

A1**Question Type-01****• Article****1. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article.**

Yesterday while I was going to Comilla by (a) — bus, I saw (b) — elderly lady carrying (c) — huge bag and (d) — umbrella struggling to get on to (e) — bus. She would not let anyone carry her bag. I invited her to take (f) — seat next to mine. She took the seat and thanked me.

2. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero articles :

Always speak (a) ___ truth. Never tell (b) ___ lie. Nobody believes (c) ___ liar. Even if he is (d) ___ truthful he is considered to be (e) ___ liar. Nobody in (f) ___ world is as unfortunate as he.

3. Use articles where necessary. Put a cross (×) where an article is not needed :

Each and every student wants to make a good result. But it is not (a) ___ easy task. (b) ___ student has to do something for this. From (c) ___ very beginning he must be very serious. He should read (d) ___ texts again and again. He must not make (e) ___ notes from (f) ___ common source.

4. Fill in gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article :

We live in an age of (a) ___ science. Newspaper is (b) ___ wonder of modern science. Newspaper is (c) ___ paper which carries news of (d) ___ whole world. It is such (e) ___ important thing that we cannot go (f) ___ single day without it.

5. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article:

A few days ago I enjoyed (a) ___ interesting football (b) ___ match. It was played between (c) ___ top two teams, Argentina and Germany. On (d) ___ day of the match, I went to (e) ___ Stadium quite early. I stood in the line and bought (f) ___ ticket.

6. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate article. Put a cross for zero article:

Mr. Karim is an English (a) ___ teacher. He is (b) ___ M.A. in English. He serves in (c) ___ famous institution. He tries to lead (d) ___ honest life. He is (e) ___ most favourite teacher (f) ___ to the student.

7. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article : (Chittagong Board-2014)

A true friend is (a) ___ asset. He stands by his friend in time of (b) ___ danger. Normally he is not (c) ___ greedy person. He always wishes for (d) ___ welfare of his friend. But it is (e) ___ matter of fact that (f) ___ ideal friend is very rare today.

8. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article :

(a) ___ ant is an industrious (b) ___ insect. No other insect is as industrious like (c) ___ ant. If we open (d) ___ pages of history, we shall see that (e) ___ men who have become great in (f) ___ world were industrious.

9. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article :

Dhaka is (a) ___ capital of Bangladesh. It is (b) ___ old city. People of different communities live in (c) ___ city. Their ways of life are (d) ___ quite different. So, their occupations are not (e) ___ same. Most of the people lead (f) ___ very hard life here.

10. Fill in each gap with appropriate article to complete the following passage. Put a cross (×) mark for zero article. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)

A library is (a) — collection of books of various kinds. (b) — word 'library' comes from the Latin word 'Libre' which means (c) — book. In the ordinary sense, we know, library means (d) — house where books are kept for use by the readers. It is (e) — important temple of wisdom. (f) — "British Library" is the biggest one in the world.

11. Fill in each gap with appropriate article to complete the following passage. Put a cross (×) mark for zero article. (P. N. Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

Patriotism is a noble (a) — virtue. It inspires a man to shed last drop of blood to defend (b) — freedom of his country. (c) — man without patriotism is not better than (d) — beast. A true patriot is honoured by all. He thinks for (e) — welfare of his country. On (f) — other hand, an unpatriotic man thinks only his own interest.

12. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) mark for zero article. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)

Self-control makes (a) — man morally sound and sober which is at (b) — root of all virtues. Without it a man becomes worse than (c) — animal for a time being. It forms (d) — primary basis of the individual

character. (e) — exercise of self-discipline, self-respect and self-control makes a man pure and (f) — simple, good and great.

13. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) where an article is not needed. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)

A few days ago I enjoyed (a) — interesting football (b) — match. It was played between (c) — top two teams, Abahani and Mohammedan. On (d) — day of the match I went to (e) — stadium quite early. I stood in the line and bought (f) — ticket.

14. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)

Though money is (a) — must for our life, it is not (b) — necessary to bring happiness. Happiness is absolutely (c) — psychological thing. It is (d) — name of (e) — feeling. Actually, it means (f) — contentment of the mind.

15. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)

A gentleman had (a) — misfortune of frequently forgetting important matters. Once he arranged (b) — dinner on his birthday and invited his numerous friends and relatives. (c) — appointed day arrived. But the guests did not come. Half (d) — hour passed, but still they did not come. He felt (e) — uneasy, because he was (f) — host.

16. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)

Patriotism is (a) — noble virtue. It inspires (b) — man to shed (c) — last drop of blood to defend (d) — freedom of his (e) — country. (f) — man without patriotism is not better than a beast.

17. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)

(a) — thing of beauty is (b) — joy forever. (c) — flower is a beautiful (d) — thing. Everybody likes (e) — flower. But it is a matter of sorrow that (f) — flower is short lived. It does not last long.

18. Fill in each gap with appropriate article to complete the following passage. Put a cross (×) mark for zero article. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)

Newspaper is called (a) — storehouse of knowledge. We cannot do (b) — single day without newspaper. It contains (c) — news of the whole (d) — world. We can get (e) — news of home and abroad from it. It plays (f) — important role in creating public awareness.

19. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate article. Put a cross (×) mark for zero article. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)

(a) — library is a part and parcel of an educational institution. It is (b) — unique place where books of different subjects are kept for reading. It enables the readers to read books of their choice that create (c) — enthusiasm for learning. Students should pay a visit to (d) — library regularly. They can borrow books for (e) — certain period and return them after (f) — given time.

20. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) mark for zero article. (Residential Model College, Dhaka)

We live in an age of (a) — science. Newspaper is (b) — wonder of modern science. Newspaper is (c) — paper which carries news of (d) — whole world. It is such (e) — important thing that we cannot go (f) — single day without it.

21. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)

Money cannot buy (a) — happiness. Frankly speaking, money is (b) — must for our life. But it is not (c) — necessary to bring our happiness. Happiness is absolutely (d) — psychological thing. It is the name of (e) — feeling. It means contentment. He who is satisfied with what he gets and contented with his life is really (f) — happy man.

22. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)

Mr. Patrick is (a) — European. As he is (b) — Englishman, he knows English well. He is honourable to everyone though he is (c) — one-eyed man. One day having (d) — SOS, he went to (e) — USA. His

brother, Milton, living there joined (f) — army last year. He is the younger of the two brothers. When Mr. Patrick met his brother, he could not but shed tears.

23. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)

(a) — objective of education is not only to pass the exam and get (b) — job but also to acquire knowledge and open (c) — third eye. (d) — student should realize (e) — fact. (f) — one should work hard to improve the depth of his knowledge.

24. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Monipur Uchcha Vidyalaya & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

Health is wealth. A man must have good (a) — health to enjoy peace and happiness. (b) — healthy poor man is happier than a sick moneyed man. (c) — healthy man is (d) — asset both to his family and to (e) — nation. A sick man, on the other hand, is not only a liability to his family but also to (f) — society.

25. Use articles where necessary. Put a cross (×) where an article is not needed.

(Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)

Today's world is (a) — world of science and technology. (b) — science has advanced so much that we cannot do a single day without (c) — help of it. Telecommunication has made the whole (d) — world close. In this regard, mobile phone is playing a great role. Nowadays almost (e) — everyone uses (f) — mobile phone.

26. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)

We are now living in (a) — age of science. Today we cannot do even (b) — day without the blessing of science. BY dint of science man had become (c) — master of the whole universe. But all (d) — wonders of science including computer, TV and radio are (e) — result of education. Again education is a weapon to fight against all (f) — vice and sinful acts.

27. Use articles where necessary. Put a cross (×) where an article is not needed. (Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)

People of Bangladesh had (a) — dream to conquer (b) — world's (c) — highest peak. Musa fulfilled (d) — dream. He has become (e) — first Bangladeshi mountaineer to hoist our national flag at the top of (f) — Everest.

28. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Cantonment Public School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

Eid-ul-Fitr is (a) — biggest festival of (b) — Muslims. It comes at (c) — end of the holy (d) — month of (e) — Ramadan. It is (f) — occasion for thanks-giving to the Almighty.

29. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

My mother is an ideal (a) — housewife. She is (b) — affectionate lady. She manages (c) — family very nicely. She hopes to see me happy at (d) — cost of her own life. She does not enjoy (e) — wink of sleep if I fall sick. In the world there is none so dear to me as my (f) — mother.

30. Fill in the gaps with a, an or the and put a (×) where no article is needed. (Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon)

Once some hunters set (a) — trap to catch wild animals. (b) — lion was caught in (c) — trap. He tried his best to get out of the trap. As he rolled on the ground he was trapped in (d) — net more tightly. He could not even move. He roared and roared. The rat heard (e) — roar. The rat ran there to see what (f) — had happened.

31. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon)

Patriotism is (a) — noble virtue. It inspires (b) — man to shed the last drop of blood to defend (c) — freedom of his country. (d) — man without patriotism is no better than (e) — beast. A true patriot thinks for (f) — welfare of his country.

32. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Gaibandha Govt. Girls' High School, Gaibandha)

A dictionary contains (a) — words of a language as well as their meanings. The first dictionary was published in 1225 in (b) — Latin language. Wherever we find (c) — unknown word, we consult (d) — dictionary. It never (e) — disappoints us. In a dictionary, (f) — words are alphabetically arranged.

- 33. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha)**
 (a) — objective of education is not only to pass the examination and get (b) — job but also to acquire (c) — knowledge and widen (d) — third eye. (e) — student should realize (f) — fact.
- 34. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)**
 (a) — earth is (b) — planet. It belongs to (c) — family of (d) — sun centered solar system. This is (e) — most ideal place for human habitation among all planets so far discovered. This planet offers (f) — unique environment full of variety.
- 35. Fill in the blanks of the following text with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)**
 You are (a) — students of class ten, (b) — highest class of (c) — school. To come to this stage you had to undergo (d) — lot of hardships and to make (e) — effort. This is however, (f) — usual process.
- 36. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls High School, Mymensingh)**
 Cricket has become very popular in our country. It is (a) — international game. After winning (b) — ICC Trophy in Malaysia in 1996, it has become more popular than football in our country. By defeating (c) — Kenya, Bangladesh got (d) — first victory in (e) — ODI cricket in 1998. Bangladesh got the taste of winning a test match in January, 2005 defeating Zimbabwe. So far, Bangladesh has won at least one match against almost all (f) — test playing countries in ODI and it was our pride that we were one of the host countries for the World Cup Cricket 2011.
- 37. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh)**
 Our life is (a) — sum total of hours, days, months and years. But all days are not equally memorable to us. Most of (b) — days are forgotten with (c) — passage of time. Only (d) — few days remain ever fresh in our memory. My first day at (e) — school is such (f) — amusing day.
- 38. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)**
 To be (a) — good at English, practice is (b) — must. Those who do it can do well in the examination. (c) — main thing which is needed most is (d) — determination. It helps a student for doing (e) — better result. Though it is (f) — international It helps a student for doing (e) — better result. Though it is (f) — international language, it can help us in different ways.
- 39. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate articles. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi; Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)**
 A true friend is (a) — asset. He stands by his friend in (b) — time of danger. He is not a greedy person. He always wishes for (c) — welfare of his friend. But it is (d) — matter of fact that (e) — ideal friend is very rare today. Do you have (f) — friend who can be termed as an ideal?
- 40. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)**
 Unfair means in the examination is (a) — offence. It degrades the standard of education. If the students of a country do not acquire true (b) — education, there will be no development in (c) — country. An examinee should read seriously so that he can cut (d) — good figure in the examination. To acquire true education should be the only aim in life of all the students. (e) — educated man cannot support (f) — unfair means in the examination at all.
- 41. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)**
 (a) — patriotism is a noble virtue. It inspires a man to shed (b) — last drop of blood to defend (c) — freedom of his country. (d) — man without patriotism is not better than a beast. (e) — true patriot is an asset to a country. He is held in high esteem by (f) — people of his country.
- 42. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Bogra Govt. Girls' High School, Bogra; Jhenidah Cadet College, Jhenidah)**

A true friend is (a) — asset. He stands by his friend in (b) — times of danger. He is not a greedy person. He always wishes for (c) — welfare of his friend. But it is (d) — matter of fact that (e) — ideal friend is very rare (f) — today.

43. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)

(a) — smoking is a bad habit. (b) — person who smokes become financially and physically loser. We see that many rich people spend (c) — lot of money for only smoking. Smoking impairs the lung and heart seriously. Most of the lung and heart diseases are caused by (d) — smoking. It also causes hypertension, tuberculosis, etc. Moreover, when (e) — man smokes, he is not only affected but (f) — people around him are also affected with smoke.

44. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Govt. K. D. High School, Naogaon)

(a) — teacher is often compared with (b) — architect. He is called the architect of a nation. He is (c) — light of learning and makes (d) — illiterate people worthy literate citizens of our country. But it is (e) — matter of great regret that (f) — teachers are not held in due respect in our society.

45. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)

Patriotism is a noble (a) — virtue. It inspires a man to shed (b) — last drop of blood to defend the freedom of his (c) — country. (d) — unpatriotic man is not better than (e) — beast. A true patriot is honoured by (f) — all.

46. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)

Talha always tries to educate (a) — uneducated. he tells them to check (b) — beast in them. He reads in (c) — Dhaka University. Being (d) — active boy, he hates (e) — idle. He reads (f) — great deal of books.

47. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)

(a) — tiger is known as a ferocious animal. (b) — tiger kills to eat. It can kill a deer in two or three (c) — minutes and (d) — buffalo in five minutes. It always charges from (e) — side or (f) — rear.

48. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross where an article is not needed. (Amena-Baki Residential Model School & College, Dinajpur)

Man is (a) — best creation of Allah. He is (b) — rational being. His creation is not (c) — mere play or without any purpose. He has to do (d) — lot but his life is short, So he must have (e) — aim in life. The boy or girl may be (f) — orphan.

49. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)

(a) — objective of education is not only to pass the exam and get (b) — job but also to acquire knowledge and widen (c) — third eye. (d) — student should realize (e) — fact. Otherwise, his education will be (f) — incomplete one.

50. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)

Jamal is (a) — old farmer living in (b) — ideal village of Khulna. He is (c) — active (d) — man. They work together in (e) — paddy field.

51. Fill in the blanks with suitable articles and put a cross (×) where it is not needed. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)

There was (a) — collision between (b) — van and (c) — pedestrian at the crossroads near our house last night. Both (d) — pedestrian and (e) — van driver were taken to the hospital and both were pushed (f) — injections. The witness said that a passer-by was quite heedless while passing the road.

52. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)

Newspaper plays (a) — important role in our society. It is (b) — most useful thing in our day-to-day life. We cannot think of (c) — single day without it. To read newspaper is (d) — good habit. (e) — more we read newspaper, the more we can acquire knowledge. It is (f) — looking glass of modern world.

53. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article.**(Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)**

World Cup Football is the greatest show on (a) — earth. Thirty-two football playing countries participated in (b) — competition. Of them, both Argentina and Brazil failed to reach (c) — goal. Millions of supporters became (d) — upset to (e) — performance of Argentina and Brazil. Nevertheless, World Cup Tournament 2010 created (f) — craze among the fans.

54. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)

Hazrat Omar (R) was (a) — second Caliph of Islam. He was (b) — honest caliph. He used to lead a humble (c) — life. He used to go and see the condition of (d) — subjects with his own eyes. At dead of night he would walk on (e) — streets of Medina. One night while walking he heard (f) — sound of crying.

55. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article.**(Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)**

(a) — objective of education is not only to pass the exam and get (b) — job but also to acquire knowledge and open (c) — third eye. (d) — student should realize (e) — fact. A student, therefore, should exercise his/her talent to improve the depth of (f) — knowledge.

56. Fill in the blanks with appropriate article. (Rangpur Cadet College, Rangpur; Motijheel Govt. Girls High School, Dhaka)

(a) — objective of education is not only to pass (b) — exam and get (c) — job but also to acquire knowledge and widen (d) — third eye. (e) — student should realize (f) — fact.

57. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)

(a) — ant is (b) — industrious insect. Bees are also (c) — industrious insects. If we observe the life of (d) — successful man, we will find that he is also (e) — industrious. (f) — industrious are appreciated by all.

58. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) if an article is not necessary. (Feni Girls' Cadet College, Feni)

Opera refers to (a) — dramatic art form, originating in Europe in which (b) — emotional content is conveyed to (c) — audience as much through music, as it is through (d) — lyrics. (e) — drama in opera is presented by using scenery, costumes and acting. (f) — words in Opera are sung rather than spoken.

59. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) where it is no article is necessary. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)

The world is now (a) — global village. It has (b) — environment with many disasters. Human beings are (c) — members of this globe. They want to have their suitable and happy existence here in the global world. The threat is so prodigious that (d) — single country cannot tackle it. There is a destructive effect of the present practices on the eco-system. In addition to these, there are (e) — four major areas of it. (f) — major factor in maintaining the world's existing co-habitation is the concentrated layer of ozone gas.

60. Fill in the gaps with appropriate articles. Use (×) where article is unnecessary. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)

Shakib Al Hasan is (a) — greatest cricketer (b) — Bangladesh has ever produced. This great player hails from Magura. Coming from (c) — suburban background, he has established himself as one of (d) — best all rounders of the world. He displays such (e) — amount of integrity on the ground that he is (f) — idiot to many youngsters.

61. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)

English stands now as (a) — global language due to its worldwide appeal and importance. But it is (b) — matter of regret that we are avoiding it on (c) — plea that if we learn this language, (d) — importance of our mother tongue will be ignored. Undoubtedly, it is an old (e) — argument. Learning a rich language in order to maintain communication with (f) — world does not mean undermining our own.

62. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Milestone College, Dhaka)

(a) — cyclone may occur at any (b) — time and at any place. (c) — violent type of cyclone usually hits the tropics. A cyclone in Bangladesh originates from (d) — Bay of Bengal. Before a cyclone blows (e) — unbearable heat is felt for (f) — few days.

63. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) role for zero article. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)

A teacher is (a) — architect of a nation. He plays an important (b) — role in building up an educated nation. He removes (c) — darkness of (d) — ignorance from (e) — lot of a nation. (f) — good teacher never hankers after money.

- 64. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article.**

(Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)

William Wordsworth, (a) — second son of (b) — Attorney at-law, read in (c) — university named (d) — Cambridge. He wrote a remarkable poem on (e) — French Revolution. (f) — English are proud of him.

- 65. Fill in the blanks with articles where necessary. Put a cross (×) where article is not needed. (Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka)**

Bangladesh is undoubtedly one of (a) — poorest countries of the world having (b) — few enemies. (c) — few countries encircling her are not richer than she. They have (d) — little to do with our internal affairs. Our large population is rather (e) — burden than (f) — asset.

- 66. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) if article is not necessary. (Shaheed Bir Uttam Lt. Anwar Girls' College, Dhaka)**

Shaheed Bir Uttam Lt. Anwar Girls' College is (a) — renowned institution. It is located at (b) — heart of the capital city inside the cantonment on an area of 5.24 acre. The institution started its (c) — journey in 1957 under Cantonment Board as (d) — primary school. Since its inception, the institution had been striving hard to impart quality education to the children of both to the members of armed forces and to (e) — civilian population. So all the girl students have (f) — enthusiasm to get admitted here.

- 67. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka)**

(a) — universe is a very vast thing. In fact, it is unmistakably vast. But (b) — primitive people had unite (c) — narrow idea about (d) — size and nature of (e) — universe. They believed the earth was (f) — flat and stationary

- 68. Use articles where necessary. Put a (×) cross where an article is not needed. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)**

Long ago there was (a) — emperor in (b) — China. He increased (c) — taxes very severely. The people of the country were very unhappy, and could not afford (d) — food to eat or (e) — tea to drink. They were in (f) — uncomfortable state.

- 69. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article.**

(Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)

The ant is (a) — industrious insect. No other insect is as industrious as an ant. If we open (b) — pages of history, we shall see that (c) — men who have become great were (d) — industrious. (e) — industrious are liked by (f) — all.

- 70. Fill in the gaps with article. Put a cross (×) where an article is not necessary. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka)**

Rajshahi stands on (a) — Padma. It is (b) — biggest river in Bangladesh. Now, it is (c) — emaciated river. (d) — river dries up during (e) — summer season. But there comes (f) — flood during the rainy season.

- 71. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) if an article is not necessary. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)**

(a) — library is a part and parcel of an educational institution. It is (b) — unique place where books of different subjects are kept for reading. It enables the readers to read books of their choice that create (c) — enthusiasm for learning. Students should pay a visit to (d) — library regularly. They can borrow books for (e) — certain period and return them after (f) — given time.

- 72. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)**

Money is called (a) — fuel of life. Though money is (b) — must in our practical life, it cannot ensure (c) — happiness. Happiness live in (d) — happiness lies in (e) — important role in this regard. We must exercise morality in every walk of life for building up (f) — corruption free nation.

- 73. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article.**

(Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)

Dowry means the property or money that is given by (a) — bride to her husband. During (b) — marriage ceremony a section of greedy people claim much (c) — wealth or money from the guardians of the brides.

(d) ——— poor illiterate girls become the victims of (e) ——— dowry. If the guardians fail to fulfil (f) ——— demand of the bridegroom, the brides are maltreated.

74. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)

A true friend is (a) ——— asset. He stands by his (b) ——— friend in time of danger. He is not (c) ——— greedy man. He always wishes for (d) ——— welfare of his friend. But it is (e) ——— matter of (f) ——— fact that an ideal friend is very rare today.

75. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate article. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)

Almost all of us have heard the story of Hamelin. It is (a) ——— town of (b) ——— Germany. Many years ago this town was affected with (c) ——— problem. It was full of (d) ——— rats. The people of the town were very annoyed with the rats. The people came to (e) ——— town hall to discuss their problem with their (f) ——— Mayor.

76. Fill in the gaps with articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)

An honest boy is he who never tells a lie. He carries out (a) ——— orders of his parents and (b) ——— teachers. He has (c) ——— definite aim in (d) ——— life. He develops (e) ——— attitude to serve his nation. He is an active worker who upholds (f) ——— interest of his nation above everything.

77. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero articles. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)

Rajbari is (a) ——— small town. It is on (b) ——— Padma. There is (c) ——— Govt. Boys' High School here. (d) ——— school is run by (e) ——— honest Headmaster. I am proud (f) ——— to be a student of the school.

78. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Gangail)

Our life is (a) ——— sum total of days, months and years. But all days are not equally memorable to us. Most of (b) ——— days are forgotten with (c) ——— passage of time. Only (d) ——— few days remain ever fresh in our memory. My (e) ——— first day at school is such (f) ——— day. It is still fresh in my mind.

79. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)

(a) ——— equator is (b) ——— imaginary line rounding (c) ——— middle of earth. It divides (d) ——— earth into two roughly equal parts. (e) ——— areas close to (f) ——— equator are hotter than those that are far away.

80. Use articles where necessary. Put a cross (×) where an article is not needed. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)

Health is (a) ——— root of all happiness. (b) ——— man without health cannot be happy in life. Good health is (c) ——— key to success as well. To build good health regular exercise is necessary. Along with this. (d) ——— balanced diet and fruits are also necessary. Above all (e) ——— sound health ensures (f) ——— sound life.

81. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)

A true friend is (a) ——— asset. He stands by his (b) ——— friend in time of danger. He is not (c) ——— greedy man. He always wishes for (d) ——— welfare of his friend. But (e) ——— ideal friend is (f) ——— rare today.

82. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)

Mother plays (a) ——— important role in building (b) ——— character of their children. There is (c) ——— saying in English that (d) ——— hands that rock (e) ——— cradle rules (f) ——— world.

83. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)

Nahid is (a) ——— university student. He studies at (b) ——— East West University. He is one of (c) ——— talented students of (d) ——— university. Every teacher loves him. Nahid hails from (e) ——— village of Magura whereas Zahid is from Narail. They are the live example of true friendship. Whenever one friend falls in danger, (f) ——— other one comes forward to help.

84. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)

A hovercraft running at 40 mph was halted in rough seas when (a) ——— stowaway was discovered on (b) ——— outside. He was seen hiding behind a life raft to avoid paying (c) ——— £5 fare from Ryde, Isle of Wight to South Sea. (d) ——— captain was tripped off by (e) ——— radio. He stopped the craft and (f) ——— crewman brought the stowaway inside.

**85. Fill in the gaps of the following ext with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)**

After summer comes (a) — rainy season. People have a sigh of (b) — relief. The the sky is overcast with (c) — clouds and (d) — sun cannot be seen for hours. Rivers are full to (e) — brim. Rain is a great blessing for our (f) — country.

86. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)

My mother is (a) — very religious. She always advises me to follow (b) — path of (c) — truth and honesty. She bears (d) — good moral character. She is very kind to (e) — poor. She is (f) — ideal housewife.

87. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross (×) for zero article. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Satkhira)

A village doctor is (a) — familiar figure in (b) — villages. He is a popular person there. Generally, he may not be (c) — registered doctor. He receives some training by working under a qualified doctor for some years. He has (d) — dispensary in his house. He gets up early in the morning. Very often he gives (e) — free treatment to the poor. Really, a village doctor is (f) — important figure to the villagers. He is not only a doctor but also a friend to them.

88. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero article. (Satkhira Govt. Girls' High School, Satkhira)

Iran is an old (a) — country. Many (b) — poet was born in that country. They were famous all over (c) — world. Saadi was such (d) — poet. He got (e) — invitation from the king. He started for (f) — capital.

A2**Question Type-02****• Preposition****1. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions.**

Moni : When did you last visit Tania?

Sima : Oh, dear, I haven't seen her (a) — ages. Does she still live (b) — Uttara?

Moni : No. She has moved (c) — Uttara.

Sima : Where has she moved (d) —?

Moni : Lalmatia. Let's visit her one day. Tania would be very happy.

Sima : Yes, I know, but I work (e) — about 10 p.m. most nights. When I get back home, I am very tired.

Okay, let's see —. Tomorrow I won't be much busy. So, we can make it tomorrow.

Moni : That's fine. I will pick you (f) — from your office, is that okay?

Sima : Of course, that'd be very nice.

2. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below:

in	for	to	with	from	of
----	-----	----	------	------	----

An honest man is true (a) — his word. He does not deviate (b) — the path of honesty. He knows that true peace consists (c) — honesty. He may have want (d) — money but greed cannot overpower him. He has no ambition (e) — worldly things. He is content (f) — what he has.

3. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions: (Rajshahi Board-2014)

A good student is never indifferent (a) — his study. He knows well that success lies (b) — hard work. So he is always absorbed (c) — deep studies. Nothing can prevent him (d) — working hard. His hard work and sincerity result (e) — ultimate success. Everyone admires him (f) — his success.

4. Fill in the blanks of the following text with preposition given in the box below :

up	with	after	of	in	for
----	------	-------	----	----	-----

Everyone desires (a) — wealth. But a few can attain it. Some people hanker (b) — riches. some are contented (c) — what they have. True happiness lies (d) — contentment. It is high time we gave (e) — the habit (f) — covetousness.

5. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate prepositions given in the box below :

from	in	about	of	from	up
------	----	-------	----	------	----

The result (a) — honesty is beyond description. It results (b) — peace. On the other hand, misery results (c) — vice. So, we should abstain (d) — evil deeds. They bring (e) — ruin. So we should give (f) — them.

6. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate prepositions given in box below:

to	in	from	to	by	for
----	----	------	----	----	-----

An honest man is true (a) ___ his word. He does not deviate (b) ___ the path of honesty. He knows that peace consists (c) ___ honesty. So he does not fall a victim (d) ___ any greed. He has no ambition (e) ___ worldly things. He is loved (f) ___ all.

7. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below :

in	of	on	to	from	to
----	----	----	----	------	----

A good student is fond (a) ___ books. He is very attentive (b) ___ his studies. He always tried (c) ___ cut a good figure (d) ___ the examination. He never deviates (e) ___ his duties because he knows every success depends (f) ___ hard work.

8. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below :

of	for	with	to	in	with
----	-----	------	----	----	------

Our English teacher is very popular (a) ___ us (b) ___ his skill. He has proficiency (c) ___ English. He is friendly (d) ___ us. He is sincere (e) ___ his duties. Really he is worthy (f) ___ praise for his nice behaviour. We all respect him.

9. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below :

with	in	after	about	to	for
------	----	-------	-------	----	-----

Happiness consists (a) ___ contentment. So, we should not run (b) ___ money. Sometimes it may bring (c) ___ some unexpected troubles and one may fall a victim (d) ___ dangers for his unusual greed (e) ___ money. We all should be contented (f) ___ what we have.

10. Fill in each gap with an appropriate preposition from the box to complete the following text.
(Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)

off	over	of	through	to	out	from	on	through	by
-----	------	----	---------	----	-----	------	----	---------	----

A good student abides (a) ___ the rules, clings (b) ___ studies, never deviates (c) ___ the right path and tries to achieve a command (d) ___ his mother tongue. He never puts (e) ___ work or skims (f) ___ the text.

11. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (P. N. Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

A pious man remains absorbed (a) ___ meditation. He abides (b) ___ the rules of religion. He never deviates (c) ___ the path of religion. He clings (d) ___ his faith. He knows it well that everyone will have to account to the Almighty (e) ___ his action. He is contented (f) ___ what he has.

12. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)

to	of	at	without	in	for
----	----	----	---------	----	-----

Discipline is (a) ___ the root of all success in life. Laws and rules are made (b) ___ orderly conduct of man's life. Obedience (c) ___ them is necessary for progress and success. It helps a man to win success (d) ___ life. Even a gifted man fails to succeed in life for lack (e) ___ discipline in his conduct. (f) ___ it there can be no fame, progress and success.

13. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)

from	for	to	in
------	-----	----	----

An honest man is true (a) ___ his word. He does not deviate (b) ___ the path of honesty. He knows that true peace consists (c) ___ honesty. So he does not fall a victim (d) ___ any greed. He has no ambition (e) ___ worldly things. He is satisfied (f) ___ what he has.

14. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)

Selim : Hello Anis! How are you?

Anis : Nice. What's the matter (a) ___ you?

Selim : Nothing at all. I just need some information.

Anis : Okay. Ask me.

Selim : Please tell me about spring.

Anis : Okay. Listen (b) ___ me. With the advent (c) ___ spring nature awakens from slumber. All trees and plants get adorned (d) ___ new leaves and flowers.

Selim : What is the condition of wind then?

Anis : During this season, wind blows (e) ___ the south-western side spreading sweet smell (f) ___ flowers all over.

15. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)

You must have come (a) ___ the name of Leo Tolstoy, a great writer in the world of literature. No novelist stands parallel (b) ___ him. All his novels and short stories convey a message. His purpose of writing was the

purification of human mind and soul (c) — all kinds of evils and misjudgements. His heroes suffer (d) — inner conflict, pass (e) — ups and downs of life and struggle (f) — deprivation caused by feudal and bourgeois society.

16. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions in the gap. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)

The plane landed (a) — Suvarnabhumi Airport (b) — 4.55 p.m. The name 'Suvarnabhumi' is pronounced as "su-wanna-poem." The name is derived (c) — Sanskrit, which means golden land. The name was chosen (d) — King Bhumibol Adulyadie. The airport is located (e) — Racha Thewa in the Bang Phli district of Samut Prakan province, 30 kilometers east (f) — Bangkok.

17. Complete the passage with prepositions. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)

A family is comprised (a) — parents and children. They are connected (b) — one another by blood, love and affection. The children cannot live (c) — the days of infancy (d) — the loving care of their parents. It is the parents who bring them (e) —, nourish them, nurse them (f) — sickness, give them proper educational help to get settled in life.

18. Fill in the blanks of the following text with preposition given in the box below.

(Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka; Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)

about	into	upon	after	among	of
-------	------	------	-------	-------	----

The Olympic Games were named (a) — the town (b) — Olympia in Greece. In those days Greece was divided (c) — many cities. They used to fight (d) — themselves. A man named Iphitos was concerned (e) — such wasteful strifes. He hit (f) — a plan to set up peace in the country.

19. Fill in the blanks of the following text with preposition given in the box below. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)

of	with	about	of	about	to
----	------	-------	----	-------	----

Garments industry is the main source (a) — earning foreign exchange in our country. A garment worker is usually a person (b) — lower middle class family. They have no education (c) — garment factories. The workers are to work (d) — heavy machines which cause harm (e) — their lungs. So, the employers should be careful (f) — the health of workers.

20. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Residential Model College, Dhaka)

Shakil : Can you give me some idea (a) — internet?
 Dipu : Of course, it is an international computer network (b) — digital information.
 Shakil : What kind of information can we get (c) — it?
 Dipu : You can get any type of information from it.
 Shakil : How much do we have to pay (d) — it?
 Dipu : Very little.
 Shakil : Then people can be much benefited (e) — it.
 Dipu : Right, we should make use of it to go (f) — the world.

21. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)

Mr. Rahman was accused (a) — stealing money (b) — his office. The news appeared (c) — some newspapers. He was ashamed (d) — the news. He appeared (e) — the judicial committee. It appeared (f) — the committee that he was innocent.

22. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)

with	about	after	in	into	upon	among
------	-------	-------	----	------	------	-------

The Olympic Games were named (a) — the town of Olympia in Greece. In those days Greece was divided (b) — many cities. They used to fight (c) — themselves. A man named Iphitos was concerned (d) — such wasteful strifes. He hit (e) — a plan to set up peace (f) — the country. His plan worked well.

23. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)

Akash : I have heard that you are not attentive (a) — your study.
 Ashik : It's partially true. I don't feel better to study.
 Akash : What? Present world is very competitive. So, you need to be competent (b) — facing the challenge of competition. So you must concentrate (c) — your study.
 Ashik : But I always remain callous (d) — my study.
 Akash : You cannot help utilizing your time. Nothing can compensate (e) — your loss of wasting time. So work hard and it contributes a lot (f) — make a good result.
 Ashik : Thank you.
 Akash : You're welcome.

24. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions in the gap. (Monipur High School & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

for	in	for	to	from	against
-----	----	-----	----	------	---------



Today man has been suffering (a) _____ various diseases. And there is no remedy (b) _____ some fatal diseases. So man is subject (c) _____ decay and death. One day he will depart (d) _____ this world. Here he cannot live (e) _____ a long time. So he should do some noble deeds (f) _____ the human beings.

25. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)

Man has unquenchable thirst (a) _____ knowledge. He is never satisfied (b) _____ what he has known and seen. For this, he sets out (c) _____ travelling. But it depends (d) _____ a lot of money and patience. The people of developed countries are fit (e) _____ it. So they are capable (f) _____ earning practical knowledge.

26. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)

An honest man is true (a) _____ his word. He does not deviate (b) _____ the path of honesty. He knows that true peace consists (c) _____ honesty. So he doesn't fall a victim (d) _____ any greed. He has no ambition (e) _____ worldly things. He is never dissatisfied (f) _____ what he has.

27. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)

The result (a) _____ honesty is beyond description. It results (b) _____ peace, On the other hand, misery results (c) _____ vice. So we should abstain (d) _____ evil deeds. Evil deeds bring (e) _____ ruins. So we should keep away (f) _____ evil deeds.

28. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Cantonment Public School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

All know that smoking is injurious (a) _____ the health. But those who smoke do not abstain (b) _____ smoking. They are not careful (c) _____ their health. It is hoped that smokers should give (d) _____ smoking. Finally, they succumb (e) _____ many diseases. So, they should make people aware (f) _____ the harmful effects of smoking.

29. Fill in the blanks of the following text with preposition given in the box below. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari; Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls' High School, Mymensingh)

of	in	to	in	from	in
----	----	----	----	------	----

A good student is never indifferent (a) _____ his study. He know well that success lies (b) _____ hard work. So, he is always absorbed (c) _____ deep studies. Nothing can prevent him (d) _____ working hard. His hard work and sincerity result (e) _____ ultimate success. His family feels proud (f) _____ his success.

30. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate prepositions given in the box below. (Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon)

for	of	in	upon	after	to
-----	----	----	------	-------	----

Olympic Games were named (a) _____ the city of Olympia (b) _____ Greece. A man called Iphitos introduced it. He hit (c) _____ a plan. He invited the best athletes from the nearby cities to the valley of Olympia (d) _____ take part in athletic contests. His plan worked well. (e) _____ a time, the Greek warriors instead (f) _____ fighting their neighbors, tried to outdo their rivals in friendly games and sports.

31. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon)

Nobi : Hello Asad! How are you?

Asad : Nice, What is the matte with you? You seem puzzled.

Nobi : Nothing at all. I just need some information.

Asad : Ok, Ask me.

Nobi : Please tell me about spring.

Asad : Ok, listen (a) _____ me, With the advent (b) _____ spring nature awakes from slumber. All trees and plants get adorned (c) _____ new leaves and flowers.

Nobi : What is the condition of wind, then?

Asad : During the season, the wind blows (d) _____ the south-western side spreading sweet smell (e) _____ flowers all (f) _____.

32. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Gaibandha Govt. Girls' High School, Gaibandha)

Oli : Hello, Kali, how are you?

Koli : Very well, thank you, How (a) _____ you?

Oli : Fine, thanks.

Koli : You look thoughtful. What are you thinking (b) _____ ?

Oli : I'm thinking about the necessity (c) _____ reading newspaper. do you read?

Koli : Yes, I read "The Daily Star" regularly. I can't do (d) _____ it (e) _____ a single day.

Oli : I also feel uneasy when newspaper is not published (f) _____ some special occasion.

33. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with the appropriate prepositions. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha)

The United Nations (a) — the world meet (b) — New York. They talk (c) — urgent problems of peace and war and try to find (d) — solutions to as many of these as they can. The UNO (United Nations Organizations) deals (e) — quarrels that might lead (f) — was among the nations.

34. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given below, There are more prepositions than necessary. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)

for	in	with	to	in	by	to
-----	----	------	----	----	----	----

A pious man is absorbed (a) — meditation. He has firm faith (b) — Allah. He abides (c) — the rules of religion. He clings (d) — his faith. He knows that man is accountable to Allah (e) — his action. So, he leads his according (f) — religion.

35. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)

with	of	up	against	to
------	----	----	---------	----

Sumon was born (a) — poor parents. He grew (b) — in the midst of poverty. His father was burdened (c) — a big family. His family consisted (d) — eight members. However, he did not yield (e) — fate. He stood boldly (f) — all the problems.

36. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh)

on	with	from	for	of	to
----	------	------	-----	----	----

We have many duties (a) — our parents because we are indebted to them (b) — our life on earth. They are our best well-wishers. They take special care (c) — us right (d) — our birth (e) — the greatest love and affection. They love us more than anyone else (f) — earth.

37. Fill in the gaps of the following text with prepositions in the box below. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

after	to	from	in	to	in
-------	----	------	----	----	----

A man who is true (a) — his word is an honest man. He knows that true happiness consists (b) — honesty. So he does not fall victim (c) — greed. He does not hanker (d) — money. He derives pleasure (e) — good activities. Good activities results (f) — peace and prosperity.

38. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)

on	with	from	for	of	to
----	------	------	-----	----	----

We have many duties (a) — our parents because we are indebted to them (b) — our life on earth. They are our best well-wishers. They take special care (c) — us right (d) — our birth (e) — the greatest love and affection. They love us more than anyone else (f) — earth.

39. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)

about	with	for	to	of	after
-------	------	-----	----	----	-------

Money is the root (a) — all evils. Those who hanker (b) — money cannot enjoy mental peace. Sometimes, it may lead one (c) — some unexpected troubles. It also happens that greed (d) — money brings (e) — many problems. So, we should be contented (f) — what we have.

40. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)

of	about	to	from	up	in
----	-------	----	------	----	----

All know that smoking is injurious (a) — health. But those who smoke do not abstain (b) — smoking. They are not careful (c) — their health. It is hoped that smokers should give (d) — smoking. Finally they succumb (e) — many diseases. So, we should make people aware (f) — the harmful effect of smoking.

41. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Bogra Govt. Girls' High School, Bogra)

Mizan : Hello, Hassan. How are you?

Hassan : I'm not well. I've been suffering (a) — cough.

Mizan : I have heard you have become a chain smoker. Smoking may be one of the major causes (b) — your sickness.

Hassan : Doctor also had said so.

Mizan : Why don't you give (c) — smoking? Don't you know the dangers (d) — smoking.

Hassan : I tried so, but couldn't. I can't even concentrate (e) — my studies (f) — smoking.

42. Fill in the blanks of the following text with suitable prepositions. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)

A good and attentive student never remains absent (a) — his school. He is always attentive to his classes. He always abides (b) — what his teachers and elders say. He always abstains (c) — all sorts of useless activities. He is never callous (d) — studies. He does not long (e) — name and fame. Rather he is committed (f) — help his country and its people.

43. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Govt. K. D. High School, Naogaon)

Rashed : Many people commit sins either knowingly or unknowingly. At last, a sinner atones (a) — his sins.

Pranto : Why?

Rashed : Because he knows that everyone is accountable (b) — God (c) — his deeds.

Pranto : So, when a sinner becomes really repentant, he is seen devoted (d) — God.

Rashed : Sometimes he is seen absorbed (e) — deep meditation.

Pranto : He is also seen burst (f) — tears.

44. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)

with	from	for	to	in
------	------	-----	----	----

An honest man is true (a) — his word. He does not deviate (b) — the path of honesty. He knows that true peace consists (c) — honesty. So he does not fall victim (d) — any greed. He has no ambition (e) — worldly things. He is satisfied (f) — what he has.

45. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)

of	in	at	to	of
----	----	----	----	----

Normally parents wink (a) — their son's fault. They are so blind (b) — their son's fault that they are like the people who are blind (c) — eyes. As a result, many boys are indulged (d) — evil deeds. This brings (e) — their ruin. Parents should always be cautious (f) — the fault of their children.

46. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)

of	with	from	to	after
----	------	------	----	-------

A poor man suffers (a) — many things. He is destitute (b) — wealth. He is deprived (c) — the basic needs. But he is content (d) — what he has. He does not run (e) — wealth. His attitude (f) — life is very simple.

47. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Amena-Baki Residential Model School & College, Dinajpur)

with	at	for	in	by	to
------	----	-----	----	----	----

A pious man is absorbed (a) — meditation. He abides (b) — the rules of religion. He clings (c) — his faith. He knows that man is accountable to Allah (d) — his action. He is not angry (e) — anybody. He behaves well (f) — everyone.

48. Complete the passage with prepositions from the list below. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur; Rangpur Cadet College, Rangpur)

up	of	from	without	in	with	under	in	by
----	----	------	---------	----	------	-------	----	----

A family is comprised (a) — parents and children. They are connected (b) — one another by blood, love and affection. The children cannot live (c) — the days of infancy (d) — the loving care of their parents. It is the parents who bring them (e) —, nourish them, nurse them (f) — sickness, give them proper educational help to get settled in life.

49. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)

of	with	from	to	after
----	------	------	----	-------

A poor man suffers (a) — many things. He is destitute (b) — wealth. He is deprived (c) — the basic needs. But he is content (d) — what he has. He does not run (e) — wealth. His attitude (f) — life is very simple.

50. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions. (Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)

A sinner feels repentant (a) — his sin. He repents (b) — his sin. He prays (c) — Allah. He gives (d) — all his bad habits. He does not addict (e) — any evil activity. He tries to refrain himself (f) — all types of evil activities.

51. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)

After hovering (a) — the Bay of Bengal ominously for days, Cyclone Mahasen has finally gone (b) — Bangladesh territory doing much less damage than what had been feared (c) — the weather and disaster management experts. Citizens of all faiths prayed (d) — the Almighty to safeguard the lives and property of the people living (e) — the coastal belt of the country. With a great sigh of relief, people saw the storm weaken and move (f) — Myanmar.

52. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)

Ama : Every year many students in our country get poor marks in the JSC examination. Do you know, why?

Saima : Because most of the students fail (a) — English.

Ama : But why do they fail in English?

Saima : I think, firstly they suffer (b) — foreign language phobia. Secondly, they learn English in order (c) — cross the stairs of examinations.



Ama : Can you tell the reasons any more?
 Saima : Of course. To me, thirdly our teachers cannot make the lessons interesting (d) — the students.
 And finally, I think, perhaps our syllabus is not designed considering the needs (e) — our students.
 Ama : It's a great problem. What's the solution to it?
 Saima : I don't know that well. I only realize we must come (f) — from this situation.

53. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)

Harun : Hello Tanvir, how are you?
 Tanvir : I am OK and you?
 Harun : I am fine. Thank you.
 Tanvir : You are welcome.
 Harun : Please tell me about the disadvantages of city life.
 Tanvir : Although a city life has many disadvantages, a city dweller sometimes gets tired (a) — it.
 Harun : What more do you know about it?
 Tanvir : A city dweller cannot attend the office and other places (b) — time because (c) — traffic jam.
 Harun : The air (d) — the city is polluted (e) — smoke and dust.
 Tanvir : Besides, he is always busy (f) — a lot of commitments.

54. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)

from	over	with	in	of
------	------	------	----	----

Ferdousi suddenly fell (a) — evil days. The Government of the country became very displeased (b) — him for his unknown reasons. Consequently, he had to leave Tus — his beloved place (c) — birth. So he was naturally very sad. Now Ferdousi started moving (d) — place to place and from country to country in search (e) — fortune. At that time Gazni was ruled (f) — by Sultan Mahmud.

55. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)

Mother : Well Trina, listen.
 Trina : Yes, Mom.
 Mother : Your examination is knocking (a) — the door and you are not serious (b) — your studies. What's the matter?
 Trina : I see, you are worried (c) — my examination. But, Mom, you needn't worry. I'm prepared (d) — the examination well.
 Mother : Really. What about Mathematics and English?
 Trina : I'm well up in English. Now I'm going (e) — with the exercise. I'm quite at ease (f) — English. So, It's the case with Mathematics. I don't leave my daily practice. Please bless me Mom.

56. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions from the box. (Jhenidah Cadet College, Jhenidah)

with	at	after	to	in	on
------	----	-------	----	----	----

Bangladesh is rich (a) — natural gas. Mr. Kamal is popular (b) — the students. I congratulate you (c) — your success. He is blind (d) — his son's fault. Bina is good (e) — English. Do not hanker (f) — money.

57. Read the following letter and fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)

Dear Bina,
 I am very glad to receive your letter (a) — time. You have stood first (b) — the examination. I would like (c) — offer congratulations (d) — your grand success. We are really proud (e) — you. I hope you will do better (f) — future. With best wishes.

58. Fill in the blanks with prepositions. (Feni Girls' Cadet College, Feni)

with	by	against	to	for	in
------	----	---------	----	-----	----

Many people commit sin either knowingly or unknowingly. (a) — the long run a sinner atones (b) — his sin because he knows that everyone is accountable (c) — God (d) — his deeds. So when a sinner becomes really penitent, he is seen devoted (e) — God. Sometimes he is seen absorbed (f) — deep meditation.

59. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)

Man has an unquenchable thirst (a) — knowledge. He is never satisfied (b) — what he has known and seen. For this, he sets out (c) — travelling. But it needs a lot of money and patience. The people (d) — developed countries are fit (e) — it. So, they are capable (f) — earning practical knowledge.

60. Fill in the gaps in the following dialogue with appropriate prepositions. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)

Helal : Hello Arif. How are you?
 Arif : Fine. And what (a) — you?



Helal : Find too. I need your help regarding lucid English. Can you give me some advice.
 Arif : Sure. Firstly you need to be careful (b) — your choice of words.
 Helal : That's a problem. Complicated words are difficult (d) — many people to understand. Therefore stick (e) — simple English in your writing and keep your sentences short and (f) — the point. That way it will be a riveting read for your readers.

61. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)

Mita : What do you want to do after the examination?
 Sadia : I have decided to do a course (a) — computer.
 Mita : Where will you do it?
 Sadia : (b) — the Ria Computer Center. What do you desire to do?
 Mita : I'll also make a good use (c) — the time. I want to learn English (d) — Mr. Zaman, a famous lecturer in English (e) — a renowned college.
 Sadia : OK, let us try to fulfil our desires. But don't forget to come (f) — me at least once a day.

62. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Milestone College, Dhaka)

from	to	for	with	away
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It is known (a) — all that one day all will pass (b) —. So we have no escape (c) — death. Death is common (d) — all. One day everybody will depart (e) — this world. So we should not mourn (f) — the dead.

63. Fill in the gaps with suitable prepositions. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)

- (a) The baby is afraid — ghosts.
- (b) Do not believe — his lame excuse.
- (c) Swimming is beneficial — health.
- (d) Anger is compared — fire.
- (e) The committee consists — seven members.
- (f) He is absent — the meeting.

64. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)

Allah has bestowed His mercy (a) — mankind. So we should be thankful (b) — Him. The world is full (c) — innumerable fine things. Man is ignorant (d) — these gifts. He should not be ungrateful (e) — Allah. Allah is the most kind (f) — all living beings.

65. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka; Bindubasini Govt. Girls High School, Tangail)

The result (a) — honesty is beyond description. It results (b) — peace. On the other hand, misery results (c) — vice. So, we should abstain (d) — evil deeds. Evil deeds bring (e) — ruins. Moreover, people live (f) — good deeds.

66. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Shaheed Bir Uttam Lt. Anwar Girls' College, Dhaka)

of	to	in			
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A huge number of Bangladeshi children are out (a) — their parent's control. The parents are also very much indifferent (b) — their children's fault. As a result, many of them become involved (c) — bad activities subversive (d) — the state. They don't pay heed (e) — their superiors. They even indulge (f) — various dangerous habit.

67. Fill in the gaps with appropriate prepositions. (Motijheel Govt. Girls' High School, Dhaka)

- (a) The authoress was astonished — his integrity.
- (b) I was born — a middle class family.
- (c) One should cling — one's plan.
- (d) Students are concerned — their result.
- (e) He deals — rice.
- (f) All his attempts ended — smoke.

68. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka)

Kadam Ali is a day-labourer who works (a) — the village. Like other day-labourers he does heavy unskilled work. Sometimes he is employed in the field (b) — agricultural work and sometimes he is employed (c) — construction works. He has (d) — work hard from morning (e) — evening and is paid (f) — the end of the day. But he does not get employment everyday.

