

## Lecture

9

◆ Prefix

◆ Suffix

## Vocabulary [Prefixes &amp; Suffixes]

## PREFIX

নিয়ম	মূল শব্দ	অর্থ	বিপরীত শব্দ	অর্থ
শব্দের পূর্বে dis যোগ করে	Similar	সাদৃশ্য	Dissimilar	বৈসাদৃশ্য
শব্দের আগে de যোগ করে-	Regulate	পরিচালনা করা	Deregulate	পরিত্যাগ করা
শব্দের আগে ill যোগ করে-	Legal	বৈধ	Illegal	অবৈধ
শব্দের আগে in যোগ করে-	Ability	সক্ষমতা	Inability	অক্ষমতা
শব্দের আগে im যোগ করে-	Possible	সম্ভব	Impossible	অসম্ভব
শব্দের আগে un যোগ করে-	Able	যোগ্য	Unable	অযোগ্য
শব্দের আগে mis যোগ করে-	Behave	আচরণ করা	Misbehave	চূড় থাকা/অসদাচরণ
শব্দের আগে ir যোগ করে-	Regular	নিয়মিত	Irregular	অনিয়মিত
শব্দের আগে non যোগ করে-	Violable	লঙ্ঘনীয়	Non violable	অলঙ্ঘনীয়
en prefix যোগ করে verb করা যায়	Able	সক্ষম	Enable	সক্ষম হওয়া
শব্দের পূর্বে be prefix যোগ করে verb করা যায়-	Cloud	মেঘ	Becloud	মেঘাছন্ন করা
em prefix যোগ করে verb করা যায়-	Balm	সুবাসিত	Embalm	সুবাসিত করা

Prefix	Meaning	Examples
A	In, on	Abed (শয্যাশায়ী), abroad (বিদেশ), asleep (ঘুমন্ত), ashore (তীরে), away (দূরে)
A	Off, from	Alight (জ্বলন্ত, আলোকিত, প্রজ্জ্বলিত)
A	From, away	Avert (ব্যহত করা/ফিরিয়ে নেয়া)
A	From, away	Abstain (বিরত থাকা)
An	Without	Anarchy (নৈরাজ্য)
Anti	Against	Antidote (বিষ প্রতিষেধক)
Auto	self	Autobiography (জীবনবৃত্তান্ত)
Bi	Twice	Bicycle (দ্বিচক্রযান), bisect (দ্বিখন্ডিত করা)
By	On the side	By-stander (পাশের ব্যক্তি)
Circum, circu	Around	Circumference (পরিধি), circular (বৃত্তাকার), circuit (প্রদক্ষিণ করা)
De	down	Descend (অবতরণ করা বা নামা)
Dia	through	Diameter (ব্যাস), diagonal (জ্যামিতিতে কর্ণ তীর্যক)
Eco	To environment	Eco-friendly (পরিবেশবান্ধব), ecology, ecosystem (বাস্তুসংস্থান)
Ex	Former	Ex-husband, ex-chairman, ex-vice chancellor
For	Thoroughly	Forgive (মাফ করা), forbare (বৈধধারণ করা), forget (ভুলে যাওয়া)
Fore	before	forecast (পূর্বাভাস দেয়া), forewarn (আগাম সতর্ক করা)
Inter/tro, enter	within, among	Interdine, intercourse, entertain, introduce.
Mis	Wrongly	Mistake, mislead, miscalculate, misfire, misdeed (অপকর্ম)
Mono	single	Monopoly (একচেটিয়া ব্যবসার অধিকার), monarch, monoplane
Ne, non	Not	Negligent (অবহেলাকারী), nonsense (অর্থহীন শব্দ)
Omni	All everything everywhere	Omnipotent (সর্বশক্তিমান), Omniscient (সর্বজ্ঞ)
On	Starting	Onset (আক্রমণ), Onlooker (প্রত্যেক দর্শক)
Out		Outset (শুরু), Outlook (দৃষ্টিভঙ্গি)
Over	Above, beyond	Overstay, overdo, overflow, overhead, overhear, overwork
Peri	Round	Perimeter (সামরিক অবস্থান, বিমানক্ষেত্র), period (সময়সীমা)
Photo	Light	Photoelectric, photosynthesis, photolysis, photosphere.
Post	After	Post-dated, postscript (সর্বশেষ তথ্য), postpone (স্থগিত করা)

