

**MODEL QUESTION**
**26**

1. (a) an; (b) an; (c) a; (d) ×; (e) The; (f) the; (g) An; (h) the.
2. (a) at; (b) to; (c) off; (d) to; (e) in; (f) at; (g) for; (h) into.
3. (a) remarkable; (b) but; (c) early; (d) face; (e) problems; (f) looks; (g) until; (h) rises; (i) disappears; (j) Though.
4. Recently I visited the National Memorial at Savar. From far away, I could see a high tower. As I was going near, the tower was becoming longer and longer. At last I could see that there were seven towers.
5. (a) Corruption is more dreadful than any other problem. (b) Doesn't it prevail in every walk of our life? (c) Corruption devours every good fruit of our effort. (d) The whole nation is paralysed by it. (e) We cannot but realise the fact and come forward against corruption.
6. (a) enabled; (b) turns; (c) adds; (d) provides; (e) does not take; (f) move; (g) has made; (h) is.
7. Bangladesh Air Force has given an advertisement for recruitment. Written tests on mathematics, Language and General Knowledge will be held. The eligible candidates are asked to appear before an Interview Board. If they pass the tests duly, they will be selected.

**N.B.** See the writing section for composition section.

1. (a) the; (b) the; (c) an; (d) the; (e) the; (f) x; (g) the, (h) the.
2. (a) for; (b) from; (c) of; (d) in; (e) for; (f) for; (g) in; (h) of.
3. (a) beautiful; (b) agricultural; (c) depend; (d) livelihood; (e) products; (f) supplies; (g) consumption; (h) decline; (i) causes; (j) brings.
4. Rokeya Begum likes teaching very much. So she joins a local school. She works very hard for her students. She is very popular with the students.
5. (a) We cannot but read books to gain knowledge.  
(b) We are introduced to the realm of knowledge by books.  
(c) Don't the books of great writers contain noble thoughts and great ideas?  
(d) By reading books we can enrich our minds.  
(e) No other friends are as great as books./Books are greater than any other friend.
6. (a) is; (b) goes; (c) does not make; (d) will come; (e) be; (f) has; (g) lead; (h) must follow.
7. As I had an accident, I was taken to hospital. When I came out, with my head still bandaged, I again met with another accident. I struggled with instinctive fear but in vain. Nevertheless, I made up my mind to vanquish it at any cost.

**N.B.** See the writing section for composition section.

1. (a) an; (b) an; (c) a; (d) the; (e) a; (f) the; (g) an; (h) the.
2. (a) in; (b) in; (c) by; (d) of; (e) to; (f) to; (g) for; (h) with.
3. (a) only; (b) but; (c) teacher; (d) sculptor; (e) helped; (f) educate; (g) properly; (h) wanted; (i) authority; (j) brought.
4. The baby's arms and legs were as thin as pencils. The woman was thin too. She looked at her baby and cried and cried. I wanted to know the reason of her crying.
5. (a) He is not an irregular student of class seven.  
(b) He is better than any other boy in the class.  
(c) Doesn't he want to be a good teacher in future?

- (d) His lessons are learnt timely.  
(e) His friends and teachers love him.
6. (a) received; (b) wrote; (c) could not join; (d) wanted; (e) know; (f) had been; (g) missed; (h) selected.
7. Everyone has a favourite person in his way of life. I am not exceptional either. Mr K Rahman, our English teacher, is my favourite person. He has a unique quality to teach English. He presents his lesson in the class in a fantastic way. He is honest, sincere and responsible. Now I often dream to be a teacher like him in future.
- N.B.** See the writing section for composition section.

