

Chapter-02

Ibadat

Short Questions and Answers:

1. What are the basic Ibadats?

Ans. There are some basic Ibadats for us such as Salat, Saum, Hajj, Zakat, Charity, Jihad for Allah.

2. Why has Allah created us?

Ans. Allah has created us only to worship him.

3. What is called Salat?

Ans. According to Islamic Terminology, performing prayers with Ahkam and Arkan is called Salat.

4. How many Rukans are there in Islam?

Ans. Five Rukans.

5. Whats is called 'Sahu Sijdah'?

Ans. If ant sort of small mistake takes place in Salat then a Sijdah is offered for correcting that mistake. This Sijdah is called Sahu Sijdah.

6. What is the meaning of word 'Masjid'

7. What is the number of mosque in Bangladesh?

Ans. The number of mosque in Bangladesh is more than 2 (two) lacs.

8. What does 'Saum' mean?

Ans. Saum is an Arabic word. Saum means self control to abstain from eating and drinking and some other activities from dawn to dusk.

9. What is 'Saum'?

Ans. For achieving satisfaction of Allah abstaing from eating and drinking from early morning Subhe Sadie till sunset is called 'Saum'.

10. What does Taqwa mean?

Ans. Taqwa means to fear Allah, abstain from all types of sinful acts.

11. What is the basic aim of Saum?

Ans. The basic aim of Saum is to attain Taqwa.

12. What is Ibadat?

Ans. To obey the orders of Allah and not to do the things prohibited by Allah is called Ibadat.

13. Who is a Musafir?

Ans. If anybody intends to travel to a place having the distance of 48 miles, or, about 80kms then he is called a musafir or a traveller.

14. What is Ahkam?

Ans. Farz or compulsory activities that should be done before Salat, are known as Ahkam of Salat (conditions). They are seven in number.

15. What is Arkan?

Ans. Farz activities that should be done in the midst of Salat, are known as Arkan of Salat. They are seven in number.

16. What does Ibadat mean?

Ans. Ibadat means allegiance, slavery, devotion, obedience to Allah and to abide by the orders of Allah.

17. What is our duty?

Ans. Our duty is to carry out the orders of Allah, doing things for which Allah will be pleased, not doing deeds for which Allah will be displeased.

18. ?

Ans. The meaning of word Masjid is the place foe Sijdah.

19. What does Allah say about Saum?

Ans. Allah says, ‘SAUM’ is only for me and I myself will give its reward” (Bukhari and Muslim).

20. What is the meaning of word ‘Zakat’?

Ans. The meaning of word ‘zakat’ is cleanliness, purity and growing.

21. What is called Zakat?

Ans. Paying a definite portion of wealth as per principles laid down for it, to some eligible poor persons, as Allah asked for it, is called “Zakat”.

22. What is called ‘Nesab’?

Ans. Zakat is compulsory for someone who possesses definite amount of wealth. This is called ‘Nesab’.

23. How many types of people are eligible to receive Zakat?

Ans. Only eight types of persons are eligible to receive Zakat.

24. What is called hajj?

Ans. In order to achieve closeness to Allah and his satisfaction, performing some rituals on fixed date and time at fixed place with uniform with some other rules is called Hajj.

25. For whom is Hajj Compulsory?

Ans. Hajj is compulsory for those people who have got the physical ability to go to Mecca and capable to bear the cost of the journey after meeting their family expenses till they return.

26. What is the meaning of the word ‘Qurbani’?

Ans The meaning of the word Qurbani is nearness, sacrifice and dedication.

26. What is called Akika?

Ans. Slaughtering an animal like that of Qurbani, in the name of Allah, on the 7th day after the child is born desiring safety and welfare of the child, is called ‘Akika’.

Which thing is the key to heaven?

Ans. Salat is the key to heaven.

27. What does mean by Wajib?

Ans. Wajib means bounden duties. The position of Wajib is immediately after the Faraz.