Prefix	Meaning	Examples
Pre	Before	Precede(অগ্রগামী হওয়া), prefix, prewar, premarital, prenatal
Up		Upset (বিষন্ন), upstart (বিপর্যস্ত), upshot (পরিণাম)
Vice	In the place of	Viceroy, vice-president, vice-principal, vice-chancellor
With	Against, back,	Withstand (টিকে থাকা), withhold (কোনো কিছু দিতে বা গোপন রাখতে অস্বীকার করা, আটকে রাখা,) withdraw (প্রত্যাহার করা)

**SUFFIX**

নিয়ম	মূল শব্দ	অর্থ	অর্থ	
মূল শব্দের শেষে ly যোগ করে:	Coward	কাপুরুষ	Cowardly	কাপুরুষোচিত
মূল শব্দের শেষে ness যোগ করে:	Happy	সুখী	Happiness	সুখ
মূল শব্দের শেষে less যোগ করে:	Aim	লক্ষ্য	Aimless	লক্ষ্যহীন
মূল শব্দের শেষে ful যোগ করে:	Beauty	সৌন্দর্য	Beautiful	সুন্দর

**Noun থেকে Adjective গঠনের কতিপয় নিয়ম**

নিয়ম	Noun	অর্থ	Adjective	অর্থ
কিছু কিছু Noun এর শেষে t/e/ce/e/c থাকলে শেষের বা উঠে গিয়ে tial/tal যোগ করে Adjective গঠন করা হয়।	Accident	দুর্ঘটনা	Accidental	দুর্ঘটনা সম্পর্কিত
কিছু কিছু Noun এর শেষের অক্ষর পরিবর্তন সাপেক্ষে ful যোগ করে Adjective গঠন করা হয়।	Awe	ভয়	Aweful	ভয়ংকর
কোন কোন Noun এর শেষের ce/cy থাকলে Adjective করার সময় ce/cy এর পরিবর্তে t/nt/ant/ent যোগ করতে হয়।	Aberrance	বিপথে গমন	Aberrant	বিপথগামী
Noun এর সাথে able/ible যোগ করে Adjective গঠন করা যায়।	Answer	উত্তর	Answerable	উত্তরশীল
কিছু সংখ্যক Noun এর সাথে suffix-ian যোগ করে Adjective করা হয়।	Canada	কানাডা	Canadian	কানাডিয়ান
কিছু Noun এর শেষে -ic যোগ করে Adjective করা হয়।	Arab	দেশ বা জাতি	Arabic	আরবি ভাষা
কিছু Noun এর সাথে -ous যোগ করে Adjective করা হয়।	Grief	কষ্ট	Grievous	কষ্টদায়ক
Noun এর সাথে y/ey যোগ করে Adjective করা হয়।	Hand	হাত	Handy	কুশলী

**Adjective থেকে Suffix যোগ করে Noun গঠন**

নিয়ম	Adjective	অর্থ	Noun	অর্থ
Adjective এর শেষের at/ate/et/te থাকলে t বা te এর পরিবর্তে যোগ করে Noun করা হয়।	Bureaucrat	আমলা	Bureaucracy	আমলাতন্ত্র
কোনো কোনো Adjective এর ure/e এর পরিবর্তে ity/ety যোগ করে noun করা হয়।	Mature	পরিপক্ব	maturity	পরিপক্বতা
কিছু কিছু Adjective এর শেষে ar/or থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে ity যোগ করে Noun করা যায়।	Clear	পরিষ্কার	Clarity	পরিচ্ছন্নতা
কোন কোন Adjective এর শেষে el, al, le, il, il, ile থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে ty/ity যোগ করে noun গঠন করা হয়। এক্ষেত্রে adjective এর শেষে ব থাকলে তার জায়গায় র বসে।	Able	সক্ষম	Ability	সক্ষমতা
কোনো কোনো Adjective এর শেষে ous থাকলে ity/ety যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Anxious	উদ্বিগ্ন	Anxiety	উদ্বিগ্নতা
কিছু Adjective এর শেষে th যোগ করে Noun করা হয়।	Broad	প্রশস্ত	Breath	প্রশস্ততা
কোনো কোনো Adjective এর শেষে ness যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Adventurous	দুঃসাহসিক	Adventurousness	দুঃসাহসিকতা
কতগুলো Adjective এর শেষে Hood, dom ইত্যাদি যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Adult	বয়স্ক	Adulthood	বয়োজ্যেষ্ঠতা
এছাড়া বিভিন্ন শব্দের শেষে Suffix ব্যবহার noun করা যায়।	Abridge	সংক্ষিপ্ত	Abridgement	সংক্ষিপ্ততা