1. (a) the; (b) ×; (c) a; (d) The; (e) the; (f) a; (g) The; (h) an.
2. (a) in; (b) up; (c) of; (d) at; (e) to; (f) over; (g) to; (h) of.
3. (a) form; (b) remains; (c) behaviour; (d) show; (e) sense; (f) conduct; (g) superiors; (h) disciplined; (i) nothing; (j) nature.
4. Illiteracy is a curse. It is still dominant in our country. The majority of our people are still illiterate. The illiterate persons fail to choose between right and wrong.
5. (a) Everyone can prosper in life with industry.  
(b) Those who are idle can never go forward.  
(c) Don't we have to work hard to earn money and acquire knowledge?  
(d) It is said that the light of prosperity can be seen in life by hardworking persons.  
(e) So, in the society women should work not less than men.
6. (a) doesn't like; (b) is; (c) loves; (d) cannot harm; (e) become; (f) refreshes; (g) Give; (h) inhale.
7. We live in the age of science. In every step of our life we feel the dire necessity of it. We cannot think of a single day without it. From morning till night we consume a lot of things invented by science. It is impossible, I think, for us to maintain modern life avoiding science.

**N.B.** See the writing section for composition section.

1. (a) An; (b) an; (c) the; (d) The; (e) the; (f) The; (g) the; (h) the.
2. (a) to; (b) with; (c) of; (d) from; (e) beyond; (f) for; (g) up; (h) in.
3. (a) tender; (b) great; (c) became; (d) many; (e) and; (f) children; (g) patriotic; (h) jail; (i) suffered; (j) but.
4. One night Hazrat Omar (R) was walking alone. Suddenly he heard the sound of cry. The sound was coming from a poor hut. He went near the hut.
5. (a) No other creature is so good as man.  
(b) Isn't he superior to all because of his intellect?  
(c) He has been blessed with conscience to differentiate the right path from the wrong one.  
(d) Though he has intellect and conscience, he sometimes cannot but do wrong.  
(e) Men are persecuting men every moment and everywhere in the world.
6. (a) comes; (b) know; (c) possesses; (d) gets; (e) fulfilled; (f) Hearing; (g) wishes; (h) gets.
7. It's Saturday. Amal's school is open. But Friday and Saturday are father's weekly holidays. Father sometimes loves to cook special dishes for everybody on Saturdays. It's 2 o'clock. It's time for Amal to come back from school. Mother is setting the table.

**N.B.** See the writing section for composition section.

1. (a) A; (b) a; (c) a; (d) ×; (e) a; (f) a; (g) the; (h) An.
2. (a) on; (b) from; (c) of; (d) at; (e) of; (f) After; (g) at (h) with.
3. (a) quickly; (b) milk; (c) chart; (d) years; (e) food; (f) health; (g) properly; (h) clean; (i) important; (j) dangerous.
4. (a) Trees are very useful to men.  
(b) They take carbon dioxide and produce oxygen.  
(c) They are our best friends.  
(d) We need oxygen to breathe.
5. (a) My school is near my home.  
(b) Ruplal did not live in a big village.  
(c) Wasn't he in a simple dress?  
(d) He is not at all irregular in his study.  
(e) He achieved vast property.
6. (a) waits; (b) goes; (c) does not take; (d) regained; (e) recovered; (f) depends; (g) make; (h) are.
7. The next morning my mother woke me up early in the morning. I had a bath and put on my best clothes. Then I had breakfast and started for the school with my mother.

1. (a) the; (b) a; (c) a; (d) a; (e) ×; (f) an; (g) the; (h) x.
2. (a) from; (b) away; (c) in; (d) with; (e) to; (f) at; (g) of; (h) by.
3. (a) lived; (b) house; (c) had; (d) her; (e) showed; (f) said; (g) reply; (h) returned; (i) two; (j) ornaments.
4. (a) Emperor Shahjahan built the Taj Mahal.  
(b) It is situated at Agra in India.  
(c) It is surrounded by a beautiful garden.  
(d) It looks beautiful on a moonlight night.
5. (a) Bangladesh is not a dependent country.  
(b) Pakistan army was defeated by us.  
(c) Didn't we achieve freedom in 1971.  
(d) Very few countries in the world are as beautiful as our country.  
(e) We must love our country.
6. (a) lived; (b) was; (c) were; (d) came; (e) were; (f) said; (g) had stolen; (h) did.
7. Ibn Batuta was a great explorer. He was born in Morocco in the 14th century. He travelled from one place to another for more than thirty years. He visited many countries in Asia and Africa. He also wrote down the wonderful things he saw in those countries.