69. Here is a part of the letter written by a girl to her friend from Dhaka. Put in suitable prepositions in the blanks. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)

It was 20th of February. The day was Friday, a public holiday. We, about 50 students (a) — our class arranged a picnic (b) — Mainamati, Commila. It is a place (c) — great historical importance. As you know

it is (d) — fifty kilometers from here, we started at 8 am (e) — our school compound by a big hired bus led (f) — three of our teachers.

70. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate preposition. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)
Happiness consists (a) — contentment. So, we should not run (b) — more and more money. Sometimes it may bring (c) — some unexpected troubles and one may fall a victim (d) — dangers for his unusual greed (e) — money. We all should be content (f) — what we have.

71. Fill in the gaps with preposition. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

Jami : Our JSC examination is knocking (a) — the door. How is your preparation?

Raisa : Not so bad. But I have weakness (b) — Mathematics. I hope, I will be able to get A⁺ in all subjects (c) — Mathematics. How about you?

Jami : You know, I've got A⁺ in all subjects but I am always weak in English.

Raisa : I think we both try (d) — overcome our weakness. In this regard, you can help me because you are at home (e) — Mathematics.

Jami : Olf course. But one condition is that you have to help me improve my English.

Raisa : Okay. We can start (f) — today.

Jami : Yes. The sooner, the better.

72. Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate prepositions. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)

anger is one (a) — six passions. It is harmful (b) — any man's life. So none should be angry (c) — anybody (d) — anything. Anger makes a man similar (e) — animals. It is compared (f) — fire.

73. Fill in the blanks of the following text with appropriate prepositions given in the box below. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)

in	from	to	on	of	to
----	------	----	----	----	----

A good student is fond (a) — books. He is not indifferent (b) — his studies. He adheres (c) — his studies. He always tries to cut a brilliant figure (d) — the examination. He never deviates (e) — his duties because he knows that success depends (f) — hard work.

74. Fill in the blanks of the following text with preposition. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)

I am going to tell you (a) — the proper use of holidays. They give us relief (b) — heavy pressure of regular work. They help us to get rid (c) — the din and bustle (d) — life. We know that to work (e) — pause is tiresome. So, holidays are essential (f) — our life.

75. Fill in the blanks of the following text with preposition. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)

on	from	to	for
----	------	----	-----

I prohibited him (a) — going to cinema but he insisted (b) — going to cinema. I could not prevent him (c) — going to cinema. He stuck (d) — his insistence. So I was sorry (e) — his behaviour. He has serious liking (f) — cinema.

76. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)

into	to	in	inside	for	by
------	----	----	--------	-----	----

Once a hungry wolf searched (a) — food here and there but it couldn't get any. At last it found a loaf of bread and a piece of meat (b) — the hole of a tree. The hungry wolf squeezed (c) — the hole and ate all the food. It was a woodcutter's lunch. He was on his way back to the tree to have lunch. As soon as a fox saw the woodcutter, he tried (d) — run away, but unfortunately the fox was caught (e) — the woodcutter. The woodcutter kept him (f) — a cage afterwards.

77. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)

Once I was returning home when it was late night. I found no transport. While I was walking (a) — the road it seemed (b) — me as an unknown city. There was no busy traffic jam as it is found (c) — the day time. I saw some dogs lying idly (d) — the pavement. I stopped (e) — a place and took a long breath. (f) — a while, I again started walking and reached home safely.

78. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)

over	of	in	to	in	to
------	----	----	----	----	----

Mr. 'R' is blind (a) — one eye. He is also blind (b) — his son's fault. As a result, the son is involved (c) — evil deeds. He is addicted (d) — drugs. Mr. 'R' will suffer (e) — the long run as he has no control (f) — his son.

79. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Bindubasini Govt. Girls' High School, Tangail)

Saifur : Have you heard the name of the Olympic Games?

Nishad : Of course, the Olympic Games were named (a) — the town of Olympia in Greece.

Saifur : But, friend, please tell me how the Olympic Games started.

- Nishad : Okay. Listen (b) — me. In those days, Greece was divided (c) — many cities. They used to fight (d) — themselves.
 Saifur : What happened later?
 Nishad : A man named Iphitos was concerned (e) — such wasteful strifes. He hit (f) — a plan to set up peace in the country. His plan worked well. From then, the Olympic Games started.
 Saifur : Thanks. I knew about the Olympics only from you.
 Nishad : You're welcome.

80. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)

- Badal : You look rather gloomy, what is the matter (a) — you?
 Tipu : I am anxious (b) — my exam, especially of English.
 Badal : Why haven't you studied it (c) — the beginning of the year?
 Tipu : Actually I find no interest (d) — it.
 Badal : In fact, you are not attentive (e) — your student. I think if you study attentively, you will succeed (f) — it.

81. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)

from	to × 2	for	with	away
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It is known (a) — all that one day all will pass (b) —. So we have no escape (c) — death. Death is common (d) — all. One day everybody will depart (e) — this world. So we should not mourn (f) — he dead.

82. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)

Mr Rahman is the director (a) — a project. He is an honest officer. He believes (b) — sincerity and punctuality. Taking bribe is foreign (c) — his nature. Some of his colleagues are very jealous (d) — him. But nothing can daunt him. He always sticks (e) — his principles. So such an officer is worthy (f) — praise.

83. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box below. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)

in	of	about	by	to	in
----	----	-------	----	----	----

Fahim is never indifferent (a) — his study. He works hard. He believes that success lies (b) — hard work. So he is always engaged (c) — studies. At the same time, he is not forgetful (d) — his studies. He respects his parents and relatives. So he is blessed (e) — all. He is serious (f) — his life.

84. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions given in the box blow. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)

round	opposite	past	along	outside	against	behind	beyond
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Yesterday evening, a woman was walking (a) — the pavement (b) — the supermarket. An old man was on the pavement (c) — the bank. A car was struck (d) — a bus and a lorry. The bus was in front of the car but the lorry was (e) — the car. At that moment I was waiting (f) — the cafe.

85. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)

with	on	of	for	in	from
------	----	----	-----	----	------

Socrates was born (a) — poor working class parents probably in the year of 470 B.C. He had the usual education of the boys in those days. It consisted (b) — learning music, science, philosophy and gymnastics. He also studied the arts of public speaking and argumentation. As a young man, he served the army and fought (c) — several battles (d) — great courage. When he left the army, he carried (e) — his search (f) — truth.

86. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)

Dear Labonno, I am very shocked to hear that your mother is no more (a) — earth. I could never think that she would leave us (b) — such a premature age. I do not know how to console you (c) — such a situation. Your grief is so great that words will fail to console you. The loss of a mother is irrecoverable. I know that how sad it is to lose a mother because I have also mine. I pray (d) — Allah (e) — her eternal peace (f) — the next world.

87. Fill in the blanks of the following text with prepositions. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Sathkira)

Although a city life has many advantages, a city dweller sometimes gets tired (a) — It. He cannot attend the office and other places (b) — time because (c) — traffic jam. The air (d) — the city is polluted (e) — smoke and dust. Besides, he is always busy (f) — a lot of commitments.

**88. Fill in the gaps of the following text with prepositions. (Satkhira Govt. Girls' High School, Satkhira)**

upon	to	from	in	to	of
------	----	------	----	----	----

Poverty was bar (a) — his success. It hindered him (b) — going abroad. But he did not lose heart. He was hopeful (c) — his success. He hit (d) — a plan. The plan worked well. He succeeded (e) — his attempt. For this he was thankful (f) — Allah.

A3**Question Type-03**
• Substitution Table**1. Make four sentences from the substitution table.**

My mother My parents My father	has to/have to (doesn't/don't) have to	do the cooking
		do the washing
		go to work.
		do the shopping

2. Make four sentences from the substitution table:

Mere bookish knowledge Travelling It	makes widens is gives	our outlook and orientation.
		us free from superstition.
		perfection to our bookish or theoretical knowledge.
		not enough for us.

3. Make four sentences from this substitution table :

We Bangladesh Development	will need won't needn't	be a developed country in near future.
		be disappointed at all.
		be possible without national unity.
		patriotism and sincerity for our development.

4. Make four sentences from the substitution table :

Youth It We Thus our future	is must will	be moulded properly.
		the time of sowing seeds of life.
		sow the seeds of industry and honesty in this time.
		the best time of life.

5. Make four sentences from the substitution table:

A crow He At last he	flew was found wanted	to drink water.
		a jar in a garden.
		very thirsty.
		from one place to another in search of water.

6. Make four meaningful sentences from the substitution table :

Water It Clean water	is	safe for use.
		essential for all living beings.
		an important element of the environment.
		polluted in many ways.

7. Make four sentences form this substitution table :

Water Clean water It	is can be	safe for us.
		polluted in many ways.
		an important element of the environment.
		essential for human, animal and plant life.

8. Make four sentences from this substitution table :

It The Titanic She At that time she	was carrying was was sailing	1316 passengers and a crew of 891.
		the largest ship in the world.
		for New York from Southampton.
		on April 10, 1912.

9. Make four sentences form the substitution table given below:

Unemployment This problem	is can	on the increase day by day.
		a great social evil.
		be solved by self-employment.
		the root of all evils.

10. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)

A king A date Applicants They	was fixed tried declared were enlisted	their best to tell the biggest lies
		serially for the competition
		for the competition
		a rich prize for the teller of the biggest lie

11. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (P. N. Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

Food adulteration It One	can is	lose his/her life eating adulterated food
		now a great problem in Bangladesh
		detrimental to health
		avoid the foods which are adulterated in many ways

12. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)

Flower We It	attracts is see	the heavenly smile in flower
		man and woman with its smell and beauty
		loved by all
		the symbol of beauty, purity and love

13. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)

Akbar His full name He	ascended was	the throne of Delhi at the age of fourteen
		the grandson of Babar
		born in 1542 at Amarkoat in Sindh
		Jalaluddin Mohammad Akbar

14. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)

Corruption It The people	is have	increasing with the passage of time
		to be aware of it
		a great problem in Bangladesh
		high time we stopped corruption

15. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)

King Soloman The Queen of Sheba She	be have	taken some artificial and some real flowers with her and had told him to identify the real ones
		very famous for his wisdom all over the world
		also come to know about the wisdom and wealth of the king
		taken the decision to meet him and test his wisdom

16. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)

Rice It There	grows are is	obtained from paddy
		in plenty in Bangladesh
		many kinds of rice
		a kind of food

17. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)

It A young lamb At that time he So it	began felt was was grazing	the necessity of drinking water
		to look to and fro in order to find out water
		gladly at the foot of a small hill
		a sunny day

18. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)

Youth	is	be moulded properly
It	must	the time of sowing seeds of life
We	will	sow the seeds of industry and honesty in this time
Thus our future		the best time of life

19. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)

Students	depends	answers according to the question
Success	should always write	to be neat and clean in the answer script
A student	is	his time properly in the exam hall
Handwriting	has to budget	on applying strategy in the examination properly

20. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Residential Model College, Dhaka)

Discipline	is	maintained in the army
It		prevalent all over in nature
Strict discipline		taught in schools and colleges
		define as strict obedience to certain rules and regulations

21. Make sentences from the table. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)

The UNESCO	decorated	one of the magnificent constructions of Khan Jahan Ali
It is	be	Bagerhat with numerous mosques, roads, buildings, etc.
The Shat Gambuj Mosque	has declared	regarded as one of the architectural beauties of Bangladesh
Khan Jahan Ali		the mosque as a World Heritage Site

22. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)

The main objective of UNICEF	is	originally stood for the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund
It	has	established numerous baby care centres around the world
UNICEF		organised training programmes to create rural health workers
		to decrease neo-natal death

23. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)

Education	is	the training for proper growth
It	can prosper	our mind and refines our tastes
Nobody	ennobles	in life without education
The purpose of education		the process by which our mind develops

24. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Monipur High School & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

An industrious person	can	succeed in life without industry
An idle person	can't	overcome all obstacles of life
No one		be compared with anything else
The struggle of life		go a long way in life

25. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)

Travelling	widens	our outlook and orientation
It	is	us practical knowledge and wisdom
Mere bookish knowledge	makes	not enough for us
	gives	a part and parcel of our life

26. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)

Paper	is	to spread education, knowledge
It	cannot	do for a moment without it
We	helps	a part and parcel of modern civilization
Some people	believe	that the Egyptians first made paper

27. Make four sentence from the substitution table. (Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)

It often	know	our communication
We	is	in our country
It	disrupts	a natural disaster
Flood	occurs	what floods do to us

28. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Cantonment Public School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

Early rising An early riser	improves	more than a late riser
	gets	the habit of getting up early in the morning
	means	enough time to prepare his/her lessons
	can work	health and increases the ability to work

29. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

Man No man or nation We Industry	can	the architect of his own fortune
	cannot	the mother of good luck
	is	idle away our valuable time
		succeed without hard labour

30. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon)

Water It People	to be	an important element of our environment
	must not	pollute water
		essential for all living beings and things
		unwise to use impure water

31. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon)

Our bus All the students I But many of the students	was	planned to start at 6 am from our school campus
	could	asked to come to our school campus 6 am
	could not	reach in time
	were	reach before 6 am

32. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Gaibandha Govt. Girls' High School, Gaibandha)

Deforestation The air Animal, Plants etc. Climate change	may give rise to be	polluted in many ways
		interrelated
		the result of the ecological imbalance
		to natural disasters

33. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha)

Cleanliness It We	Should is	be followed in every aspect of our life
		wash our hands before was take meals
		cut our nails
		a part of faith

34. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)

Education It	widens	our mind
	broadens	us aware of our right and responsibility
	refines	our outlook
	makes	our sensibility

35. Make four sentence using the parts of sentences from each column of the table below. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)

A young lamb There A wolf He, on some reasons	came	in the bush of the hill
	lived	out of the bush
	walked	a bush near the hill
	was	there to drink water

36. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls; High School, Mymensingh)

Cleanliness It We	ought	be followed in every aspect of our life
	should	put on clean clothes
	has to	to wash our hands before we take meals
	is	necessary to cut nails regularly

37. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh; Govt. K.D. High School, Naogan)

Email Message It	is has brought can be	transmitted from one country to another in a second
		far cheaper than telephone calls
		used greatly for trade and commerce
		about a revolution in modern communication

38. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

Unemployment It They	be don't	expected to change their attitude to profession
		a social curse
		destroying the physical and mental power of young generation
		like to be self-employed

39. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)

Every free nation It Bangladesh She	has is	got a flag of her own
		also a free country
		a flag of its own
		the symbol of an independent country

40. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)

Education It Illiteracy	helps is	one of the basic human needs
		us distinguish between right and wrong
		still dominant in our country
		the backbone of a nation

41. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)

My father The Headmaster I Then he	pointed told took asked	him my name
		me to the Headmaster's room
		to a letter chart
		me my name

42. Make four sentences from this substitution table. (Bogra Govt. Girls' High School, Bogra)

Man No man or nation We Industry	can can't is	the mother of good luck
		idle away our valuable time
		succeed without hard labour
		the architect of his own fortune

43. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)

You After you They	have must do should	remember that there are more people looking for employment than there are opportunities
		various types of work to help and support the family
		passed the SSC Examination you will have to decide what you are going to do
		not look down upon the odd jobs that people do

44. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)

A crow He At last he	flew was found wanted	to drink water
		a jar in a garden
		very thirsty
		from one place to another in search of water

45. Make three sentences from the following substitution table. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)

Every free nation It Bangladesh	have be	also a free country
		a flag of its own
		the symbol of sovereignty of a nation

46. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)

Once there He But he	had did not plough was	few plots of land
		them well
		very idle
		a farmer in a village

47. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)

Babul He There An old bridge	lived was	over that canal
		a canal on his way to school
		in a village of Bangladesh
		a school boy

48. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)

Long ago King Lear	had were was	Goneril, Regan and Cordelia
He		a very old man
Their names		ruling Britain
Now Lear		three daughters

49. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)

Education	helps to be	one of the basic human needs
It		still dominant in our country
Illiteracy		us distinguish between right and wrong
		the backbone of a nation

50. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)

Corruption	is must	indifferent to other's interest
It		be uprooted from the society at any cost
A corrupt person		considered a great curse of our national life
		nowadays a tradition of our society

51. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)

Polythene bags	are has	not yet aware of the darker side of polybags.
It		disrupting city life.
It		become a threat to our agriculture.
People		become difficult to manage the huge quantity of polybags used everyday.

52. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)

An early riser	can should	take physical exercise in the morning breeze
He/she		enjoy a sound sleep at night
We all		practise the habit of rising early in the morning
		have enough time to start his day's work nicely

53. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)

Robert Bruce	had to fought was invaded	bravely but lost the battle
Enemies		a famous king
The king		his kingdom
He		flee from his kingdom to save his life

54. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)

Water	cannot is	found in seas, rivers and ponds
It		live without it
Plants		very essential for life
Animals also		grow without it

55. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rangpur Cadet College, Rangpur)

Once there	called was visited	him to the palace
He		the capital of king
A famous astrologer		a king
The king		fond of knowing the future from the astrologer.

56. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Jhenidah Cadet College, Jhenidah)

A moonlit night	is are	in the habit of enjoying a moonlit night very much
The poets		different from any other night
People in the villages		friendly with others in a moonlit night
		encouraged to write poems sitting in the silvery light of the night

57. Make four meaningful sentences from the substitution table. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)

Corruption	is have	increasing with the passage of time
It		to be aware of it
People		a great problem in Bangladesh
		high time we stopped it

58. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Feni Girls' Cadet College, Feni)

Without friends	make friendship is share joys and mental agony life is	man makes friendship
In order to		to achieve personal interest
Friendship		difficult
Summer friends		human attachment

59. Make four sentences from the following table. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)

She	expressed	read one of my books
I	had	twenty years ago
It	got	a letter from a lady
The lady	was	written to me about the book

60. Substitute the following table with four complete sentences. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)

Flower	is	cultivating flowers nowadays
It		a good habit to grow flowers at home
Many farmers		a symbol of love and beauty
They		earning a log through it

61. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)

A library	is	a storehouse of knowledge
It		a part and parcel of a school
The library of our school		very big
		helpful to increase knowledge

62. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Milestone College, Dhaka)

Akbar	ascended	the throne of Delhi at the age of fourteen
His full name		the grandson of Babur
He		born in 1542 at Amarkoat in Sindh
		Jalaluddin Mohammad Akbar

63. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)

Education	helps broadens is	our outlook
It		us to lead a planned life
		the backbone of a nation
		one of the basic human needs

64. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)

In the past, it	is are was	a log of opportunities for women to enrich their career now
There		organized, courageous and confident
A woman		difficult for a woman to pursue her career
The women of new generation		still dependent on her family support for her establishment

65. Make four meaningful sentences from the table. (Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka)

Vidyasagar	would never violate had to helped respected	the poor
He		the order of his mother
He always		take pains to acquire learning
		his parents very much

66. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Shaheed Bir Uttam Lt. Anwar Girls' College, Dhaka)

Education	helps is	one of the human basic needs
It		us to distinguish between right and wrong
Illiteracy		still dominant in our country
		the backbone of a nation

67. Make four sentences from the following substitution table. (Motijheel Govt. Girls' High School, Dhaka)

Getting up early	should is has	beneficial to our body and mind
It		no bad effects
Every student		get up early in the morning
		undoubtedly a good habit

68. Make four sentences from the following substitution table. (Motijheel Model Girls' High School & College, Dhaka)

There	bought laid lived	from hand to mouth
He		an old man in a village
It		a golden egg everyday
		a wonderful goose from the market

69. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)

Emperor Shah Jahan	to be built	it as a tomb for his wife.
It		a large tomb above the centre of the building
There		made of fine white marbles
The Taj		one of the most beautiful buildings in the world

70. Make four sentences from the following substitution table. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)

To study So as students we To waste time So we	be must must not	be indifferent to our study
		the main duty of a student
		to destroy our future life
		be attentive to our study

71. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

Pahela Baishakh The day People in villages It	is have	the first day of the Bangla year
		celebrated with traditional festivity
		been celebrating this day according to their age-long custom
		the first day of Shuvo Nababorsho

72. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)

Vidyasagar He He always	would never violate had to helped respected	the poor
		the orders of his mother
		his parents very much
		take pains to acquire knowledge

73. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)

Marco Polo He On a summer Polo The emperor	reached made was was warmly received	the palace of Kublai Khan
		by the Emperor of China
		him one of his officers
		an adventurous man

74. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)

There He The lands With that he	supported had lived yielded	him some crops
		his family
		a few acres of land
		a farmer in a village

75. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)

Once there He A famous astrologer The king	called was visited	him to the palace
		the capital of the king
		a king
		fond of knowing his future from the astrologer

76. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)

Democracy People Opposition parties The accountability of government	can is are	the government of the people, for the people and by the people
		also sustained there
		be ensured in a democratic government
		elect their government according to their preference

77. Make four meaningful sentences from the substitution table. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)

Happiness It Complete happiness It	varies be depends	on various factors
		rarely found
		a relative term
		from person to person

78. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)

They He Socrates Plato	interacted was	with each other
		born in Greece
		his disciple
		a great philosopher

79. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Gangail)

There He Suruj Ali	looked after was	a large mango orchard
		a poor man called Suruj Ali
		a hard-working man too
		an honest man

80. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Bindubasini Govt. Girls' High School, Tangail)

Getting up early It Every student	should is has	beneficial to our body and mind
		no bad effects
		get up early in the morning
		undoubtedly a good habit

81. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)

Corruption It The people	is have	increasing with the passage of time
		to be aware of it
		a great problem in Bangladesh
		high time we stopped corruption

82. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)

Trees They We	take are provide ought to plant	us with timber, medicines and other things
		very useful to man
		more trees around us
		carbon dioxide and produce oxygen

83. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)

We Science Our life	can see live is	the constant company of our life
		in the age of science
		blessed with the blessings of science
		wonders of science in all spheres of life

84. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)

The rainy season He and his son Jamal He	was work lives is	in a village in Kolaroa, Satkhira
		a little late this year
		a farmer
		together on the paddy field

85. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)

Truthfulness Everybody The head of a truthful person He	trusts is cares	a truthful man
		the greatest virtue
		high
		none but the truth

86. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)

Paper It	is was was named is generally made	from the word papyrus
		the most useful gift of human skill
		the part and parcel of modern civilization
		from straw, grass, wood, bamboo, jute etc.

87. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)

Many of us He Once he And he	was captured have heard attacked	one of the greatest conquerors of the world
		the province
		about Taimur
		the province of a powerful prince

88. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)

Money It We	is need	money if we want to buy anything
		what money does
		the means of leading life
		required to get any service

89. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Sathkira)

He Aristotle Alexander, the Great Now we	was have told	no great teacher
		a great teacher
		his student
		Alexander not to lose self-control

90. Make four sentences from the substitution table. (Sathkira Govt. Girls' High School, Sathkira)

It I There The main ways	are is always try	listening, speaking, reading and writing
		to improve my English
		better to practise English without too much attention of being correct
		no single right method of learning a language

A4

Question Type–04

• Passage Narration

Passage Narration বলতে বোঝায় দুজন ব্যক্তির মধ্যে কথোপকথনের উপর একটি ছোট অনুচ্ছেদ। Passage Narration পরিবর্তনের কিছু তিন নিয়ম-কানুন রয়েছে।

Passage Narration Passage Narration পরিবর্তনের ১৩টি নিয়ম

Rule-01:

Passage narration টি প্রথম থেকে শেষ পর্যন্ত মনোযোগ সহকারে পড় এবং বোঝার চেষ্টা করো কোন কথাটি কে বলেছে। তোমাকে প্রতিটি উক্তির বক্তা এবং শ্রোতা আলাদা করতে হবে। তুমি প্রশ্নে প্রতিটি উক্তির পরে বক্তার নাম নাও পেতে পারো। কিন্তু অনুচ্ছেদের বিষয়বস্তু এবং অর্থের উপর নির্ভর করে, তোমাকে সেটা চিহ্নিত করতে হবে।

Example and Explanation :

“You have lost my new bag today. Why have you gone outside leaving it then?”, asked the Master. “I went outside for drinking a glass of water sir”, said the Servant. “But you could go after my coming. Now pay for the bag.” “Yes, I am guilty for my carelessness but now I have no money”, replied the servant.

এই অনুচ্ছেদে, লক্ষ্য করো “But you could go after my coming. Now pay for the bag.” বাক্যটি। তুমি দেখতে পাবে যে উক্তির পরে কোন বক্তার নাম উল্লেখ নেই। কিন্তু বিষয়বস্তুর উপর নির্ভর করে আমরা বুঝতে পারি যে এটা Master এর উক্তি।

Rule-02:

তোমাকে speech পরিবর্তনের সময় প্রতিটি বাক্যের শুরুতে বক্তার নাম এবং শ্রোতার নাম উল্লেখ করতে হবে। তুমি প্রশ্নে প্রতিটি উক্তির শুরুতে বা শেষে বক্তার নাম উল্লেখিত পাবেনা কিন্তু তোমাকে নিজে হতে বারোবার প্রতিটি বাক্যের শুরুতে তা লিখতে হবে।

Example and Explanation:

Direct: “I have called you today. Were you so much busy?”, he said. “I was busy with some official work”, said I.