**Verb থেকে Noun গঠনের কতিপয় নিয়ম**

নিয়ম	Verb	অর্থ	Noun	অর্থ
কোনো কোনো verb এর শেষে t/e থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে tion যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Affiliate	অন্তর্ভুক্ত করা	Affiliation	অন্তর্ভুক্তি
কোনো কোনো verb এর শেষে de থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে sion/tion যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Allude	উল্লেখ করা	Allusion	উল্লেখ

নিয়ম	Verb	অর্থ	Noun	অর্থ
কোনো কোনো verb এর শেষে d থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে tion/sion যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Attend	মনোযোগ দেয়া	Attention	মনোযোগ
verb এর শেষে eed থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে ese যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Exceed	অতিক্রম করা	Excess	অতিরিক্ত
verb এর শেষে tain থাকলে তার পরিবর্তে tenace বা tention যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Detain	আটক করা	Detention	আটক
verb এর শেষে ume এর পরিবর্তে ption যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Assume	অনুমান করা	Assumption	অনুমান
verb এর শেষে se/ye থাকলে sation যোগ করে noun করা যায়।	Characterize	বৈশিষ্ট্য আরোপ করা	Characterization	বৈশিষ্ট্য আরোপ

## Noun থেকে Verb গঠনের কতিপয় নিয়ম

নিয়ম	Noun	অর্থ	Verb	অর্থ
N/En suffix যোগ করে Verb করা যায়।	Black	কালো	Blacken	কালে রঙ লাগানো
Fy suffix যোগ করে Verb করা যায়।	Air	বাতাস	Aerify	বাতাসের সাথে মিশানো

## Vocabulary

Word	Bangla	Synonyms	Antonyms
Abase	নিজের মান ক্ষুণ্ণ করা	degrade, humiliate	praise, elevate
Abortive	ব্যর্থ, অসফল	vain, futile	effective, fruitful
Abridge	সংক্ষেপ করা	shorten, condense	expand, enlarge
Acme	চূড়া, সর্বোচ্চ স্থান	pinnacle, zenith, apex	nadir, bottom
Adroit	দক্ষ, কুশলী	adept, dexterous	awkward, clumsy
Allure	প্রলুব্ধ করা, মুগ্ধ করা	entice, attract	Repel
Atrocious	নৃশংস, জঘন্য	evil, mischief,	amity, assistance
Barren	অনুর্বর, নিষ্ফল	infertile, impotent	fertile, productive
Bona-fide	খাঁটি, প্রকৃত	genuine, original	bogus, counterfeit
Castigate	প্রহার	punish, chastise	praise, commend
Coalesce	একীভূত বা একত্র হওয়া	unify, unite, combine	separate, divide
Debacle	মহাদুর্যোগ, পতন	disaster, collapse	success, victory
Diminish	হাস করা	reduce, lessen	enlarge, intensify
Elucidate	ব্যাখ্যা করা	explain, enlighten	confuse, obscure
Flimsy	পাতলা	thin, delicate	strong, brawny
Fluctuate	দৌদুল্যমান	hesitate, waver	adhere, persist
Fragile	ভঙ্গুর	frangible, Brittle	Durable
Hypothetical	প্রকল্পিত	imaginary, proposed	actual, real
Incite	প্ররোচিত	provoke, induce	restrain, calm
Indispensable	অপরিহার্য	essential, mandatory	unnecessary, throw
Jeopardy	বিপদ	danger, peril	security, safety
Judicious	জ্ঞানী, বিচক্ষণ	sagacious, sage	rash, foolhardy
Lucid	স্বচ্ছ, নির্মল, পরিষ্কার	easily understood	cloudy, confused
Mitigate	উপশম করা	appease, alleviate	increase, intensify
Nadir	নিম্নতম বিন্দু	lowest point, bottom	apex, zenith, peak
Novice	নবশিক্ষার্থী	learner, tyro	master, skillful
Obsolete	সেকেলে	antiquate, antique	modern, up-to-date
Prodigal	অপব্যয়ী	spendthrift	Temperate
Ratify	ঘটনাত্তোর অনুমোদন দেয়া	approve, endorse	reject, repudiate
Scrutinize	সতর্ক করা	examine critically	neglect, overlook
Tepid	কুসুম কুসুম গরম	lukewarm, warmish	Animated
Valiant	সাহসী	courageous, dauntless	craven, fearful
Zenith	খ্যাতি ও সৌভাগ্যের শীর্ষ বিন্দু	apex, summit	nadir, bottom

