting for Godot
(c) Sound of Music (d) King Lear **Ans. d**

70. "Twelfth Night" is—
 (a) a comedy (b) an elegy (c) a novel (d) a tragedy Ans. a
71. Which book is a Tragedy?
 (a) Hamlet (b) Measure for Measure
 (c) As you like it (d) She stoops to conquer Ans. a
72. 'Macbeth' is —
 (a) a play (b) a novel (c) an essay (d) a poem Ans. a
73. William Shakespeare is the author of—
 (a) Paradise Lost (b) Old Man & the Sea
 (c) Daffodils (d) King Lear Ans. d
74. William Shakespeare is a famous—
 (a) dramatist (b) novelist (c) essayist (d) critic Ans. a
75. Which is not true of an English sonnet?
 (a) It has fourteen lines
 (b) It has fourteen syllables in each line
 (c) It has five feet in each line
 (d) It is written in iambic pentameter lines Ans. b
76. The play 'Romeo and Juliet' was written by—
 (a) Charles Dickens (b) William Shakespeare
 (c) Jane Austen (d) Michael Modhusudon Ans. b
77. Who wrote 'The Tempest'?
 (a) William Wordsworth (b) Ben Jonson
 (c) William Shakespeare (d) Tennyson Ans. c
78. Shakespeare's Macbeth is a -----
 (a) Comedy (b) Satire (c) Tragedy (d) Low comedy Ans. c
79. 'Comedy of Errors'...
 (a) Ben Johnson (b) G. B Shaw (c) Eliot (d) Shakespeare Ans. d
80. Shakespeare was famous for all but one of the following ----
 (a) Comedies (b) Bourgeois Drama (c) Tragedies (d) Tragi-drama Ans. b
81. Christopher Marlowe is Shakespeare's
 (a) Successor (b) predecessor (c) contemporary (d) mentor Ans. b
82. A great playwright of Shakespeare time was—
 (a) Samuel Johnson (b) Christopher Marlowe
 (c) Oliver Goldsmith (d) John Donne Ans. b
83. William Shakespeare is not the author of—
 (a) Titus Andronicus (b) Taming of the Shrew
 (c) White Devil (d) Hamlet Ans. c

84. The poem 'Under the Green Wood Tree' was written by—
(a) William Wordsworth (b) Robert Browning
(c) William Shakespeare (d) Ralph Hodgson **Ans. c**
85. Macbeth is a — by Shakespeare.
(a) novel (b) short story (c) verse (d) play **Ans. d**
86. Which of the following is a 'Comedy' written by Shakespeare?
(a) Macbeth (b) King Lear (c) As You Like It (d) Hamlet **Ans. c**
87. Who is the writer of 'The Merchant of Venice'?
(a) Tolstoy (b) Shakespeare (c) Goethe (d) Edmund Spenser **Ans. b**
88. Which is known as Shakespeare's Swansong?
(a) Hamlet (b) Macbeth (c) The Tempest (d) Twelfth Night **Ans. c**
89. Elizabethan tragedy is centred on-
(a) love (b) war (c) revenge (d) philosophy **Ans. c**
90. In what year did Shakespeare die?
(a) 1570 AD (b) 1580 AD (c) 1630 AD (d) 1616 AD **Ans. d**