28. Which thing is called as shield of self-defence?

Ans. Saum is the shield of self defence.

29. What is tarabee?

Ans. Tarabee is the Salat which is performed after Isha prayer in the month of Ramadan.

30. What kind of Salat is Tarabee?

Ans. Tarabee is twenty Rakats Sunnan Salat.

Competency Based and Structured Questions:

Q-01

Qurbani reminds the memories of which prophet? Write four lessons of qurbani?

Ans. Qurbani reminds the memories of prophet Hazrat Ibrahim (A.)

Four lessons of Qurbani:

1. To encourage and inspire Muslims to work in the way of Allah.
2. To dedicate our wealth, goods and to sacrifice life for the cause of Allah.
3. Allah evaluates Taqwa of man by Qurbani offered by him.
4. Humanity is awakened, killing enmity in Qurbani. Through Qurbani last & greed, enmity, proudness etc. are removed.

Q-02

Your father says perform salat at mosque regularly. Why he said this? Write four benefits of this.

Ans Performing Salat at mosque regularly is very important and noteworthy. One can get more benefits from this. four benefits are given below-

1. Muslims can get opportunity to meet others five times a day.
2. Can get information from each other.
3. Brotherhood and unity is created.
4. Can help each other in joys and sorrows

So performing Salat at mosque is very valuable.

Q-03

Zahid did not keep first few Saum in the month of Ramadan. His younger sister Sadia said, “Brother why are you not keeping Saum?” He was ashamed and started to keep the remaining Saum. Why will Zahid keep Saum during the month of Ramadan?

Ans. Zahid will keep Saum during the month of ramadan because of the following benefits of Soam:

1. Deep belief and faith are expressed towards Allah Ta’ala.
2. Deep obedience is expressed towards the Great Prophet (Sm).
3. The satisfaction of Allah is gained.
4. the sympathy and compassion to others are created.
5. Restraint, sacrifice, generosity, brother-hood and kindness, along with other qualities are developed.

Q-04

Allah has created us only to worship him. How will you do the demands of Allah?

Ans. We will do the demands of Allah in the following way-

We can worship Allah all day and night.

If we take halal (pure) foods saying ‘Bismillah’ and after taking food we say ‘Alhamdulillah’ I.e. offering thanks and gratitude to Allah, then the entire time for eating the food will be treated as Ibadat. If we say ‘Bismillah’ while reading books, the entire reading time will be treated as Ibadat. When we go to school saying ‘Bismillah’ Allah will protect us from any possible danger in the street. Helping a blind man crossing a street is an Ibadat. Removing harmful materials from the streets, dusty materials on the road etc is also an important Ibadat.

Thus we can commit the demands of Allah.

Q-05

The Almighty Allah has created us as his servants for performing his Ibadat. What is the meaning of Ibadat? Explain how we can perform the Ibadat of Allah in our daily activities.

Ans. Ibadat means allegiance, slavery, devotion, obedience to Allah and to abide by the orders of Allah.

We can perform the Ibadat of Almighty Allah in our daily activities. When we talk to each other, we shall not tell lies. We shall not speak of others. We shall always speak the truth and right. We deal in money with people. We buy and sell goods in the market. We live with our parents and brother sisters at our home. If we abide by the rules of Almighty Allah, in all these activities then it will be counted that our whole life is spent in performing Ibadat. Even our eating, movements, sleeping, awakening and conversation all these things are included in Ibadat.

Q-06

What do you understand by Sijdah Sahu? How can Nayem perform sijdah Sahu if he drops any Wajib by mistake?

Ans. If any sort of small mistake takes place in Salat then a Sijdah is offered for correcting that mistake. This Sijdah is called Sahu Sijdah. Nayem can perform Sijdah Sahu if he drops any wajib by mistake by the following way:

He will recite Tashhahhud at the last Rakat of Salat. Then he will go to two Sijdahs after Salam only to right side saying ‘Allahu Akbar’. After that he will recite again Tashhahhud, Darud and Dua Masura. Then he will complete the salat saying Salam to the right and left side.