## BCS Previous Questions

01. Millennium is a period of \_\_\_\_\_ [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. 100 year                      b. 1000 year                      c. 1 million year                      d. 1 billion year                      Ans.b
02. The synonym of 'altitude' is \_\_\_\_\_ [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. height                      b. width                      c. length                      d. depth                      Ans.a
03. What may be considered courteous in one culture may be arrogant in another. Here the underlined word "arrogant" means \_\_\_\_\_ [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. rude                      b. gracious                      c. coarse                      d. pretentious                      Ans.a
04. "Black Death" is the name of a \_\_\_\_\_ [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. fever                      b. black fever                      c. plague pandemic                      d. death of black people                      Ans.c
05. Antonym for Adieu \_\_\_\_\_ [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
ক. Farewell                      খ. Good Bye                      গ. Hello                      ঘ. Valediction                      Ans.c
06. Put the right word in the blank. [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
"He reached the \_\_\_\_\_ of his literary career."  
ক. abattoir                      খ. acme                      গ. admonish                      ঘ. abdicate                      Ans.b
07. Meteorology is related to \_\_\_\_\_ [45<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
ক. concrete slabs                      খ. motor vehicles                      গ. weather forecasting                      ঘ. motor neurone disease                      Ans. c
08. What is the antonym for the word 'deformation'? [43<sup>rd</sup> BCS]  
(a) distortion                      (b) contortion                      (c) wholeness                      (d) disfigurement                      Ans. c
09. Identify the correct synonym for the word 'magnanimous'. [43<sup>rd</sup> BCS]  
(a) unkind                      (b) generous                      (c) revengeful                      (d) friendly                      Ans. b
10. Words inscribed on a tomb is an- [43<sup>rd</sup> BCS]  
(a) epitome                      (b) epithet                      (c) episode                      (d) epitaph                      Ans. d
11. "Giving someone the cold shoulder" means- [42<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
a. to torture somebody                      b. to harm someone                      c. to appreciate someone                      d. to ignore somebody                      Ans. d
12. "To doctor an animal" means- [42<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
a. to treat                      b. to sterilize                      c. to poison it                      d. to cure it                      Ans. b
13. What is the meaning of musk? [42<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
a. a form of drama                      b. a face cover                      c. a substance used in making perfume                      d. a disguise                      Ans. c
14. Someone who is capricious is — [40<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. easily irritated                      b. wise and willing to cooperate                      c. exceedingly conceited and arrogant                      d. known for sudden changes in attitude or behavior                      Ans. d
15. A man whose wife has died is called a — [41<sup>st</sup> BCS]  
a. widow                      b. widower                      c. spinster                      d. bachelor                      Ans. b
16. The word 'sibling' means —? [40<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. a brother                      b. a sister                      c. a brother or sister                      d. an infant                      Ans. c
17. A speech of too many words is called — [38<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. a big speech                      b. maiden speech                      c. an unimportant speech                      d. A verbose speech                      Ans. d
18. The word 'Panegyric' means? [38<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. Criticism                      b. elaborate praise                      c. curse                      d. high sound                      Ans. b
19. A chard was appended to the report. Here 'appended' means — [37<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. changed                      b. removed                      c. joined                      d. shortened                      Ans. c
20. The new offer of job was alluring. Here 'alluring' means — [37<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. unexpected                      b. tempting                      c. disappointing                      d. ordinary                      Ans. b
21. Which do you think is the nearest in meaning to 'proviso' : [37<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. sanction                      b. substitute                      c. stipulation                      d. directive                      Ans. c
22. The word 'omnivorous' means : [37<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. eating all types of food                      b. eating only fruits                      c. eating only meat                      d. eating grass and plants only                      Ans. a