Indirect: He said to me that he had called me that day. He asked me if I had been so much busy. I replied that I had been busy with some official works.

সুতরাং, তুমি দেখছ যে প্রতিটি বাক্যের শুরুতে বক্তা এবং শ্রোতার নাম উল্লেখ করা হয়েছে।

Rule-03:

তুমি প্রথমবারের জন্য বক্তা এবং শ্রোতার নাম উল্লেখ করবে। কিন্তু পরের বার হতে তুমি তাদেরকে pronoun শব্দ “he, she, and they” দিয়ে চিহ্নিত করবে। যদি দুজন ব্যক্তির pronoun শব্দ একই হয় তবে তাদের pronoun শব্দের পরে ব্রাকেটের মধ্যে তাদের নামের প্রথম অক্ষর দিয়ে চিহ্নিত করতে হবে “He (M)/ He (S)”। কিন্তু যদি প্রশ্নে নির্দিষ্ট কোন উক্তির পরে বক্তার নাম উল্লেখ থাকে তবে তোমাকেও পুনরায় নাম উল্লেখ করতে হবে।

Example and Explanation:

Direct: “You have lost my new bag today. Why have you gone outside leaving it then?”, asked the Master. “I went outside for drinking a glass of water sir”, said the Servant.

Indirect: The master told the servant that he (S) had lost his (M) new bag that day. He (M) asked him (S) why he (S) had gone outside leaving it then. The servant respectfully replied that he (S) had gone outside for drinking a glass of water.

সুতরাং, তুমি দেখছ যে প্রথমবার বক্তা এবং শ্রোতার নাম উল্লেখ করা হয়েছে। কিন্তু পরের বার হতে তাদের pronoun ব্যবহার করা হয়েছে। পাশাপাশি, pronoun এর পর তাদের নামের প্রথম অক্ষর He (M) or He (S) উল্লেখ করা হয়েছে। এখানে ‘respectfully’ শব্দটি ব্যবহার করা হয়েছে ‘sir’ শব্দটির জন্য।

Rule-04:

অনুচ্ছেদে, যদি তুমি দেখ যে একই ব্যক্তি পরপর দুইবার দুটি বাক্য বলছে তবে তুমি প্রথমবার “said to/told” ব্যবহার করবে আর দ্বিতীয়বার “again said/told/asked, added, and further said/told/asked” ব্যবহার করবে। মনে রাখবে এক্ষেত্রে, দুটি বাক্য একই শ্রেণীর হতে হবে। কিন্তু যদি দুটি বাক্য দুই শ্রেণীর হয়- যেমন একটি বাক্য assertive এবং অপরটি interrogative বাক্য তবে এই নিয়ম প্রযোজ্য নয়।

Example and Explanation:

Direct: “You have selected the boy for the job. You will take his responsibility from now”, said the Officer.

Indirect: The officer said to me that I had selected the boy for the job. He again said that I would take his responsibility from then.



এখানে, বক্তা ‘the officer’ পরপর দুইবার দুটি বাক্য বলেছে এবং দুটি বাক্য assertive। এইজন্য, দ্বিতীয় বাক্যের শুরুতে ‘again said’ ব্যবহার করা হয়েছে।

Rule-05:

কিছু নির্দিষ্ট শব্দ বা শব্দাংশ রয়েছে যেগুলো indirect speeches এ পরিবর্তন করে বসাতে হয়। শব্দগুলোর একটি তালিকা দেখো :

Forms in Direct Speech	Forms in Indirect Speech
Sir	Respectfully said/asked.....
Yes	Replied in the affirmative that.....
No	Replied in the negative that.....
Thanks	Subject+ thanked+ object
Good morning/evening/night	Subject+ wished+ object+ good morning/evening/night
Good bye	Subject+ bade+ object+ good bye
By Allah/God/Jove/my life..	Swearing by Allah/God/Jove/my life..
Ok	Subject+ agreed that.....
Hello/hi	Subject+ greeted that...
Replied/asked/cried/uttered/muttered	No change

Examples :

Direct : The boy said, “Sir, I will attend the classes regularly.”
Indirect : The boy respectfully said that he would attend the classes regularly.

Direct : He said, “Yes, it is my lost bag.”
Indirect : He said in the affirmative that it was his lost bag.

Direct : He said to me, “No, I cannot help you now.”
Indirect : He told me in the negative that he could not help me then.

Direct : He said to me, “Thanks, you have done the job.”
Indirect : He thanked me and said that I had done the job.

Direct : He said to you, “Good morning, how are you?”
Indirect : He wished you good morning and asked how you were.

Direct : He said to me, “Good bye, meet me tomorrow”
Indirect : He bade me good bye and told to meet him the next day.

Direct : He said to me, “By Allah, I will meet you.”
Indirect : Swearing by Allah he said to me that he would meet me.

Direct : Rajib said to me, “Ok, I am going there now.”
Indirect : Rajib agreed with me and said that he was going there then.

Direct : He said to her, “Hello, how are you?”
Indirect : He greeted her and asked how she was.

Direct : He uttered silently, “No one is here now.”
Indirect : He uttered silently that no one was there then.

Rule-06:

যদি কোন বাক্যে কেও কাওকে “friend/father/brother/sister/mother/king/comrades/viewers” বলে সম্বোধন করে কোন কথা বলে তবে পরিবর্তনের সময় একটি ভিনু গঠন অনুসরণ করতে হবে। এখানে গঠনটি দেওয়া হলঃ Addressing+ object+ as+ friend+ subject+ verb.....

Example:



Direct : He said to me, "Friend, give me this book for reading."
 Indirect : Addressing me as friend he told me to give him that book for reading.

Rule-07:

যদি ইনভারটেড কমার (" ") বাইরে কোন শব্দাংশ দেওয়া থাকে তবে পরিবর্তনের সময় সেটি reporting verb এর শুরুতে নিয়ে এসে বসাতে হবে।

See the example:

Direct : He said to me moving beside the car, "I am visiting the historical place."
 Indirect : Moving beside the car, he said to me that he was visiting the historical place.

Rule-08:

যদি ইনভারটেড কমার (" ") ভেতরে কোন ব্যক্তির নাম উল্লেখ থাকে তবে পরিবর্তনের সময় সেই নামটি reporting verb এর মধ্যে object রূপে চলে আসবে।

Example:

Direct : He said, "Where are you going Robin?"
 Indirect : He asked Robin where he (R) was going.

Rule-09:

যদি ইনভারটেড কমার (" ") ভেতরে বাক্যটি assertive বাক্য হয় এবং তার শেষে প্রশ্নবোধক চিহ্ন (?) দেওয়া থাকে তবে পরিবর্তনের সময় প্রথমে "Being surprised" কথাটি লিখবে এবং পরে উক্তিটিকে প্রশ্নবোধক বাক্য পরিবর্তনের নিয়ম অনুযায়ী পরিবর্তন করবে।

Example:

Direct : He said to me, "You know where he lives now?"
 Indirect : Being surprised, he asked me if I knew where he lived then.

Rule-10:

কিছু সময় আমরা কোন কোন উক্তির ক্ষেত্রে কাকে কথাটি বলা হচ্ছে বা কে শুনছে তার নাম পাইনা। সেই ক্ষেত্রে, আমরা শ্রোতার স্থানে "the person spoken to..." বা "me" শব্দ বসাতে পারি।

Example :

Direct : He said, "I will tell you the incident tomorrow."
 Indirect : He said to the person spoken to that he would tell him the incident the next day.
 Or,
 Indirect : He said to me that he would tell him the incident the next day.

Rule-11:

Direct form এ একটি Reported speech কে দুটি ভাগে ভাগ করে মাঝখানে Reporting verb টি বসিয়ে দিলে ও Indirect speech এ খন্ডিত Reported speech কে একসঙ্গে লিখতে হবে।

Example:

Direct : "You look a little bit like my mother," he said to me, "especially in the dark by the fire."
 Indirect : He told me that I looked a little bit like his mother especially in the dark by the fire.

Rule-12:

Sentence এর শুরুতে but থাকলে but বাদ যাবে। কিন্তু but যদি Reported speech এ co-ordinating conjunction রূপে বাক্যের মাঝে ব্যবহৃত হয় তবে but কে রেখেও speech পরিবর্তন করা যায়।

Example:

Direct : The writer said to Jerry, "But you're small."
 Indirect : The writer said to Jerry that he was small.

Rule-13:

Direct speech থেকে Indirect speech -এ কিছু শব্দ নিম্নলিখিতভাবে পরিবর্তিত হয়ে যায়:

Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Here	There	This	That
These	Those	Now	Then
Ago	Before	Tomorrow	The next day
Yesterday	The previous day	Today	That day



Tonight	That night	Come	Go
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Exercise (Ques. Type-4) :

- 1. Change the following passage into indirect speech.**
The patient said to the doctor, 'Last month my blood pressure was too high. Since then I have changed my food habits.' The doctor asked 'How?' 'I'm taking more fruits and vegetables, and very little fat in my diet. I'm having less sugar and salt now'.
- 2. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
"My sons, a great treasure lies hidden in the land there. I am going to leave it as I shall die soon," said the old father. Being curious, the sons said, "How shall we find it?" "You must dig the land for it." said the old man.
- 3. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
"Why don't you attend the classes?" the teacher said to the boy.
"You cannot expect good results unless you attend classes as I tell you." "I am sorry sir, I have offended you," said the boy. "Thank you," said the teacher.
- 4. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
The teacher said to the boy, "Do you think that honesty is the best policy?" The boy said, "Yes, sir, I think so." "Then learn to be honest from your boyhood," said the teacher. "Thank you, sir," said the boy.
- 5. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
"I came here yesterday from my town," Fatema said. "Why did you come here?" I asked, "My mother sent me to you with this letter." "How is your mother?"
- 6. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
"Why were you absent", said the teacher. "The Headteacher is very angry with you. Go to him at once," "I was seriously ill," said Papia.
- 7. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
The old man said, "Can you give me some food? I have been starving for two days." The maid said, "Why do you beg? Can't you work?"
- 8. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
The teacher said to Kamal, "Why are you talking in the class? You should behave yourself." Kamal replied, "Sir, I am sorry. I am asking Jamal to lend me his pen. My pen has run out." The teacher said, "Be attentive and listen to my lecture."
- 9. Change the following passage into indirect speech :**
My friend said to me, "Why are you reading at this hour? It is time for prayer. Let us go out for a walk after saying prayer." "Yes, I agree with you," said I. "I have been suffering from fever for a long time," said the student.
- 10. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (P. N. Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)**
The teacher said to the student, "Have you prepared your lesson today?" "No sir," replied the student. "I was suffering from headache yesterday. I shall do my work tomorrow."
- 11. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)**
Father said to me, "How is your progress for the coming examination?" I said, "Not so bad." "Maintain regularity to achieve your goal," said he. "May Allah help you."
- 12. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)**
The traveller said to the peasant, "Can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?" The peasant said, "Yes, I can. Do you want one in which you can spend the night?" The traveller said, "I don't wish to stay there, but I only want a meal."
- 13. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)**
"Good morning," said the tourist. "Do you have any room vacant?" "Yes sir." "Double or single?" "I want one single," said the tourist. The receptionist said, "We have a single room on the second floor."
- 14. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)**
"My sons, listen to me, A great treasure lies hidden in the land there. I am going to leave it as I shall die soon." "How shall we find it?" said the sons. "You must dig the land for it," said the old man.
- 15. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)**
"Have you heard the name of Aesop?" asked the teacher. "No sir, who was he?" "Read the book attentively and you'll be able to know about him. How interesting and instructive his fables are!" said the teacher.
- 16. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)**
The teacher said, "Nilima, your JSC Exam is knocking at the door. How is your preparation?" "Well, sir. I am confident about my performance in the exam." "Very good. May Allah help you to do well in the exam." "Thank you, sir," said Nilima.
- 17. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)**



The teacher said to the boy, "Do you know that honesty is the best policy?" The boy said, "Yes sir, I think so." "Learn to be honest from your boyhood," said the teacher. "Thank you sir," said the boy.