Q-07

One day, Imam Saheb was discussing about the consequences of not performing salat regularly. Hearing this Sohail started to perform Salat regularly but he makes mistake in performing Salat. What are the Farz activities Sohail must perform in The midst of salat? Discuss briefly.

Ans. Farz activities that should be done in the midst of salat, are known as Arkan of salat. Sohail must perform following far activities in the midst of salat.

1. Starting Salat saying Takbir Tahrima or Allah Akbar.

2. Saying Prayers in standing position. Both the male and female should say their prayer in standing position. But if it is not possible for somebody to say prayers in this way, then they can do it by sitting. If somebody is unable to sit, then by sitting he can say prayers by gestures in the lying prostate position.
3. Qirat or reciting a part from the Holy Quran.
4. To go to Ruku.
5. To bend for Sijdah.
6. To sit on the last sitting position.
7. Salat is finished lastly with Salam.

Q-08

Why Islam has made Zakat far for the wealthy poor? How zakrat removes the distinction between the rich and the poor? Write down five sentences.

Ans. Islam is the religion of peace and equality. It never supports that some in the society will build heaps of wealth, live in high buildings, lead luxurious life while others will pass their days being starve, begging from door to door and unable to meet the basic requirements. Therefore, Islam has made Zakat Farz for the wealthy people to maintain the economic balance among all classes of people. If the rich people give zakat properly then nobody in society will remain without food, clothing, shelter. In this way, Zakat removes the distinction between rich and poor.

Q-09

It is said in the Hadith “ each newborn baby is tied with Akika (Termize).” What is the meaning of Akika? What is the rule of Akika?

Ans. The meaning of the word ‘Akika’ is to break, to cut. Slaughtering an animal like that of qurbani, in the name of Allah, on the 7th day after the child is born desiring safety and welfare of the child is called ‘Akika’. Akika is performed for the satisfaction of Allah. Akika is sunnat. It brings lot of mercy of Allah. The dangers of the child are removed away through Akika. We should not neglect performing Akika for the child.

Rules for Akika:

1. For the male child = 2 each goat, sheep, dumba. 1 each = cow, camel, buffalo (portion).
2. For the daughter child = goat, sheep, dumba = 1 each 1 (portion) = cow, camel, buffalo

Akika with 1 (one) animal is allowed to those who cannot afford two. Qurbani’s animal can also be shared in Akika. Meat of Akika can be distributed as per and system of Qurbani. Skin of animals slaughtered in Akika are to be distributed among the poor.

Q-10

Saleha got a new baby on 10.10.2015. When she performed its Akika? What else must be done with Akika?

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Ans. Time of Akika: She performs its Akika on the 7th day after baby is born.

Duties with Akika:

1. To select a good Islamic name for the child. Others should understand that the child is a Muslim child. The name should be such.
2. Shaving the hair of the child’s head.
3. To distribute/give away silver or gold equivalent weight of the shaved hair.
4. To perform Akika by slaughtering an animal.

Q-11

What reward will Allah give to the performers of Salat?

Ans. Salat is the most important of all Ibadats. It is compulsory (Farz) for all the Muslims to perform salat.

Reward of salat performer: Allah will give reward to the person who performs salat. The rewards are as follows:

1. Allah will remove wants for livelihood.
2. Allah will give free from the punishment of Qabr.
3. In hashr Amalnama will be handed over in right hand.
4. Pull-Sirat will be crossed successfully.
5. Jannat will be given by Allah to the salat performer.

Q-12**What do you understand by Sijdah Sahu?**

Ans. Sahu Sijdah: Sahu means mistake. If any mistake takes place in Salat then the Sijdah which is offered for correcting that mistake is called Sijdah Sahu. Salat is not performed if any one of Wajib is dropped wilfully. This salat is to be performed again. But if any Wajib is dropped by mistake then there is way to make corrections. This way is called Sijdah Sahu.