23. In English grammar, — deals with formation of sentence. [36<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. morphology      b. Etymology      c. Syntax      d. Semantics      Ans. c
24. “It is time to review the protocol on testing nuclear weapons”. Here the underlined word means — [35<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. Record of rules      b. Summary of rules      c. Procedures      d. Problems      Ans. a
25. Societies living in the periphery are always ignored. Here the underlined word means — [35<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. offshore areas      b. marginal areas      c. remote places      d. backward regions      Ans. b
26. The noise level in Dhaka city has increased exponentially. Here the underlined word means — [35<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. amazingly      b. shockingly      c. steadily      d. rapidly      Ans. d
27. The word ‘permissive’ implies — [33<sup>rd</sup> BCS]  
a. humble      b. law-abiding      c. liberal      d. submissive      Ans. c
28. The verb ‘succumb’ means — [33<sup>rd</sup> BCS]  
a. achieve      b. submit      c. win      d. conquer      Ans. b
29. The word ‘officialese’ means — [33<sup>rd</sup> BCS]  
a. plural number of official      b. language used in offices  
c. plural number of office      d. vague expressions      Ans. b
30. What may be considered courteous in one culture may be arrogant in another. [32<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
a. flimsy      b. coarse      c. gracious      d. friendly      Ans. c
31. The sentence ‘who would have thought Shylock was so unkind’ expresses — [32<sup>nd</sup> BCS]  
a. hyperbole      b. interrogation      c. command      d. wonder      Ans. d
32. ‘One day women will have what has so long been denied them — leisure, money and room to themselves’. [31<sup>st</sup> BCS]  
a. Space      b. Liberty      c. Office      d. Capacity      Ans. a
33. Crafty men condemn studies, simple men admire them and wise men use them. [31<sup>st</sup> BCS]  
a. Denounce      b. Laud      c. Compliment      d. Acclaim      Ans. a
34. The word ‘precedence’ means — [28<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. example      b. priority      c. elderly      d. case      Ans. b
35. The word ‘disinterested’ means — [28<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. lack of interest      b. indifferent      c. callous      d. neutral      Ans. d
36. The word bounty is closest in meaning to [27<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. generosity      b. familiar      c. dividing line      d. sympathy      Ans. a
37. ‘Prior to’ means [27<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. after      b. before      c. immediately      d. during the period of      Ans. b
38. ‘Razzmatazz’ means — [24<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. A musical instrument      b. A well-planned programmer  
c. A noisy activity      d. A musical activity      Ans. c
39. Choose the correct meaning [24<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
He raised his eyebrow at my explanation.  
a. show surprise or disapproval      b. show agreement  
c. show happiness      d. show indifference.      Ans. a
40. The expression ‘Lingua franca’ Means — [24<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. The common language      b. The first language  
c. International language      d. The French language      Ans. a
41. ‘Equivocation’ means — [17<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. A true statement      b. Equal opportunity to get a job  
c. Free expression of opinions      d. Two contrary things in the same statement      Ans. d
42. The word ‘imbibe’ means — [16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. to learn      b. to tinge      c. to drink      d. to acquire      Ans. c
43. Intellectual শব্দের বাংলা অর্থ — [16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. বুদ্ধিমান      b. মননশীল      c. বুদ্ধিবৃত্তিক      d. মেধাবী      Ans. c
44. Wisdom শব্দের বাংলা অর্থ- [15<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. জ্ঞান      b. বুদ্ধি      c. মেধা      d. প্রজ্ঞা      Ans. d