1. (a) a; (b) The; (c) a; (d) an; (e) a; (f) the; (g) The; (h) a.
2. (a) of; (b) over; (c) in; (d) with; (e) over; (f) with; (g) to; (h) on.
3. (a) visit; (b) came; (c) historical; (d) was; (e) amazed; (f) fort; (g) high; (h) felt; (i) Dhaka; (j) never.
4. (a) Newspaper is useful to all sections of people.  
(b) It is called the storehouse of knowledge.  
(c) It gives us news of home and abroad.  
(d) People express their opinion through it.
5. (a) My father isn't a dishonest man.  
(b) I am moved a lot by his honesty.  
(c) Isn't his honesty to his duty simply great?  
(d) Everyone of his office must love him.  
(e) My father is better than any other father in the world.

6. (a) was stolen; (b) had; (c) decide; (d) went; (e) not find; (f) came; (g) assured; (h) spent.  
7. Kazi Nazrul Islam was born at Churulia in the district of Bardhwan in 1899. As a school pupil, as a teacher of maktab, as a shop-boy and as a soldier in the First World War, he gathered a lot of experience. He was sent to jail for his 'Dhumketu' and 'Agnibina'.

1. (a) a; (b) an; (c) a; (d) the; (e) ×; (f) a; (g) a; (h) ×.  
2. (a) in; (b) With; (c) of/from; (d) of; (e) to; (f) by; (g) about; (h) to.  
3. (a) every; (b) teeth; (c) feet; (d) breakfast; (e) her; (f) she; (g) clean; (h) hair; (i) and; (j) rickshaw.  
4. (a) A flower is the symbol of purity.  
(b) It has a sweet smell.  
(c) We all love flowers.  
(d) Many people cultivate flowers nowadays for commercial purpose.  
5. (a) Aren't we proud of our freedom fighters?  
(b) Their contribution will always be remembered.  
(c) They were inspired by the common people.  
(d) We will always honour their sacrifice.  
(e) We cannot but follow their footprint.  
6. (a) is; (b) causes; (c) polluted; (d) costs; (e) not realise; (f) used to smoking; (g) die; (h) give.  
7. Mr. Islam is going to Mymensingh in order to see her daughter. His son-in-law is supposed to come to the station to receive him. Fuad Khan, the son-in-law of Mr. Islam is a university lecturer.

1. (a) a; (b) An; (c) the; (d) ×; (e) the; (f) a; (g) ×; (i) ×.  
2. (a) with; (b) for; (c) to; (d) of; (e) in; (f) to; (g) from; (h) by.  
3. (a) many; (b) season; (c) rivers; (d) beautiful; (e) banks; (f) places; (g) water; (h) time; (i) boats; (j) difficult.  
4. (a) The great Pyramid was built thousands of years ago for a king called Khufu.  
(b) It is located on the west bank of the Nile River.  
(c) In fact, all the Pyramids along the Nile are on its west bank.  
(d) The ancient Egyptians compared the setting of the sun to the end of life.  
5. (a) 'The old man and the sea' is more touching than any other American novel.  
(b) Ernest Hemingway wrote it.  
(c) He is called papa Hemingway by the Americans.  
(d) Santiago is nothing but the character in the novel.  
(e) Didn't Hemingway create a spiritual trend in the novel.  
6. (a) used; (b) put; (c) continued; (d) were; (e) wanted; (f) teach; (g) forbade; (h) to do.  
7. "What a wretched life a poor woman leads in our country!" said Sahana. "She cannot work independently without taking help of others. She depends on the pity of the people of the society."

THE END