Q-13**Write down the rules of performing Sijdah sahu.**

Ans. Sahu Sijdah: Sahu means mistake. If any mistake takes place in Salat then the Sijdah which is offered for correcting that mistake is called Sijdah Sahu.

The rule of performing Sijdah Sahu: We will recite Tashhahhud at the last Rakad of Salat. Then we shall go to two Sijdah's after Salam only to right side saying 'Allahu Akbar'. After that we shall recite again Tashhahhud, Darud and Due Masura. Then we shall complete the Salat saying Salam to the right and left side.

Q-14**Under what circumstances can the salat be dropped out? Describe.**

Ans. If there is call from parents, grand mother father falling in danger, then it is Wajib to attend them dropping even far Salat. If they are sick and fall down slipping their feet during the time of going out at nature's call and call out in trembling voice; then one ought to help them dropping the salat. After that Salat is to be performed again.

Q-15**Write down the due of entering the mosque and exit from the queue.**

Ans. The duo of entering the mosque: Allahummuf Table Abwaba Rahmatika.

Meaning: Oh Allah, I am seeking your grace".

31. In how many portions the meat of Qurbani should be divided into? Who should be given the meat?

Ans. It is the best thing to divide the meat of qurbani into three portions. We keep one portion to ourselves. We give one portion to our relatives and neighbours, another portion to the poor. So we, the rich and the poor share this joy.

Q-16**What do you understand by Zakat-e-Nesab?**

Ans. Allah Ta'ala has given us wealth for our livelihood. All men do not possess equa; wealth. Some have less and some have more. Allah Ta'ala has determined the share of the poor in the wealth of the rich. The system of Zakat has been set up with a view to helping the poor.

Zakat-e-Naseb : Naseb means a fixed amount. The Nesab of Zakat is 7 and 1/2 tolas of gold or 52 and 1/2 tolas of silver or any other wealth worth its equal value.

Q-17**Who should be given Zakat?**

Ans. Zakat can not be given to all. Zakat can be given to eight categories of people only.

They are given below:

(1) The poor ones. (2) Destitutes (3) A person who can be attracted to Islam (4) The slaves struggling to be liberated (5) Indebted ones (6) Helpless people living abroad or travellers. (7) The persons who are dedicated to serve Islam (8) The employees appointed for collecting Zakat.

Q-18**What good result can be gained through giving Zakat properly?**

Ans. zakat is one of the five pillars of Islam. Zakat literally means purity, clarity and rectification. In the terminology of Shariat, a fixed part of the wealth of a Muslim is to be given at the end of every year to the sectors determined by Allah.

Importance of zakat or good results of giving Zakat : The wealth becomes purified and increases. The distinction between rich and poor is removed. Peace is established in society. If Zakat is not paid, then Allah becomes displeased. The difference between rich and poor prevails, disorder is created in the society. There is also severe punishment in the life after death (Akhirat).

Conclusion: Zakat is one of the pillars of economy established by Allah. To deny Zakat is like denying Allah and Allah's prophet (Sm). According to Islamic law, the person who is able to pay Zakat, must pay it.

Q-19

Which Dua is to be recited before starting any good deed?

Ans. The following due is to be recited before staring any good deed:

Bismillah-hir-Rahmanir Rahim

Meaning : In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

Q-20

Write down the dua which we have to say for grave dwellers in English with meaning.

Ans. We shall say this if we see any grave-

Assalamu Alaikum Iaa Ahlal Kabur

Meaning : “ O dwellers of the graves! Be peace on you”.

Q-21

Which Dua is to be said at the time of sleeping?

Ans. We shall say the due before sleeping-

Allahumma Beismika A'mutu wa Ahiaa

Meaning : “O Allah! We sleep taking your name and awake also taking your name.”