45. What is the meaning of the word 'intrepid' [15<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. arrogant                      b. belligerent                      c. questioning                      d. fearless                      Ans. d
46. 'Plebiscite' is a term related to — [15<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. medicine                      b. Technology                      c. Law                      d. Politics                      Ans. d
47. What is the meaning of the word 'scuttle'? [13<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. to tease                      b. abandon                      c. Pile up                      d. gossip                      Ans. b
48. What is the meaning of the word 'stanch'? [13<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. reinforce                      b. be weak                      c. smooth out                      d. very loyal                      Ans. d
49. What is the meaning of the word 'belated'? [13<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. complaining                      b. off hand                      c. weak                      d. tardy                      Ans. d
50. What is the meaning of the word 'sequences'? [13<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. to follow                      b. round up                      c. withdraw                      d. question closely                      Ans. a
51. What is the meaning of the word 'euphemism'? [13<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. vague idea                      b. inoffensive expression                      c. verbal play                      d. wise saying                      Ans. b
52. A formal composition or speech expressing high praise of somebody — [31<sup>st</sup> BCS]  
a. elegy                      b. eulogy                      c. caricature                      d. exaggeration                      Ans. b
53. The word 'Shrug' indicating doubt or indifference is associated with — [31<sup>st</sup> BCS]  
a. Shoulders                      b. Head                      c. Forehead                      d. Eyebrows                      Ans. a
54. A song embodying religious and sacred emotions — [30<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. Lyric                      b. Ode                      c. Hymn                      d. Ballad                      Ans. c
55. Time after twilight and before night — [30<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. Evening                      b. Dawn                      c. Dusk                      d. Eclipse                      Ans. c
56. The people who carry a coffin at a funeral are called — [30<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. undertakers                      b. supporters                      c. pallbearers                      d. mourners                      Ans. c
57. The word 'electorate' means — [28<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. election office                      b. a body of voters                      c. many elections                      d. candidates                      Ans. b
58. A person who writes about his own life writes — [27<sup>th</sup>, 26<sup>th</sup>, 16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. a diary                      b. a biography                      c. an autobiography                      d. a chronicle                      Ans. c
59. The meaning of the word 'obese' is — [27<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. very fat                      b. ugly                      c. tardy                      d. obnoxious                      Ans. a
60. A 'pilgrim' is a person who undertakes a journey to a — [26<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. mosque                      b. A new country                      c. Holy place                      d. Bazar                      Ans. c
61. Misanthropist means — [25<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. One who flirts with ladies                      b. A person of narrow views                      c. A hater of mankind                      d. One who believe that God is in everything                      Ans. c
62. The word 'Euphemism' means — [20<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. stating one thing line another                      b. description of a disagreeable thing by an agreeable name                      c. contrast of words is made in the same sentence                      d. A statement is made emphatic by overstatement.                      Ans. b
63. 'Blockbuster' means — [17<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. A large solid piece of stone                      b. A device to cut off a person's head as a punishment                      c. Something that makes movement difficult                      d. A powerful explosive to demolish buildings                      Ans. d
64. 'Bill of fare' is — [17<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. A chart of bus fare                      b. A price list                      c. A valuable document                      d. A list of dishes at a restaurant                      Ans. d
65. A 'bull market' means, that share prices are — [17<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. Falling                      b. Rising                      c. Moving                      d. Static                      Ans. b
66. 'Blue chips' are — [17<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. Securities issued by the government                      b. Industrial shares considered to be a safe investment                      c. Industrial shares considered to be a risky investment                      d. Flat plastic counters used money tokens                      Ans. b
67. An ordinance is — [16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
a. a book                      b. an arms factory                      c. a news paper journal                      d. a law                      Ans. d

68. **A fantasy is —** [16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
 a. an imagine story      b. a funny film      c. a history record      d. a real-life event      Ans. a
69. **Something that is 'fresh' is something —** [16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
 a. recently printed or published      b. in fairly good condition  
 c. disrespectful      d. pleasant      Ans. b
70. **The word 'homogeneous' means —** [16<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
 a. of the same kind      b. of the same place      c. of the same race      d. of the same density      Ans. a
71. **Something which is obnoxious means that it is —**  
 a. very dangerous      b. very pleasant      c. very ugly      d. very unpleasant      Ans. d
72. **Anything 'Pernicious' tends to injure or destroy. Something which has no such harmful effect is —** [15<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
 a. innocuous      b. innocent      c. immaculate      d. salutary      Ans. a
73. **The word 'plurality' means —** [15<sup>th</sup> BCS]  
 a. The letter S      b. Men and women  
 c. Chaos and confusion      d. The holding of more than one office at a time      Ans. d