- 18. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)**
Nabila said to the English teacher, "Sir, I want to improve my English. How can I do that?" "Don't worry. I shall help you," said the teacher. "Thank you, sir," said Nabila. "Give emphasis on all the four skills of language namely listening, speaking, reading and writing," said the teacher.
- 19. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Dhaka Residential Model College, Dhaka)**
Once I asked a sweet little girl, "What is your mother's name?" She replied cleverly, "I know my mother's name but I won't tell you that." I said, "What a clever girl you are!" "I don't tell my mother's name to anybody whom I don't know," she spoke with an air of confidence.
- 20. Rewrite the following passage changing the form of speech. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)**
"Will you buy my hair?" asked Della. "I buy hair," said Madam. "Take your hat off and let's have a sight at the looks of it." "Twenty dollars," said Madam. "Give it to me quickly," said Della.
- 21. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)**
"My dear son, give me a glass of water. I am very thirsty. Perhaps the temperature has gone very high." "Well, let me fetch it for you. Please wait a bit." "May Allah bless you."
- 22. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka; Barisal Cadet College, Barisal; Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College)**
The teacher said to the girl, "Do you think that honesty is the best policy?" The girl said, "Yes, sir, I think so." "Then learn to be honest from your childhood," said the teacher. "Thank you, sir," "May Allah grant you a long life," said the teacher.
- 23. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Monipur High School & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)**
"Have you taken your meal, Tahmid?" said the mother. "Yes, I have taken my meal," replied Tahmid. "Will you eat any fruit? Eat some mangoes," the mother said.
- 24. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)**
"Have you killed the rats?" said the Mayor. "Yes, I have," said the Piper. "Give me the promised money." "How funny!" said the Mayor. "We cannot give you so much money. Take only fifty."
- 25. Rewrite the following passage in the reported speech. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)**
"I have got GPA-5 in the JSC examination," said Tanvir. "Congratulation". "What do you intend to do now?" asked Mamun. "I want to study in a reputed school. I try to get admission in Mirzapur Cadet College", said Tanvir. "Well, you will do better in the long run but it's difficult to do," said Mamun.
- 26. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)**
"Have you finished the book that I gave you last night?" Kamal said to me. "Yes, I have," I replied. "What an interesting book it is! I wish I would borrow the book earlier," I said.
- 27. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)**
Safwat asked his mother, "Are you going to New Market?" "No, but I shall go shopping there after visiting your aunt," answered Mrs Khairul Haq. "Please buy me a new shirt," he pleaded.
- 28. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)**
"Will you come to my house tomorrow?" I asked the boy. "We can discuss terms and conditions then," I said. "I shall be very happy to meet you at your house. Thank you so much," he replied.
- 29. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)**
Kaniz said to her English teacher, "Sir, I want to improve my English. How can I do that?" "Don't worry. I will help you," said the teacher.
- 30. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Jhenidah Cadet College, Jhenidah)**
"Niloy, can you tell me what I am teaching?" the teacher asked. "I am sorry, I can not follow," replied Niloy, "You cannot, because you are not attentive," the teacher
- 31. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)**
Rahim said to Hamid, "How are you? I went to your hostel yesterday, but did not find you. Where did you go?" "I went to the station," said Hamid, "I had to receive my maternal uncle there."
- 32. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)**
"Did people use stamps those days?" asked Rafiq. "Yes!" answered Mr. Jamil. "The first stamps were used in 1840." "Are they easy to get now?" asked Shafiq. "They are very difficult to get." replied his uncle.
- 33. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)**
"Have you offered your prayer today?" I said to my cousin. "No, I have forgotten," he said. "That's bad," I said, "We must pray to the Almighty everyday."
- 34. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Milestone College, Dhaka)**
"Have you killed the rats?" said the Mayor.

"Yes, I have," said the piper. "Give me the promised money." "How funny you are!" said the Mayor. "We cannot give you so much money. Take only fifty."

- 35. Change the form of speech. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) He said to me, "I have already finished my work."
 (b) The teacher said to me, "What do you want?"
 (c) They said to us, "Let us go out for a walk."
 (d) He said to me, "May you have a pleasant journey."
 (e) The man said, "What a cheering report it is!"
- 36. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)**
 "Follow my example," she said as we shook hands, "and never eat more than one thing for luncheon." "I'll do better than that," I retorted, "I'll eat nothing at dinner tonight." "Humorist," she cried gaily, jumping into a cab.
- 37. Change the following sentences into indirect speech. (Motijheel Govt. Girls' High School, Dhaka)**
 (a) He said, "I went to my friend's house to borrow an essential book but he was not at home."
 (b) Ruby said to her mother, "What did you see when you were in the States?"
 (c) The man said, "Friends, please help me."
 (d) Nasima said to Sima, "What a nice gift I have got for you!"
- 38. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka)**
 Zaman said to me, "Have you finished reading the book I gave you yesterday?" "Yes I have finished reading the book," I replied. "What an interesting book it is! I wish I would borrow the book earlier!" I said, "Will you return the book to me today?" he asked.
- 39. Change the form of speech. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)**
 "Good morning," said the tourist. "Have you any room vacant?" "Yes, sir, Double or single?" said the receptionist. "I want one double," said the tourist.
- 40. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka; Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)**
 "What's a puppet show?" Sabu said to his father. Father said, 'Let's go inside and you can see for yourself.' Inside the tent Sabu said, 'How strange! A doll is dancing and talking!' Father said, "A man behind the screen is moving the doll."
- 41. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka; Cantonment Public School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)**
 The passer-by stopped me and said, "Sir, can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?" "Yes, I can," I said. "Go straight about 100 yards and turn left. You will find it." "Thank you sir," he said.
- 42. Change the following sentences into indirect speech. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)**
 "Do you know why you are sent to school?" "For playing with friends, father." "No, you are sent to learn, to read and write." "But I won't read and write." replied Jack sulkily
- 43. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)**
 "Have you ever been to Cox's Bazar?" asked Hasan. "No, I have never gone there," replied Shahadat. "But I have an inclination for visiting the place." "I have an opportunity to visit the sea-beach last year," said Hasan. "How charming the scenery is!"
- 44. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)**
 "I came to Dhaka this morning. I sent you a telegram before starting from home," he said. "Did you receive it in time?" he asked. "No," I replied.
- 45. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)**
 Nadeef said to Rajib, "Can you play chess?" "Yes, I can," said Rajib. "Let's play chess," said Nadeef.
- 46. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)**
 "I never drink anything for luncheon," she said. "Neither do I," I answered promptly. "Except white wine," she proceeded as though I had not spoken. "These French white wines are so light. They are wonderful for the digestion."
- 47. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)**
 "What is the problem with you?" said the doctor. "What a severe pain in my abdomen!" Let me examine you." After examining the patient he said, "You have been suffering from constipation. Take the prescribed medicine for a few days."
- 48. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Tangail)**
 "Ranju, have you done your English lesson today?" asked the teacher. "Yes, sir. I have done it. But I haven't understood some grammatical points," replied Ranju. "Where is the problem?" said the teacher, "let us try again."
- 49. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Bindubasini Govt. Girls' High School, Tangail)**
 The teacher said to the boy, "Do you think that honesty is the best policy?" The boy said, "Yes, sir, I think so," "Then learn to be honest from your boyhood," said the teacher. "Thank you sir," said the boy. "May God grant you a long life," said the teacher to the boy.

- 50. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)**
"My dear son, give me a glass of water. I am very thirsty. Perhaps the temperature has gone very high," said the mother. "Well, let me fetch it for you. Please wait a bit," said the son. "May Allah bless you."
- 51. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)**
"What is the time by your watch?" he said. "It is half past nine," I said. He said, "I want to go to the college. Would you accompany me, please?" "No, I am sorry," replied I.
- 52. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)**
Rina said to me, "Have you finished the book I gave you yesterday?" "Yes, I have finished reading the book," I replied, "What an interesting book it is! I wish I would borrow the book earlier," I said. "Will you return me the book today?" she said.
- 53. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)**
The poor man said to the woman, "Let me have some food." The woman said, "Why do you beg alms? You look strong. Can't you work?"
- 54. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)**
"I never drink anything for luncheon," she said. "Neither do I," I answered promptly. "Except white wine," she proceeded as though I had not spoken. "These French white wines are so light. They are wonderful for the digestion."
- 55. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)**
"I came here yesterday from my village," he said. "Why did you come?" I asked. "My mother sent me to you with this letter." "How is your mother? I have not seen her for a long time. I hope she is quite well."
- 56. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)**
"My sons," said he, "a great treasure is hidden in the estate. I am about to leave you." "Where is it hidden?" said the sons. "I am about to tell you," said the old man, "but you must dig for it."
- 57. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Sathkira)**
"Why did you not go to school yesterday?" said the mother to the girl. "I was ill, mum," the girl replied. "How are you today?" the mother asked again. "Well," said the girl, "Don't worry for me."
- 58. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Sathkira Govt. Girls' High School, Sathkira)**
The traveller said to the peasant, "Can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?" The peasant said, "Yes, I can, Do you want one in which you can spend the night?" The traveller said, "I do not wish to stay there, but I only want a meal."
- 59. Change the narrative style of the following text. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur; Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)**
"Ratan, have you done your English lesson today?" asked the teacher. "Yes, sir, I have done it. But I haven't understood some grammatical points," replied Ratan. "Where is the problem?" said the teacher. "Let us try again."
- 60. Change the narrative style of the following text. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)**
The old man said, "Can you give me some food? I've been starving for three days." The maid said, "why do you beg? Can't you work?"
- 61. Change the narrative style of the following text. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon)**
"Have you ever been to Cox's Bazar?" asked Kamal. "No, I have never been there," replied Hasan. "But I long for visiting the place." "I had an opportunity to visit the sea beach last year," said Kamal.
- 62. Change the narrative style of the following text. (Gaibandha Govt. Girls' High School, Gaibandha)**
"The student said to the teacher, "Sir, may I ask you a question?" "Yes, you may, said the teacher, The student said, "How can I be fluent in English?" Be active," said the teacher.
- 63. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)**
I said to the passer-by, "What are you seeing now?" "I'm seeing the people running here and there." he said. "How happy they are! May God help them. Let me enjoy this." I said.
- 64. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantonment, Jessore)**
"Why are you putting up the food in your pocket, sir? Why don't you eat?" asked the nobleman. "I am doing the right thing. My dress deserves these rich dishes," replied Sheikh Saadi. "What do you mean to say?" said the nobleman.
- 65. Change the following into indirect speech. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls; High School, Mymensingh)**
Mithun said to me, "Have you finished reading the book I gave you yesterday?" "Yes, I have finished reading the book." I replied. "What an interesting book it is! I wish I would borrow the book earlier!" I said.
- 66. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh)**
The class teacher of VIII said to the students, "Do you like to go for study tour?" "Yes," said all the students. Then he said, "Take permission of your parents." One of the students said, "Where will we go, sir?" "It will be decided after a discussion." said the teacher.
- 67. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi; Bogra Govt. Girls' High School)**



"I came here yesterday from my village", he said. "Why did you come?" I asked. "My mother sent me to you with this letter." "How is your mother? I have not seen her for a long time."

68. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)

"Don't you understand what I discuss in the class?" said the teacher. "Yes, sir but we are afraid of reading English. So we are weak in English," replied the students "Read attentively and you will overcome your fear," said the teacher.

69. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)

"My sons, listen to me. A great treasure lies hidden in the land. I am going to leave it to you." "How'll we find it?" said the sons. "You must dig the land for it," said the old man.

70. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)

The boy said to the teacher, "Sir, I shall be much obliged if you kindly lend me the book you praised highly in the classroom yesterday." The teacher said, "I am very glad to know that you are eager to read this book. You are welcome to any of my books that you like."

71. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)

"Why did you not go to school yesterday?" said the mother to the girl. "I was ill, mum," the girl replied. "How are you today?" the mother asked again. "Well," said the girl, "Don't worry for me."

72. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Govt. K. D. High School, Naogaon)

"I came to Dhaka this afternoon. I sent you a message before starting from home." Rakib said, "Did you receive it in time?" "No, I did not receive it," I replied.

73. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)

My father looked at me in anger and said to me, "Where have you been so long and why are you wasting your time?" After a moment, he said, "Will you not appear in the final examination?"

74. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)

"I came to Dhaka this morning. I sent you a message before starting from home", he said. "Did you see it?" he asked. "No", I replied.

75. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)

The Headmaster said to the boy, "Why are you late today? You should attend school in time. Remember, punctuality is essential in every walk of life, I think you will not be late on any other day. Go to your class. I wish your success. May Allah bless you."

76. Change the following narration from direct into indirect. (Amena-Baki Residential Model School & College, Dinajpur)

- (a) They said to us "Let us go out for a walk."
- (b) He said to me "Where do you live"?
- (c) He said "Long live our president".
- (d) He said to me "Alas! I am undone?"
- (e) Teacher said to students "Honesty is the best policy".

77. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)

"Have you done your homework?" mother said to the daughter. "No, I've forgotten." "By doing so, you can't expect to do well in your studies," said the mother.

78. Change the following passage into indirect speech. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)

"Where are you going." said the merchant. "I was coming to see you. What do you want?" "To earn my bread by the labour of my hands."

"Do you really want work?" said the merchant. "Yes, if you any." "Then follow me and carry a box from a shop to my house."