Q-22

What are the main steps of Hajj?

Ans. The main steps of Hajj:

1. Wearing Ihram: Ihram is to wear cloths without stich. Inspite of his having so much as cloths, he is present today in front of Allah in the state of beggar. No coloured dress or perfume are allowed. hair would not be cut. No ornaments are to be used. One has to keep oneself away from all types of enjoyments. One has to consider one self as dead. The Dua - “Labback Allahuma Labbaek, la Shareeka Lak” is to be recited with Ihram again and again while in Ihram.
2. Moving around Ka'ba (Tawaf): One has to perform the Tawaf (moving around the holy ka'ba) immediately after reaching Makka. The black stone would be kissed each time at the beginning and at the end of Tawaf. Two racket Salat should be performed at the place named Makam-e-Ibrahim. One has to run between Safa and Marwa (sae) after coming out from here.
3. To stay at the field of Arafat: After that one has to stay at tents for five or six days. One has to listen to the instruction of jhutba at the field of Arafat after one day's staying at the tent of Mina.

Fill in the Gaps:

1. Ibadat means to abide by the orders of _____ .
2. _____ is the last Prophet of Allah.
3. Allah has revealed the _____ to Hazrat Muhammad (Sm).
4. _____ is the greatest Ibadat.
5. _____ is the key to heaven.
6. If anybody intends to travel to place having the distances of _____, then he is called Musafir.
7. _____ is the house of Allah.
8. _____ creates sympathy and compassion to others.
9. Salt of Tarabee is performed after Isha prayer in the month of _____.
10. The hajj activities starts on 8th of Zilhaji (month) and ends on _____.

Ans. 1. Allah, 2. Hazrat Muhammad 9sm), 3. holy Quran, 4. Salat, 6. 48 miles, 7. Mosque, 8. Saum, 9. Ramadhan, 10. 12th Zilhajj.

One Word Questions Matching's/ Fill in the Gaps

1. Sahim made his blind friend cross the road. His work will be included in____

Ans. Ibadat

2. Allah has created human being for his worship. Because _____

Ans. Man has conscience and knowledge

3. Imam was discussing about the prohibited times for salat. How many times have been prohibited to worship in?

Ans. 3

4. You forget to perform a wajib of salat. In this situation when will you do sahu sejdah?

Ans. After reciting Tasahhud at last sitting

5. Your friend can not stand up due to tremendous pain in leg. What will he do when it is time for salat?

Ans. He will perform by sitting

6. What needs to keep refrained form evil deeds?

Ans. to perform salat

7. At the time of performing salat, you forget to recite another sura with Fatiha. What should you do?

Ans. To do sahu sijdah

8. The Almighty Allah had ordered Ibrahim (A) to sacrifice his son. What was the name of his son?

Ans. Hazrat Ismail

9. Abdur Rahaman is an affluent business man. Every year, he donates definite amount of his wealth to poor people. What will he get consequently?

Ans. blessing of Allah

10. Why is domestic animal slaughtered at the seventh day after the birth of a child?

Ans. For Akika

11. Today is 10th Zilhajj. How many days from today can Qurbani be done?

Ans. Three days

12. There are many people in our country who are living under the poverty life. Many of them are suffering from starving. By performing which Ibadat can we realize their hardship?

Ans. Sawm

13. The time of Salat is getting ended. But tubewell of your home is not in order. How will you make your sacredness?

Ans. through Tayammum

14. Teacher said to Saima, "One of the three glorious mosques is situated in Jeruzalem". What is the name of the mosque?

Ans. Baitul Mukaddasv

15. Hashem Will go for Hajj next year. How many principal works will he perform?

Ans. 6

16. Which will be done by Faisal at first during Hajj?

Ans. To tie ihram

17. Sometimes you visit your uncle's home far away from your village. When would you follow 'Qusr' in terms of distance?

Ans. 48 k.m

18. Mr. Rahim is the owner of vast wealth. How will he perform the order of Allah?

Ans. Though paying Zakat

19. We recite Tashahwud in salat. When do you recite it?

Ans. At the end of the second rakaat

20. One day Maulana Cherag Ali didn't get water to do Oju. So, he wanted to do Tayammum. Which thing can be used for Tayammum?