## MCQ Episode

01. **What is the antonym of "appoint"?**  
 a) disappoint      b) misappoint      c) promote      d) sack      Ans:d
02. **The antonym of 'different' is -**  
 a) indifferent      b) callous      c) separate      d) similar      Ans:d
03. **What would be the right antonym for "initiative"?**  
 a) apathy      b) enterprise      c) indolence      d) activity      Ans:c
04. **The correct meaning of the word "indigenous" is -**  
 a) native      b) backward      c) insider      d) poor      Ans:a
05. **Choose the antonym of the word 'emancipate'.**  
 a) free      b) incarcerate      c) enclave      d) enslave      Ans:d
06. **The antonym of the word 'offspring' is-**  
 a) children      b) issue      c) ancestor      d) son      Ans:c
07. **Attending meetings is mandatory. The synonym of 'mandatory' is:**  
 a) not necessary      b) necessary      c) optional      d) compulsory      Ans:d
08. **The word 'mandatory' means-**  
 a) preference      b) optional      c) choiceable      d) obligatory      Ans:d
09. **The antonym of 'Dearth' is -**  
 a) life      b) abundance      c) brightness      d) superior      Ans:b
10. **Antonym of 'enormous'**  
 a) tiny      b) soft      c) weak      d) fragile      Ans:a
11. **The synonym of 'nebulous' -**  
 a) uncertain      b) ambiguity      c) obvious      d) comprehensible      Ans:a
12. **What is the antonym of 'Humility'?**  
 a) Modesty      b) Arrogance      c) Foggy      d) Clear      Ans:b
13. **What is the antonym of "antagonist"?**  
 a) Artist      b) Percussionist      c) Protagonist      d) Dentist      Ans:c
14. **The meaning of the word "obese" is -**  
 a) veryfat      b) ugly      c) tardy      d) obnoxious      Ans:a
15. **Antonym of 'Inimical' is-**  
 a) Hostile      b) Friendly      c) Indifferent      d) Angry      Ans:b
16. **What is the antonym of "Queer"?**  
 a) Integrated      b) Orderly      c) Abnormal      d) Odd      Ans:b
17. **What is the antonym of "equivocal"?**  
 a) mistaken      b) azure      c) quiet      d) clear      Ans:d
18. **The antonym of 'vague'?**  
 a) imperfect      b) well defined      c) expressive      d) distinct      Ans:b

## Home Work

01. The word 'Panegyric' means  
a) Criticism      b) elaborate praise      c) curse      d) high sound      Ans:b
02. The synonym of 'energetic' is-  
a) Sprightly      b) Hasty      c) Humble      d) Extreme      Ans:a
03. The synonym of 'intrepid' is  
a) coward      b) indifferent      c) arrogant      d) fearless      Ans:d
04. What is the synonym of the word 'intimidate'?  
a) conflate      b) frighten      c) integrate      d) disintegrate      Ans: b
05. A synonym of the word 'calculate' is-  
a) conjecture      b) surmise      c) assess      d) suppose      Ans: c
06. Which word is closest in meaning to 'abettor'?  
a) encourager      b) gambler      c) accomplice      d) aggressive      Ans: c
07. Identify the word that can be used as both singular and plural  
a) Wood      b) issue      c) fish      d) light      Ans: c
08. Find out the correct passive form of the sentence 'who taught you French?'  
a) By whom you were taught French?      b) By whom French was taught you?  
c) French was taught you by whom?      d) By whom were you taught French?      Ans: d
09. 'The old man was tired of walking.' Here 'walking' is/an-  
a. Present participle      b. adjective      c. common noun      d. gerund      Ans: d
10. which one is a correct sentence?  
a. The doctor found my pulse.      b. The doctor took my pulse.  
c. The doctor examined my pulse.      d. The doctor saw my pulse.      Ans: b
11. 'I will not let you go.' In this sentence 'go' is a/an-  
a. infinitive      b. gerund      c. participle      d. verbal noun      Ans: a
12. When Ushashi entered \_ the room everybody stoppe talking.  
a. into      b. in      c. to      d. no preposition required      Ans: d
13. The play 'The Birthday party' is written by-  
a. Samuel Beckett      b. Henry Livings      c. Harold Pinter      d. Arthur Miller      Ans : c
14. Who is the author of the first scientific romance 'The Time Machine'?  
a. H.G. Wells      b. Samuel Butler      c. Henry James      d. George Moore      Ans : a
15. 'Call me if you have any problems regarding your work Here 'regarding' is a/an-  
a. gerund      b. apposition      c. preposition      d. conjunction      Ans : c
16. 'Come on, it's time to go home. 'Here 'home' is a/an-  
a. noun      b. verb      c. adjective      d. adverb      Ans : d
17. 'Huffing and puffing, we arrived at the classroom door with only seven seconds to spare.' In this sentence the verb 'arribed' is-  
a. intransitive      b. transe      c. causative      d. defective      Ans : a