Ans. Holy soil

21. Which one is the most ancient prayer house?

Ans. Kaba Sharif

22. How many Rukons are there in Islam?

Ans. five

23. Which sura is to be recited in each Rakat of Salat?

Ans. Sura Fatiha

24. How many Ahkams are there in Salat?

Ans. seven

25. Which dua is to be recited silently during sijdah in Salat?

Ans. Subhana Rabbial Ala

26. What is Bitr Salat?

Ans. Wajib

27. How many Rakats are to be performed in Salat of Eid?

Ans. two

28. Which is the third Rukon of Islam?

Ans. Zakat

29. What is the quantity of nesab in Zakat?

Ans. Seven and half tolas of gold or fifty two and half tolas of silver.

30. What is the meaning of the word Zakat?

Ans. Holiness and increasement

31. What is Janaja Salat?

Ans. Farz-e-kefaia

32. How many Rakats are to be performed in Salat of Eid?

Ans. Two

33. How many Wajibs are there in Salat?

Ans. 14

34. Saum means-

Ans. restraint

35. Saum is the — Rukon of Islam.

Ans. 5th

36. Saum is compared with-

Ans. shield

37. What is the meaning of the term Qurbani?

Ans. Sacrifice

38. Akika means-

Ans. to cut

39. On which day after birth Akika should be accomplished?

Ans. 7th

40. In which month the Salat of Tarabeeh is to be performed?

Ans. In the month of Ramadan

41. What is called ka'ba?

Ans. Baitullah

42. How the difference between the rich and the poor can be eradicated?

Ans. through Zakat

43. What is the meaning of the word Allahu Akbar?

Ans. Allah is the Greatest

44. Who said this- "Cleanliness is a part of Iman"?

Ans. The great Prophet (Sm)

45. Which is the greatest Ibadat?

Ans. Salat

46. Salat is the key to heaven- Who said this?

Ans. Hazrat Muhammed (Sm)

47. What is read in every rakat of Salat?

Ans. Sura Fatiha

48. Sijdah in salat is-

Ans. Farz

49. How many Ahkams of Salat are there?

Ans. Seven

50. How many Arkans of Salat are there?

Ans. Seven

51. Which of the following is Wajib of Salat?

Ans. Recitation of Sura Fatiha

52. What is the Tasbih read in Ruku?

Ans. Subhana Rabbial Azim

53. What is performing Sijdah Sahu?

Ans. Wazib

54. How many Rakats of Salatul Bitr?

Ans. Three

55. For whom Saom is Farz?

Ans. For every Muslim men and women

56. What is the meaning of Zakat?

Ans. Purity and advancement

57. The main aim of giving Zakat is-

Ans. Change the condition of poor

58. How many MasharifofZakat?

Ans. Eight

59. What portion of Nisab should be a Zakat?

Ans. **1/40**

60. Which is the fifth Rukon of Islam?

Ans. Hajj

61. How many Wajibs of Hajj are there?

Ans. Seven

62. What type of Salat is "Janaja"?

Ans. Farz kefiya

63. How much time can a person absorb in Ibadat or prayer in a day?

Ans. 24 hours

64. What does it mean by 'Rukn'?

Ans. Pillar

65. Which Nabi or Messenger tried to cut down his own child's throat as 'Kurbani' front the order of Allah?

Ans. Hazrat Ibrahim (A.)

66. From which Sura has the ayat, "I created mankind and Jinn to do only my prayer" has been quoted?

Ans. Jariyat